Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, MAY 5, 1868. NUMBER 106.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The High Court of Impeachment—Closing Argument by Manager Bingham—House Proceedings.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, May 4, 1868.

SENATE.

After the reading of the journal, Mr. BINGHAM commenced the final argument for the prosecution. Protesting that he took part in these proceedings from no partizan feelings, but with a weighty sense of their solemnity and true meaning, he proceeded to state the events attending on the assassination of President Lincoln and the accession of A. Johnson to the Presidency. Referring to his oath to execute the laws, he spoke of their majestic supremacy in our form of government, and claimed that the President was equally subject to their authority with the humblest frontier settler. He dwelt on the high trust committed to the Senate and asserted that the issues of life and death to the Republic hung on their decision. He asked how the charge of violation of the supreme law was met by the counsel who, for hire, defend the treason of the criminal respondent. It was by the outrageous assertion that each branch of the Government had the right to judge of the constitutionality of the laws and obey them or not at pleasure. This was the defence.

Mr. Bingham held that the Senate, by upholding this proposition, would lay the foundation for a monarchy first, and anarchy next—a reign of chaotic darkness. On this issue, which, in spite of lawyers' tricks and special pleas, was the real question involved, their decision must stand for trial by the people. He repeated the question was whether the President could be held to answer for a violation of a law. He held

First—That the Senate had the sole power to decide every question of law or of fact arising. They were also the final arbiters, and the frequent attempts of coupsel to bring the Senate and Courts in opposition were miserable devices to divert attention. He would not imitate the eloquent counsel, (Mr. Evarts) who had shown himself an eater up of syllables, a snapper-up of trifles, who had displayed more Latin than law, more rhetoric than logic, and more intellectual pyrotechnics than either. He also referred to the length of Mr. Evarts speech by saying that he tried to render it immortal by making it eternal. Mr. Bingham held simply that the Senate was the Supreme and final judicial tribunal of the United States. So to the argument which had been made at such interminable length, that the Supreme Court was the Court of the last resort for the decision of constitutional questions, he held that it had no more to do with the present question than the Court of St. Petersburg, and that the judgments of this tribunal could not be affected by the decisions of the Supreme Court made before or after the impeachment trial. He argued that the original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court did not extend to impeachments, and that their references to its decisions were irrelevant and their arguments on this point without colorable excuse.

He then considered the proposition advanced by the counsel that the heads of Departments were merely the registering Secretaries of the President, bound to do his will. Reading from the decisions of the Supreme Court, in the case quoted by Mr. Evarts, he claimed that it was therein plainly laid down that such officers were bound by law, and not by the President's will. He also claimed that the other position—assumed by all of the President's counsel—that he could sit in judgment on the validity of laws, was overthrown by the decisions of the same tribunal thirty years ago, which decisions had never been questioned; he proceeded to read extracts from them. He further asserted that the ex-Attorney-General was wholly inexcusable in attempting to force into this trial, as an authority, a decision of the present presiding officer in the Mississippi case, and argued that it had no relevancy whatever to the question in dispute. He claimed then that it was proved that we could not allow to the President the discretion as to which law he would obey without interpolating words into the Constitution. He referred to the act of Washington in suppressing the whisky insurrection, and that of Jackson in crushing out nullification, as instances in which obnoxious laws were executed by presidents who entertained grave doubts as to their constitutionality. He also spoke of the acquiescence of the American people in the unconstitutional and iniquitous Fugitive Slave Law, until its abrogation, and in this connection, dwelt at length on the subject of slavery with its various characteristics.

He spoke of the counsel's reference to President Lincoln; that he had violated the laws of his country and furnished many precedents for President Johnson's crimes, which were many, as bold, calumniating slanders on his memory. The suspension of the habeas corpus was not made by him, but by the civil war which rendered it necessary. In regard to the passage of the Indemnity act, he said the purpose of Congress in such legislation was to furnish authority to the Courts to dismiss cases brought against the President's agents for what they had done in pursuance of the Constitution. If their acts had been unwarranted, indemnity laws would have been of no avail.

Senate took a recess.

On reassembling Mr. Bingham resumed and referred to the argument of Mr. Evarts, based on the successful resistance to the brokers' tax-law in New York, as an insult to the Senate, and said that one capable of making it was not fit to argue a grave constitutional question. He then discussed the constitutional provisions relative to the passage of bills over a veto and maintaining that every one who has learned to read plainly settles the question whether or not the President broke a law. Referring to a citation by Mr. Nelson, he contended that it had no bearing on the case, and besides, the author (Jefferson) was not authoritative in regard to the Constitution, which he did not help to frame. Reading a list of all powers granted to the President by the Constitution, he called attention to the fact that no power of suspending laws until their validity was tested in anywhere given him, and held that such a claim of both Legislative and Executive functions was in contravention of the express terms of the instrument. He insisted the claim involved also an assumption of judicial powers, and characterized the entire proposition as too absurd to be submitted to children. By the exercise of this assumed power the President could suspend legislation of all kinds. He could prevent the creation of judicial districts, the erection of States, and election of Representatives, and the enactment of revenue laws, and in short, he could destroy the framework of our Constitutional Government. Whether he shall be allowed to do this is the question now to be determined. For a righteous decision the prayers of millions now ascend. As to what crime can be considered impeachable, he said all offences under the common law are indictable in the District of Columbia, and the same class are also impeachable. If this proposition were not self-evident, he need not argue it, for as to the offenses specified in the articles he held no one can deny that an open violation of law by the President was an impeachable crime who was not destitute of duty. He said the defense of the President, as exhibited in his answer, rests on the assumption that he possesses the right to resist and bring to judicial decision any law which he supposes to trench on his constitutional prerogatives. This assumption could be made a pretended excuse for refusing to execute any law whatever. Referring to the position assumed on this question by Mr. Evarts he read from a pamphlet written by Mr. Curtis, in 1862, the expression of a contrary view, which he commended as good law. He asserted that no man who did not admit the assumption that the President possessed judicial as well as executive power, could deny his written orders, could show clearly his violation of law, and proved him worthy of conviction. Mr. Bingham then cited legal authorities to show that the averment and proof of evil intent are not necessary in proceedings against any class of persons except judicial officers, and in their case alone can ignorance of law be admitted as an excuse. With regard to the defence that the President suspended Mr. Stanton under the Constitution, and supplied the vacancy under the law of 1797, he claimed the President's answer showed a violation of the law, for he claimed that limited the tenure of such appointments to six months, and the President appointed General Thomas for an indefinite period. He then spoke of the argument that a President is bound to intervene to protect the people from unconstitutional laws, and said it was a fallacious position. The people are guardians of their own honors, and Congress is responsible only to them.

At this point Mr. Bingham yielded to a motion to adjourn.

The Court and Senate adjourned accordingly at three o'clock and fifty minutes.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. WINDOM rose to a question of privilege, which was understood to be a resolution censuring Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, for writing a letter to Mr. Folsom, abusive of his colleague, Mr. Donnelly.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Ill., asked leave to offer a resolution.

The SPEAKER said the gentlemen would postpone the offering of the resolutions until the return from the Senate.

The members then proceeded to the Senate.

After the members returned from the Senate, Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois offered a resolution, which was adopted, that the Secretary of the Treasury inform the House what judgments of the Court of Claims had been paid, the amount of each, in whose favor, &c.

Mr. BEAMAN asked leave to introduce a bill to admit the State of Georgia,

Mr. ELDRIDGE objecting, gave notice of a motion to suspend the rules for that purpose.

Mr. WINDOM said that at the request of his colleague he had decided to modify his resolution of censure growing out of the letter of Mr. Washburne in relation to his colleague, of which he gave notice Saturday, to one of enquiry. He thought the resolution of censure would not reach the case, for the reason that one of the two gentlemen should be expelled.

Mr. ELDRIDGE objecting to debate,

Mr. WINDOM submitted his proposition. The preamble recites the facts relative to the publication of the obnoxious letter in the St. Paul press, the repetition of the charges of bribery and corruption, and of being a fugitive from justice in the House on Saturday, reciting Mr. Washburne's language, and therefore

Resolved, That a Select Committee of seven members be appointed to investigate the truth or falsehood of the charges made, with power to send for persons and papers, with leave to report to the House at any time.

The Speaker ruled that this was a question of privilege. If there was no objection it could be received as a question of privilege.

The Chair caused the sixty-first rule to be read, in substance placing the responsibility on the members who fail to call a member to order after the Speaker has notified him his language is unparliamentary.

Mr. SPALDING offered a substitute for Mr. Windom's resolution, which he read for information, saying he submitted it with the best feelings towards both gentlemen.

The preamble and substitute declares: *Whereas*, The debate on Saturday is filled with invective of so low and gross a nature as to be highly prejudicial to this body for dignity and decorum, declares the House itself in fault for not checking the debate, as the Speaker repeatedly intervened, and concludes with a resolution that no part of that debate be published in the *Globe*.

Mr. WINDOM declined to accept the substitute and repeated his reason for changing his resolution to one of investigation was, because it was evident that one or the other of the gentlemen was not entitled to sit on that floor and should be expelled. He disavowed anything personal in the movement, further than he thought the House should investigate the matter, and asked to be excused from serving as chairman of the Committee, as he was from the same State as Mr. Donnelly. He yielded the floor to Mr. DONNELLY, who said he had requested his colleague to offer the resolution for an investigation into the truth or falsity of the charges of the gentleman from Illinois. He believed he could demonstrate that there was not a word of truth in any of the charges. He challenged investigation into his whole life and character, and wanted it to go to the country, that if he was placed in the position of the defendant here, it was at his own request. He apologized to the House for his unparliamentary language on Saturday, excusing it on the ground of provocation received. He had not attacked the private character of Mr. Washburne, but only his public character and personal characteristics as manifested on this floor. If the charges were not sustained by the gentleman before the Committee, he should ask that the full measure of the law be applied to him by that Committee.

Mr. SPAULDING regretted he was not present on Saturday, as he thought he could have moderated the tone of the debate. He thought it would have been better if Mr. Donnelly had asked for an investigating committee, instead of making a speech. The letter of Mr. Washburne was a very hard one, as full of billingsgate and abuse as the fish market. Mr. Donnelly called him to order for unparliamentary language. [Laughter.]

SPEAKER—If the gentleman from Minnesota desires, the words will be taken down.

Mr. SPAULDING, joining in the general good nature, said, "take them down, sir!" [Renewed laughter.]

Mr. DONNELLY withdrew his request and Mr. ELDRIDGE renewed the demand, but the Speaker said it was too late.

Mr. DONNELLY said Mr. Spaulding had misconstrued his motives. He did not desire vengeance. If Mr. Washburne would rise and retract his statements before the country, his request would go no further.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, said he did not propose to make a lengthy speech. He tried to observe the rules of the House and not get into personal quarrels or collisions with members, although he acknowledged he was of an impulsive disposition. If he had offended the rules on Saturday, he asked pardon of the House. He was glad the matter was to become the subject of severe judicial investigation.

Mr. ROBINSON asked leave to offer a preamble and resolution reciting the language used by members of the House, and confessing their sins they lay the subject on the table.

Leave was refused.

Under the operation of the previous question Mr. Windom's resolution for an investigating committee was agreed to.

Mr. SPAULDING again offered his resolution for the suppression of the publication of the debate in the *Globe*.

The SPEAKER ruled it was a question of privilege.

Mr. DAWES said it was due to the House, and he would ask Mr. Donnelly to rise and ask to have expunged that portion of speech, "supposing that God, in a moment of enthusiasm, should take Mr. Washburne to his bosom and leave this wretched nation staggering on in darkness to its ruin."

Mr. DONNELY said there was in the extract no charge of crime affecting the personal character of the gentleman from Illinois. He had done the gentleman infinite honor in transporting him to heaven.

Mr. DAWES read the portion of Mr. Donnelly's speech which spoke of Mr. Washburne as a low, sordid, vulgar soul, &c.

Mr. DONNELLY replied he had been properly called to order by the Speaker for that, and apologized therefor. He would suppress it from the *Globe*, and any pamphlet he might publish.

Mr. ROSS rose to a question of order. If the gentleman from Minnesota had transported his colleague to the regions of eternal bliss, he objected to his taking him down.

Mr. DAWES said the statement of the gentleman from Minnesota fully answered his purpose, and he would now himself vote against the resolution.

Mr. WASHBURNE—As the gentleman from Minnesota has withdrawn the offensive portions of his speech, he withdrew what he had said in reply.

Mr. SPAULDING asked leave to withdraw his resolution.

Mr. DONNELLY ironically proposed the House imitate the illustrious example of the Secretary of War and Gen. Thomas, and go out and take a drink. [Amid general laughter the House adjourned.]

The Speaker will appoint the Committee of Investigation called for by Mr. Windom's resolution to-morrow.

METHODISM.

Quadrennial General Conference of the M. E. Church.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 4.—After the usual preliminary devotional exercises, conducted by Rev. R. Nelson, of the Wyoming Conference, the organization of the standing Committee was announced, as follows:

Episcopacy.—J. N. Trimble, D. D., Chairman; J. W. Lindsey, D. D., Secretary.

Itinerancy.—James T. Peck, D.D., Chairman; S. H. Nesbitt, D. D., Secretary; Rev. J. C. Reed, Engrossing Clerk.

Boundaries.—Rev. H. C. Benson, Chairman; Rev. S. C. Brown, Secretary.

Book Concern.—J. W. Wiley, D. D., Chairman; I. C. Pershing, D. D., Secretary; Prof. W. G. Williams, Assistant Secretary.

Education.—J. McClintock, D. D., Chairman; J. W. Locke, D. D., Secretary.

Revivals.—D. F. Crary, D. D., Chairman; R. Nelson, D. D., Secretary.

Sunday School and Tracts.—Rev. D. Wise, D. D., Chairman; Rev. B. H. J. Fry, Secretary.

Lay Representation.—E. O. Haven, D. D., Chairman; Rev. J. L. Eaton, Secretary; Rev. B. J. Jones, Assistant Secretary.

State of the Church.—L. D. Barrows, D. D., Chairman; Rev. W. D. Godman, Secretary.

Church Extension.—J. M. Reid, D. D., Chairman; A. J. Kynett, D. D., Secretary; Rev. R. H. Pattison, Assistant Secretary.

On the Freedmen.—Rev. Bowman, D. D., Chairman; J. M. Walden, Secretary; Rev. D. P. P. Mitchell, Assistant Secretary.

The order of business was then taken up, being the presentations of petitions, memorials and appeals.

Rev. Dr. Bingham, of the Black River Conference, presented an appeal, which was referred to the Committee on Episcopacy.

Rev. J. W. Ross, of California, presented a memorial, which was referred to the Committee on Itinerancy.

Rev. Dr. Nast, of the Central German Conference, presented a memorial which was appropriately referred.

Rev. Mr. Ritchie, of Central Illinois, presented three memorials in favor of lay delegation and two against it, which were referred to the Committee on that subject.

Rev. Dr. Hunter, of Central Illinois, presented a large number of petitions in favor of lay representation. Referred.

Professor Williams, of Central Ohio, presented the Appeal of Charles Ferris. Referred.

BOSTON.

German Turners Convention—Fatal Accident—Attempt to Kill a Seducer.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, May 4.—The biennial Convention of German Turners commenced to-day. About fifty delegates were present. Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Kansas were represented. The officers are Frans Lockner, of Chicago, President; Chas. Koenig, of Indianapolis, Vice President, and Henry Kuhn, of Washington, Secretary. The report of the Central Committee show the whole number of Associations in the country, including the Pacific Coast, as 180, with 12,000 members.

The Committee on School Books recommended, in order to insure a more wide spread circulation of the books of the Bund, that the Central Committee prepare a circular setting forth their merits, which will be forwarded to all religious societies of liberal and tolerant ideas. The recommendation was adopted.

To-morrow evening there will be a gymnastic exhibition and ball at Turner's Hall.

Miss Mary Morris and Mrs. Ferguson, middle-aged women, were crushed between a runaway team and horse car on Tremont street to-day, and so badly injured that they will probably die.

A young woman named Margery McKay, living in South Boston, attempted to murder her seducer, named Donovan, with a pistol, on the steps of the Old South Church, last evening. He was but slightly injured. She was arrested.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

Interesting from Great Britain—Parliament vs. the Ministry—The Queen Refuses to Accept the Premier's Resignation—Speeches in the House of Commons.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

INTERESTING SCENE IN PARLIAMENT—D'ISRAELI EULOGIZES THE TORY MINISTRY.

LONDON, May 4—*Midnight*.—There was a very full house at the opening of the session of the House of Commons to-night. The Prince of Wales and Prince Christian, of Schleswig Holstein, were among the distinguished visitors present. Great interest was manifested in the proceedings, and much excitement apparent among the members.

The Premier and Mr. Gladstone were loudly cheered as they entered and took their seats.

After some unimportant business, D'Israeli rose and was greeted with cheers from the Ministerial benches. He reviewed the course of the Tory administration, which, at its outset, was without a majority of supporters in the House, and spoke of its uniform success, so entire, indeed, that even its opponents acknowledge it, and on two occasions, when Lord Derby expressed a wish to resign, had urged him to remain in office. Financially, its record was faultless. In foreign affairs Lord Stanley had raised the prestige of the nation vastly, preserving peace, not merely with the continent, but with the great Republic in the west and in Ireland. The Ministry had triumphed at every point, while at the same time conciliating the people. While in Abyssinia a great deed of arms and for humanity had done credit, not only to the officers and soldiers engaged, but also to the Ministry who planned it. On Thursday last, on a vote upon the first of a series of resolutions, the Ministry encountered a new question, which threatened confusion to Ireland and ultimately the overthrow of the English Churches, the effect of which would be an absorption of all the sects in the Church of Rome. To this measure he could not assent, and he had asked of the House time, to advise with the Queen on the new attitude of affairs. Her Majesty had heard his statement, and had not only declined his tendered resignation, but had urged him not to dissolve Parliament in the present anomalous circumstances, until an appeal could be made to the new constituencies, and this he hoped to do with the aid of the House. He deprecated the urgency with which Mr. Gladstone had pressed the resolves, and hoped that a suspension of the orders of the day be not pressed now, as he was ready to give to some other Government the right to carry on the discussion, if debate there must be.

Mr. Gladstone said the Premier's praise of the Tories was not only in bad taste, but untrue, especially the portion respecting finance. Lord Derby, he remarks, was not asked to stay in office in 1859. Mr. Gladstone doubted whether the eulogium passed by the Premier was a challenge to the opposition or a sop to the Tories to pursuade them to remain in office. He laughed at the cry of danger to the established Church of England, and that of the Church of Rome, absorbing all other sects. It is unprecedented that a Ministry, which had been beaten by sixty-five majority, should talk of dissolving Parliament. It might be right to elect a new Parliament to settle the question of the Irish Church, but its first duty when chosen would be to settle the Ministry itself. The Premier's course was unconstitutional. The House was hostile to the Ministry, and yet he wanted to govern the country till the fall. Meantime the fate of Ireland and other great questions would remain in suspense. The duty of the Liberals was clearly to follow up the resolve with a suspensiary bill, thus clearing the way of the new Parliament. They had no bargains to make. The Premier had said nothing would change the purpose of the Ministry. He (Mr. Gladstone) would therefore move a suspension of the orders to-night, if Ministers would allow the earliest possible day for the consideration of the resolves. If they passed the House a bill should follow suspending appointments in the Irish Church. The next step thereafter would be for the Ministry to

Mr. Robert Law said, after the Ministers had ratified the bill of the House, they had the audacity to ask for the control, for months to come, of the Government. Such a course was unconstitutional. It was absurd for an executive and a legislative body, distrusting each other, to maintain a sham of harmony until next year.

Mr. John Bright said the Premier's statement would amaze the country, He asked the House to reverse the usage of the Constitution, that he might keep an office got by acts the most worthy, and held by the adopting of dogmas he had bitterly denounced. Mr. Bright showed the inconsistencies of the Tories, noted the variations of opinions among the members of the Cabinet, and said an adverse vote was no disgrace to a Ministry; but to hold office after such a yote! There was no reason why the constitutional practice should be dispensed with in favor of Mr. D'Israeli, who knew well enough no Irish or Scotch reform bill, not of a nature to suit the Irish and Scotch Liberals, could pass the House. Reform the Irish Church, and Ireland will be at peace. These things are for a Ministry in accord with the House. D'Israeli said the Liberals had a right to pass a vote of want of confidence, and asked why they had not done so. He then fixed the 7th of May for the debate on the Irish Church question.

The House in Committee then took up the budget and considered the resolution to make the income tax six pence on the pound sterling.

In the House of Lords a statement was made by the Ministry of a similar tenor to that in the Commons.

LONDON, May 4—*Evening*.—Consols 93⅞; 7-20s, 40½; Erie, 40½; Illinois Central, 95½.

FRANKFORT, May 4.—*Evening*,—Bonds, 75⅝.

PARIS, May 4.—Bourse firmer. Rents, 99f, 12c.

ANTWERP, May 4.—*Evening*.—Petroleum advanced 1 franc; sales at 45 francs.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, May 4.—Hon. Geo. Bancroft, Minister from the United States to the North German Confederation, is about to proceed to Bavaria to submit his credentials to the government of that country. The commercial treaty recently made with Spain, has been ratified by the North German Diet.

ST. LOUIS!

Railroad Legislation and What it Costs—Interesting Equity Case—Board of Trade Meeting.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—In the United States Court to-day a bill in equity was filed by Henry F. Vail, Solon Humphreys and Jas. Corbett, of New York, and James Lamb, of Springfield, Illinois, against the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company and its officers for an injunction to prevent the payment of about one hundred and thirty-four thousand dollars due to certain parties for services in procuring the passage by the Legislature of the bill under which the Company now holds the road. The bill, although instituted by Erie parties, is really brought by Hudson E. Bridge, a Director of the Railroad Company, who charges the Board with using corrupt means to obtain legislation. A report of a Committee, consisting of Henry L. Patterson, D. R. Garrison and Geo. R. Taylor, was appointed by the Board of Directors to obtain legislation with a view to purchasing the State lien on the road, is also published, and gives a general account of their operations. The resolution under which they acted gave them unlimited powers, and they acknowledge they employed various persons to assist them, and resorted to the usual modes and practices in like cases. They say, "It was terribly costly for an ordinary job, but as we were going for millions, and every million off counted well, we determined after consultation with decreet friends not to fail leaving the morality of such proceedings to those who have inaugurated the system and divided the gains." They further say the bill was obtained at a cost of $57,315 already paid, and $134,865 to be paid—the latter amount being the sum the petitioners for the injunction desire to restrain the company from paying. The case was postponed for a few days by the common consent of Court and counsel. It is expected the case will develope some strange proceedings.

At a meeting of the Board of Trade to-night it was decided to invite the Wisconsin and Minnesota editors to visit St. Louis during their pleasure trip in the latter part of June. Hon. Henry T. Blow, Capt. Jas. B. Eads and J. B. S. Lemoine were appointed delegates to represent the St. Louis Board of Trade at a meeting to be held at Philadelphia, June 3d, to organize a National Board of Trade. A committee, to whom the matter had been referred by a previous meeting, reported in favor of re-opening Bayou Monchac and submitted a memorial to Congress, which was unanimously adopted, setting forth the advantages to western interests generally of such a work, and asking that body to order a survey and make the necessary appropriation to complete the work. Bayou Monchac many years ago put out from the Mississippi river a few miles below Baton Rouge, running into Amite river, thence into Lake Pontchartrain, with a channel depth sufficient to float a large man-of-war. The bayou was stopped by General Jackson in 1812, to prevent the British from flanking New Orleans, since when it has been closed. By re-opening it it is claimed that ordinary steamers navigating any of the western rivers can proceed direct to Mobile, many of them reach the interior of Alabama, and the trade of Central and Northern Alabama, and even South Carolina, be commanded by the northwest. It is also claimed grain can be laid down in New York by this route connecting with vessels at Mobile, which has one of the best and safest harbors on the gulf, with plenty of water at all times, in fifteen to twenty days at cost, at fifteen to twenty cents per bushel, and in Liverpool in twenty-five to thirty days, for twenty-five to thirty cents per bushel. Much interesting information is set forth in the report and memorial, which will be published and sent to Congress at once.

The Board also took preliminary action in regard to the establishment of the agency in New York to arrange for cheaper freights to St. Louis by railroad.

South Carolina Election—Result Officially Announced.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, May 4.—Gen. Canby has issued an order announcing the result of the election, the names of the new State officers, members of the Legislature and Congress, and providing for a meeting of the next Legislature on the 12th inst. The order also provides that laborers discharged for voting contrary to the wishes of their employer shall be maintained as objects of public charity by the levy of additional poor taxes.

Murder at Toledo, Ohio.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, May 4.—A man named Michael Sharp, supposed to be from Middlebury or Hyannis, Mass., was murdered Sunday night in East Toledo. The body was identified by Michael Harrington, who is held as a witness in the case, no definite clue to the murderer having yet been obtained.

Five Persons Burned to Death.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BINGHAMPTON, May 4.—A girl of sixteen and four small children of Patrick Laughlin were burnt to death by a fire which consumed his shanty, at Great Bend, Pa., last night. Laughlin was away. The girl saved two children, and returning for the others was suffocated.

The Code Duello.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, May 4.—A duel was fought four miles from this city yesterday between parties from Washington, an attache of the Prussian Legation and an American General. One shot was interchanged, when the affair was amicably adjusted. Neither were hurt.

—The annual meeting of the Presbyterian Board of Missions was held in New York on Sunday evening. The annual report shows that the Board has seventy-nine foreign missionaries, four missionary physicians, twenty-one ordained, native and licential preachers and assistant missionaries from this country, besides the wives of missionaries, and one hundred and eighty-four native helpers, or in all, a force of three hundred and seventy. The receipts of the board have been $285,308. The expenditures with the debt of last year of $35,472, have been $312,828, leaving a balance against the treasury of $27,520.

—August Belmont, the Chairman, has written to the Congressional Democratic Executive Committee, announcing that it would be impossible to get the National Executive Committee together in time to change the day for assembling the National Democratic Convention, and the place originally designated, on the Fourth of July at New York, will, therefore, have to continue.

—The Germans of New York city and vicinity have organized a Schutzenfest for June next. The organization was completed by the election of Theodore Steinway as President, a list of Vice Presidents and Secretaries and the adoption of resolutions favoring the project. General Siegel and others addressed the meeting.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—The Ohio Legislature will probably adjourn next Wednesday.

—The North German steamer Smidt, from Bremen April 4th, arrived yesterday at New York.

—Arrangements have been concluded for laying cables between Cuba, Jamaica and Aspinwall.

—The laborers at Prospect Park, Brooklyn, numbering 1,200, have struck for higher wages.

—Miss Mary Sterling, another of the Erie Railroad victims, died at Port Jervis, New York, on Sunday.

—Hon. Isaac Teller, Cex-ongressman, died suddenly on the 30th, while riding in a buggy in Mattedank, N. Y.

—The duel at Baltimore yesterday was between Count De Lotum and Gen. A. G. Lawrence, of Rhode Island. Both fired in the air.

—Mr. Stanbery called at the Executive Mansion this morning, and subsequently visited Secretary McCulloch. He is still very feeble.

—The Atlantic Base Ball Ball Club, of New York, made their first appearance for the season yesterday, beating an excellent field nine. Score—30 to 12.

—T. Zumbush's jewelry store, at Indianapolis, was robbed Sunday night of goods amounting to over two thousand dollars, including seventy watches.

—Dr. Nephygi, the Hungarian, who was arrested at New York on a charge of forgery, has been discharged from custody, as he says, against his will, without trial.

—The Menhaden oil works in Bristol, Me., owned by Brightman & Sons, of New Bedford, were burned a few nights since by a masked mob of fishermen. Loss $10,000.

—Gardiner, a baker, has been arrested in Patchenelli, N. Y., charged with stabbing his wife, and a Mr. Willett, who is supposed to have been on too intimate terms with her.

—A crazy woman, named Ann Joyce, was shot and fatally wounded on Sunday night, in Memphis, by A. Montague, who, hearing her at the back door of his house, mistook her for a burglar.

—Patrick Reilly was arrested in New York yesterday on a charge of setting fire to a dwelling in Laugerties, while all the family were asleep. Some barely escaped being burnt to death.

—For the week ending on the 5th inst. three hundred and seventy patents have been granted from the U. S. Patent Office, three hundred and sixty applied for, and sixty-two caveats entered.

—Wm. Brophy, charged with the murder of his sister-in-law, at Philadelphia, has been found guilty of murder in the second degree and sentenced to ten years at hard labor in the Penitentiary.

—It is generally believed Gov. Wells will receive the Republican nomination for Governor of Georgia. B. Johnson Barbour, Col. Withers and John S. Willson are spoken of for the Conserative nomination.

—Counsel on both sides in the case of Jefferson Davis, with the consent of Judge Underwood, have agreed upon the 3d of June for the trial, at Richmond, and Judge Chase has been telegraphed to for his assent.

—The walking match of Geo. Topley, an English pedestrian, at New York, to accomplish fifty miles in ten hours, terminated by Topley falling in a fit on the forty-third mile, with one hour and forty minutes to spare.

—S. T. Clarke, in a letter to Erastus Brooks, and published in the New York *Express*, says General Butler's entire statement in the House, on Saturday, relative to that paper, has not a shadow of truth to rest upon.

—The forty-fourth annual report of the New York Bible Society shows that there have been distributed since January, 1867, 86,943 Bibles and Testaments. Its receipts have amounted to $32,000, and its disbursements to $31,500.

—Indian Agent Wynkoop reports having furnished the Indians of the Upper Arkansas Agency with provisions, of which they were much in need. The reported hostile attacks by Indians in the neighborhood of Fort Larned are untrue.

—Charles Ross, a colored seaman, died at the Pennsylvania Hospital, at Philadelphia, on Monday. He secreted himself in the hold of a vessel at Liverpool, went fourteen days without food, and had his feet frozen off on the voyage.

—At Shanghae, Ills., twelve miles northwest of Galesburg, fourteen houses were blown down by a tornado on Sunday. Two churches were unroofed, four persons killed and forty injured, a number of whom, it is feared, will die.

—A girl named Isabella Miller, aged ten years, attempted suicide in New York on Sunday night, with Paris Green. She is still alive but can scarcely recover. Valentine Brown, a druggist, was arrested, charged with selling the poison.

—The investigation into the McGee assassination case, at Ottawa, Canada, continues. The missing links of the chain of evidence are almost completed, and a strong force of constables has been sworn in to take special charge of the public buildings.

—The latest concerning the Georgia election is that Bullock's majority for Governor will reach seven thousand. The majority for the Constitution is fifteen thousand. Both Houses are Republican, the majority in the House being ten, and the Senate six.

—Late advices from China state that Prussia was negotiating for the obtainment of the cession of the island of Churan to Germany, and thus place the German Confederation in command of a great highway to the China and Japan trade. Coal mines are to be worked near Pekin.

—The *Irish Canadian* newspaper has been suppressed by order of the Government of Candada. Patrick Boyle, the editor, and several leading members of the Hibernian society have been arrested, and papers of a treasonable character belonging to the society seized. The parties arrested are supposed to be implicated in the Fenian conspiracy.

—H. C. Clarke (as he called himself) was arrested in Providence, R. I., on Saturday, for swindling Col. Amasa Sprague and other members of the Narragansett Park Association. He is said to be a confidence man of wide-spread notoriety, who is wanted in various parts of the country. He claimed connection with various newspapers, and received several hundred dollars.

—At Philadelphia, on Saturday, General Grant had a protracted interview with Governor Geary, Ex-Governor Curtin, and Hon. Galusha A. Grow. In the evening the General visited the Chestnut and Arch street Theatres, at each of which he was recognized and loudly cheered. On Sunday he attended a Methodist church, and Monday morning returned to Washington.

Detroit Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DETROIT, May 4.—Flour; choice brands unchanged and firm, at $13a13,60; low grades weaker. Wheat nominally a shade lower; sales of No. 1 white at $2,98.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

DAYS OF REST.

BY HARRIET PRESCOTT SPOFFORD.

Sweet Sundays, rising o'er the world,
Have never failed to bring their calm,
Still from their tranquil wings unfurled,
On the tired heart distilling balm.
A purer air bathes all the fields,
The land a hallowed silence yields,
All things in mute glad worship lie—
All save where careless innocence
In the great Presence sports and plays,
A wild bird whistles, or the wind
Tosses the light snows from the sprays.

For life renews itself each week—
Each Sunday seems to crown the year—
The free earth rounds as fresh a cheek
As though just made another sphere.
The shadowy firm that sometimes breathes
Between our thoughts and Heaven departs,
The holy hour so brightly wreathes
Its solemn peace about our hearts.
And Nature, whether sun or shower,
Caprices with her soaring days,
Rests conscious, in some happy sense,
Of the wide smile that lights her ways.

EPHEMERIS.

—Maine has 70,000 farmers.

—Smoking is no longer allowed on Boston street cars.

—L'Africaine in French has been successful in New Orleans.

—The Lincoln University in Illinois is trying to get an $800 telescope.

—Napoleon and the Princess of Wales are both suffering with rheumatism.

—The Beet Sugar Company of Aurora, Illinois, will soon go into operation.

—Madame Ristori's pretty little daughter has been painted as Hebe by Fagnani.

—Mr. Church, the artist, has gone to paint the stones of Arabia Petrea, on canvas.

—There are six hundred students of assorted sizes and colors at Oberlin College.

—One of the ex-Archbishops of York is said to have been a Mediterranean corsair.

—Paper partitions in Japan must be as well provided, auricularly, as our own walls.

—Mayor Wallach is a candidate for renomination by the Democrats in Washington.

—French letter-writers are prophesying war again. This sort of prophecy is chronic.

—The Kaiser, Francis Joseph, is said to be a constitutional invalid and not long for this world.

—Panama has ordered a steam fire engine from this country. It is to be used in putting out fires and revolutions.

—All the diamond cutting done in this country is performed in Boston. Perhaps because it is the sharpest place.

—Mr. and Mrs. Florence, the popular actors, will soon visit France, Germany and Italy and give performances in Irish.

—Arkansas has gotten up the buncombest of all buncomb Presidential tickets. Johnson and Filmore, a fine pair of them.

—*Judy* says that if the Chief Justice tries to be elected President his candidature will prove nothing but a wild goose Chase.

—Dolby had a love affair on this side of the Atlantic, a tiny lace handkerchief was the souvenir he carried away with him.

—Croquet is spreading rapidly. Croquet by steam, or the boundless prairies of the far west, would be a sweetly pretty idea.

—Collector Smythe, of New York, is trembling in his boots now, as visions of a lost collectorship begin to flit before him.

—It is said that no living man can read Elliott's Indian Bible, and yet a copy of it sold in New York for $11 00 the other night.

—Jean Ingelow is one of eleven children, she wrote "Songs of Seven," and then, we suppose, gave out, or perhaps the others are dead.

—Japan is just now about in the same predicament as England was in the time of King John. The magna charta is the thing wanted now.

—Wm. B. Astor is to erect a magnificent new hotel in New York, which will be to this generation what the Astor House was to the last one.

—Cincinnati is said to be cutting down her shade trees. It is a comfort to know that Pittsburgh can't cut hers' down, as she has none to cut.

—Robert Bonner was forty years old on Tuesday, and on that day he moved his fortune, the New York *Ledger*, to his new marble building.

—An eastern editor says he does so like to kiss factory girls; and afterwards explains himself by saying that of course he meant satisfactory girls.

—A yankee named Freeman is playing Schiller's plays in German and in Germany, with wonderful success, both pecuniarily and as regards fame.

—The Irish Church and Mr. D'Israeli are having a hand to hand fight as to which shall be dis-established. The Irish Church has the best of it decidedly.

—Roxbury, N. H., has 200 inhabitants, only ten of whom are Democrats, the consequence of which is there has been no death there for more than a year.

—Any number of people write angrily about the degrading influence of the ballet, but they all keep on going to see it, anxious, evidently, to be degraded.

—There is a gentleman in St. Louis who is known as the Hon. H. T. Blow. Add nothing (0) to his name and it would appear in the directory as Blow H. O. T.

—A watch has been invented in New York which runs a year without winding. The same maker is supposed to have had a hand in the impeachment speeches.

—A Japanese author has written a novel in 100 volumes. It is said to be interesting, but no one has yet been found who will undertake to translate it into English.

—One million dollars were spent on ice in Chicago last year, and no wonder either for it is said to be the hottest place in existence, with one eminent exception.

—The Chaplain of the Tuilleries asks a little too much for the Pope. He, in a sermon said: "For that purpose, dear brethren, I ask *all* your money and *all* your blood."

—The well known epitaph on an infant

"I wonder what I was begun for
If so soon I'm to be done for."

has been suggested as a fitting one for the present premier of the English cabinet.

—The Louisville *Democrat* speaks of Republicans as "white carpet-bag radicals." As this party was cradled in Pittsburgh, which is still one of its strongholds, the *white* carpet-bag epithet is hardly appropriate.

—Cop. newspapers are trying very hard to be witty, or to get off a joke about Boutwell and his hole in the sky. The failure of these journals in this laudable endeavor is really distressing.

—Thatcher, the New York G. A., says we are to have a hot summer. We are glad New York has a G. A. to keep the weather in order, but sincerely hope that they never will have an A. J.

—A Southern paper thinks it won't do to prove General Grant a fool and a drunkard, as if he is so proved it will be a decided reflection upon the ex-rebel generals who were beaten by him.

—Six dozen of Brigham Young's children accompanied their papa to the theatre recently. It is hinted that the saintly president does not kiss each and every member of his family good night.

—F. F. V., once of such aristocratic significance, is now said to mean Fast Failing Virginians, as the old blood having lost it's Ethiopian props is dying out, and its owners are getting very seedy.

—Democratic papers are beginning to hope that Senator Yates may vote for acquittal on the impeachment trial, and are preparing for it by saying that he is not drunk all the time after all.

—A man has discovered that if you look into the wrong end of a telescope at a mad bull, the animal will be apparently far enough off to allay your fears, whilst he is near enough to lay you out.

—A laborer in Massachusetts recently took ether to have a stiff finger amputated, and the surgeons took off the wrong one. There were two physicians, and he was not satisfied with ether, as Dr. Holmes said.

—A man named Oyler, in Layfayette, Indiana, has been imitating Henry VIII to the best of his ability. He has had six wives, from three of whom he has been divorced. He is now looking out for Mrs. Oyler VII.

—Some cheery individual has found out that the recent frosts *did not* kill the fruit, and *did* kill all the insects which are, by nature, antagonistic to heavy crops, so that we may, with some reason, look for a remarkably heavy crop this year.

—A woman in Middletown, Conn., was driven to suicide by the inhuman conduct of her husband who in a violent rage, seized her; tore her new bonnet from her head and actually threw it into the fire. It is even said the brute said he didn't care.

—Wagner's star is paling, his Lohengrin can no longer please, his Tannhauser and Rienzi fall, like furious thunder, harmless now, and Ludwig will not smile on them, in the meantime all Bavaria is delighted at the fall of the unprincipled musician.

—Queen Victoria, like some other people less prominently situated, likes to go to church and consequently thinks every one who does not, is a heathen or worse. This little idiosyncracy has the tendency of making the members of Court ardent church-goers.

—The subject of mysterious disappearances is exciting attention from the press generally, and an article embodying a large number of cases in point, which have occurred during the last three centuries, has been published in *Chamber's Journal* and is very interesting,

—A story is current to the effect that a Congressman was fleeced of thirty-three thousand dollars at Faro in Washington last week. The Boston *Post* says he was a Radical. That may be, but we will lay anything (but an egg) that the fleecer was an old line Locofoco.

—Isaac Barton, who recently died, left $66,000 to various charitable institutions in Philadelphia, and if his property turns out to be worth more than that, he wishes all the excess to go to the Womens Medical College of Philadelphia, to which was willed $10,000 out of the $66,000.

—The joint of Gen. Grant's thumb is said to be crooked, and so, the Democratic chorus may set up another discordent howl to the enlightened voters of the Great Republic, piercing the atmosphere with the penetrating shriek of hatred of a man—whose thumb is not straight.

—Some New York teachers have come to the conclusion that it is inexpedient to abolish flogging in schools. Many boys we are sure would vote the other way, and certainly the boys have as much or rather, far more right than the teachers to vote on the question, for they are the only ones much concerned.

—A large number of New York merchants and brokers, doing business on Water, Front and Wall streets, New York, have decided to close their places of business at three o'clock on Saturday afternoons, from May first to November first. This is a good move, and could be copied with good effect in Pittsburgh.

—The papers generally are getting to spell Binghamton properly, but they used to insist on spelling it with a p. This so enraged the Post Master of that place that he wrote letters to Buffalo*p* and Albany*p*, asking them how *they* liked the *p*. Albany and Buffalo, it is said, never say more call the town Bingnhampton.

—The Pope has sent a kind of vote of thanks to Mr. Gladstone for his action in the Irish Church question. Mr. Gladstone's visit to Rome is remembered and added to this opinion of the Pope, and the result is a growing belief in the apostacy of the great statesman; in short it is currently reported that he has turned Romanist.

—Those men who are so severe on the present fashions for ladies, are so only because they are deprived of the pleasure they used to take in the disgraceful habit of peeping at those charms which, in these days of short dresses on the promenade, and decolleté robes in the drawing room, it is no longer considered necessary to conceal.

—When Mr. D'Israeli's party was "out" and wanted in, a very small majority was enough to make them think the "ins" should resign, which they did; now, with a majority against him of six or seven times the size of that which brought him in, Mr. D'Israeli thinks it is not necessary to quit his portfolio. "Circumstances alter cases."

DENTISTRY.

$8. ONLY $8.
A FULL SET OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH FOR EIGHT DOLLARS.
FULL UPPER AND LOWER SET FOR $12.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
ALL WORK WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.
LAUGHING GAS FREE OF CHARGE, AT
QUINCY A. SCOTT'S
Steam Dental Establishment,
278 PENN STREET, 3d DOOR ABOVE HAND.
N. B.—As DR. SCOTT is a licensee under the Goodyear Patents, he will not make any "new (*bogus*) rubber" sets, but will continue to manufacture the genuine article—VULCANITE. mh23:d&T

GAS FIXTURES.
GAS FIXTURES
AND
Chandeliers,
FOR GAS AND OIL.
Just received, the finest and largest assortment ever opened in this city.
WELDON & KELLY,
147 WOOD STREET, COR. VIRGIN ALLEY.
mh24:n22

DRY GOODS.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
SPRING OPENING!
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
(Successor to J. M. Burchfield & Co.)
SPRING DRY GOODS.
SPRING DRY GOODS.
SPRING DRY GOODS.
MR. PHILLIPS respectfully announces that the extensive alterations to his
RETAIL DRY GOODS STORE
Are completed, and his establishment is NOW OPEN. He offers an entirely
New Stock of Dry Goods,
For Spring and Summer Wear, at the lowest Eastern Cash Prices.
ap3: 87....MARKET STREET....87.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
ap6:n23

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.
BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $350. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
mh9 No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

SECOND HAND
MELODEONS AND ORGANS,
In perfect order, from $35 to $130.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
mh12 42 Fifth st., 2d door above Wood.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.
100 WOOD STREET.
CHINA, GLASS AND
QUEENSWARE,
SILVER PLATED WARE,
PARIAN STATUETTES,
BOHEMIAN GLASS,
And other STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, a great variety.
100 WOOD STREET.
RICHARD E. BREED & CO.
mh27
100 WOOD STREET. 100 WOOD STREET.
100 WOOD STREET.

CHARLES REIZENSTEIN,
152 Federal Street, Allegheny,
(Fourth door above Diamond.)
Glass, China Ware & Table Cutlery
AT EASTERN PRICES. Everything required in a first class store on hand. Call and examine our goods. je16:n9

CONFECTIONERIES.
HENRY W. HORBACH,
Confectionery and Bakery
No. 200 SMITHFIELD STERET,
Between Seventh and Liberty.
☞LAD ES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

GEORGE BEAVEN,
Candy Manufacturer,
And dealer in FOREIGN & AMERICAN FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS &c.,
No. 112 Federal Street,
Second door from the first National Bank, Allegheny City.

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS
OF
Trimmings, Notions and Fancy Goods.
We have received a very fine assortment of
White Goods,
Which cannot be beat. It consists of
STRIPED, DOTTED AND PLAIN SWISS;
STRIPED, BARRED & PLAIN NAINSOOK;
LAWNS, CAMBRICS, Etc.
GOOD IRISH LINEN, at 27½c. per yard.
GOOD DAMASK TOWELS, at 12½c.
Our Line of HOSIERY is now Complete.
200 DOZEN OF CORSETS,
Just received, selling at EASTERN PRICES.
A Fine Lot of Parasols,
IN ALL STYLES AND COLORS,
SYSTEME ALEXANDRE KIDS, at $1 per pair.
GENUINE " " $1.85 "
LIGHT COLORED KIDS, at 50c. a pair.
TRIMMED MUSLIN SKIRTS at $1.00.
SUMMER BALMORALS, at 75c. and $1.
In PAPER COLLARS, we have a full variety.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 and 80 Market Street.
ap24:d16

PERFECT FITTING
KID GLOVES.
"A. C. C."—"H. S. K."
We invite attention to our
KID GLOVE DEPARTMENT,
Which is now complete with every color and shade. In addition to our own special importation of the
Celebrated A. C. C. (Jouvin) KIDS,
We have secured the exclusive sale of the
"Harris Seamless Kids,"
The best Glove and most perfect fit.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
ap11 19 FIFTH STREET.

AT EATON'S,
No. 17 Fifth Street.
New Parasols,
Straw Goods,
And Flowers,
JUST OPENED.
ap9

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 Fifth Street,
Now offer the most elegant line of
HAMBURGS
Ever opened in Pittsburgh, to which they especially invite the attention of their customers. The designs are nearly all new and original, and about ONE-FIFTH LESS THAN REGULAR PRICES.
ap11

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET.
Have just opened all shades of
BULLION AND RISTORI FRINGES.
BUGLE GIMPS AED FRINGES,
At very low prices. ap11

CRACKER BAKERIES.
MARVIN'S PATENT
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
And every variety of
SUPERIOR CRACKERS.
S. S. MARVIN,
91 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.
TRY THEM. mh24

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.
SHEPHARD'S
Steam Cracker and Biscuit Factory,
317 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of
CONFECTIONERY,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, NUTS, &c.

ROBINSON,
No. 20 FIFTH STREET,
HAS RECEIVED
ANOTHER LOT
OF
PURE MAPLE SYRUP.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of
PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS.
CLINTON MILL—STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL—NEW BRIGHTON, PA.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE.
No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President.
JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer.
SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.
DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H Hartman, John B. Livingston.
Cash paid for Paper Stock. je29:n68

PITTSBURGH, ALLEGHENY & MANCHESTER PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY.
NOTICE.—FOR SALE OR LEASE, that part of the Railway of said Company extending from the lower line of their property on Strawberry Lane, in McClure township, down to the terminus at Woods' Run. Parties wishing to purchase or lease the above described part of said Railway will apply within ten days from the 24th inst., as no proposal will be entertained after the 4th day of July next. Proposals to be handed to the undersigned.
D. S. E. GILMORE,
Superintendent, pro tem.
ap22:n69 No. 53 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &C.
CHINA MATTING
CARPETS!
A very superior quality of
White,
Fancy Striped
And Check
MATTINGS,
JUST IMPORTED.
ALL-WOOL INGRAINS,
IN BRIGHTEST COLORS.
Prices the Lowest in this Market.
McCALLUM BROS.,
51 FIFTH STREET, above Wood.
ap27

1868. SPRING STOCK OF 1868.
CARPETS.
JUST OPENING,
LARGE ASSORTMENT,
All Qualities
LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO THOSE WHO BUY TO SELL.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 Fifth Street,
mh10:d&wF OVER BATES & BELL'S.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
BY STEAMER COLORADO,
Of our own Direct Importation,
THE NEWEST AND CHOICEST PATTERNS OF THE CELEBRATED
JOHN CROSSLEY & SON'S
ENGLISH TAPESTRY
AND
BODY BRUSSELS,
FOR PARLORS AND HALLS,
WITH STAIR CARPETS TO MATCH.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 AND 73 FIFTH ST. (Second Floor.)
ap7:TTS&T

J. & H. PHILLIPS.
1868. SPRING GOODS. 1868.
We are now receiving from our own and other manufactories a NEW STOCK of
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
CARRIAGE, FURNITURE, TABLE AND
WINDOW SHADE OIL CLOTHS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Also, a full line of
Transparent Window Shades,
Hollands, Shade Fixtures,
Tassels, Cords, &c., &c.
WOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS will find our prices AS LOW, IF NOT LOWER, THAN CAN BE PURCHASED ELSEWHERE, and of quality and styles second to none.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ap3:n86 26 AND 28 ST. CLAIR ST.

STEAM
CARPET BEATING
ESTABLISHMENT.
Which TEN YEARS' TRIAL in New York and other Eastern cities has proved a complete success.
ITS ADVANTAGES:
1st—Fading and Shrinkage are completely avoided.
2d—No ripping apart necessary.
3d—When freed from dust, moths or their larvae, the Carpet looks nearly as good as new, save the natural fading from wear.
4th—When perfectly clean, a Carpet will wear as long again, a desirable matter as a mere point of economy, to say nothing of looks.
ALL ORDERS LEFT AT THE OFFICE,
No. 179 Liberty Street
Or addressed to P. O. Box 473, will receive prompt attention.
GEO. L. McCLINTOCK,
mh10: PROPRIETOR.

WALL PAPER.
WALL PAPERS--1868.

Unsurpassed in beauty and quality.
W. P. MARSHALL,
No. 87 Wood Street, near Fourth.
mh20:n8

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
JULIAN ALLEN,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
LEAF TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
No. 8 SIXTH STREET, (National Bank of Commerce Building.) PITTSBURGH, PA.
Branch of 172 Water street, N. Y.
ap4:n77 DANIEL F. DINAN.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.,
No 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
jy5:n26

HATS AND CAPS.
MARTIN LIEBLER,
DEALER IN
HATS, CAPS AND FURS,
Also, Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in TRUNKS, VALISES, &c., No. 128 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

MERCHANT TAILORS.
P. McARDLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 93½ SMITHFIELD STREET, PITTSBURGH,
Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS
Also, GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. GENT'S CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, the latest style.
HENRY MEYER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 73 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Constantly on hand, a full assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c. ap20:n88
DUFF & CO., Merchant Tailors,
No. 34 Federal St., Allegheny,
Have just received a large and well selected stock of
FINE SPRING GOODS,
Suitable for a first class custom trade. Also, a large stock of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. ap15

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.
JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY BIER.
JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.
Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,
PITTSBURGH.
my15:z30

BREWERIES.
PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.
JOS. SPENCER.....JAS. M'KAY.....ROBERT LIDDELL.
SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,
MALSTERS AND BREWERS
Of Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. oc14

DYERS AND SCOURERS.
H. J. LANCE,
Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,
DYER AND SCOURER.
STRAW GOODS CLEANED OR DYED.
KID GLOVES AND LADIES' PLUMES CLEANED OR DYED

PROPOSALS.—Sealed Proposals will be received by the Water Committee of the City of Pittsburgh, until 7 o'clock P. M. of
Tuesday, May 12th,
FOR THE FOLLOWING, VIZ.:
AN ENGINE AND PUMP,
at the Lower Works, suited to present building, and of equal capacity to the engine erected at the Works in 1866.
Sealed Proposals will also be received for furnishing at Lower Works,
FIVE BOILERS,
Each 42 inches by 26 feet, with two 16-inch Flues, Smoke Stack, Steam Pipe, Steam and Mud Drums.
ALSO, FOR
FOUR BOILERS,
At Upper Works, each 40 inches by 26 feet, two 15 inch Flues, Smoke-stack, Steam Pipe, Steam and Mud Drums.
Proposals will also be received at same time for
LAYING WATER PIPE
During the present season, on such streets and alleys as may from time to time be directed by the Committee.
Details of the proposed work, and specifications of the machinery, can be procured at the office of the Water Works, or at the Lower Works, after the 28th inst.
TERMS—Monthly Cash settlements.
The Water Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids, if deemed by them advisable.
JOSEPH FRENCH,
ap28 Superintendent Water Works.

SECURITY AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELING COMMUNITY.
J. B. HARRIS' SAFETY FIRE JACKET,
Car Heater and Moderator,
For SMOKE AND HOT AIR FLUES, dispensing with the use of Stoves and Fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached.
Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a safety Jacket which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be adpiled to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended. It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues, or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c., wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired. I will sell, on application, rights to manufacture or to use the above invention; also, territorial rights, to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges, either by State or county.
J. B. HARRIS.
☞Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
fe28:s40

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.—The undersigned hauing secured the sole Agency for the sale of the celebrated
COPLEY POT CLAY.
Are now prepared to furnish it in any quantity to those wishing to procure this superior article. During fifteen years use of this Clay, we have arrived at such proportions as we believe makes it a better article for pots than any in the market, we having secured an average stand of SIX, EIGHT and TEN MONTHS. We will furnish receipes for the proportion of the mixture of this Clay to persons purchasing. The Clay is ground and moulded in lumps for delivery.
DITHRIDGE & SON,
Fort Pitt Glass Works,
Washington Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WASHINGTON MILLS,
WASHINGTON STREET,
Near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator
W. W. ANDERSON,
Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped, and Corn shelled, on short notice.

WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FRED'K ATWATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS, Ice Dealer,
No. 56 DIAMOND ALLEY, Pittsburgh.
Orders left here or at Hand Street Bridge will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. ap7:n8

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
SOAP STONE, PLASTER, CHIMNEY TOPS, WATER PIPES.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:n70 96 Wood street.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 139¼@139⅜.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 4, 1868.

GOLD AND MONEY.

Money steady at 7 per cent. on call. Prime discounts 7@8. Sterling quiet at 10@10⅛. Gold firmer, opening at 139⅜, touched 139¼, and closed at 139¼@139⅜. Considerable shipment is expected this week. Loans were made at 2@6 per cent. for carrying. The Assistant Treasurer paid to-day $630,000 on account of May interest.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments steady but without activity. Henry Clews & Co. furnish the annexed 4:30 quotations: Coupons of 1881, 113@113⅛; do of '62, 108@108⅜; do of '64, 106⅛@106⅜; do of '65, 106⅜@106⅞; do new, 108⅞@109; do of '67, 109⅛@109⅜. Ten-Forties, 103@103⅛. Seven-Thirties, 107¼@107⅜. The Assistant Treasurer bought $800,000 Seven-Thirties at 107⅜.

STOCKS.

The stocks were quiet throughout the day, and opened weak and rather lower at the close with an improving tendency.

5:20 QUOTATIONS—Canton, 50¾@51; Cumberland, 30@33; Well's Express, 25½@26; American, 59¾@60; Adams, 61½@61¾; United States, 60½@61¼; Western Union, 31@31½; Quicksilver, 28@28⅛; Mariposa, 4@6¾; Pacific Mail, 92¼@92½ Atlantic, 34 @35 Western Union 36⅞@37⅛; N. Y. C., 129¼@129½; Erie, 70¾@70¾; Hudson, 136 @137; Reading, 90@90½; Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, 31@31½; Wabash, 51@ 51½; St. Paul, 44@44¾; do preferred, 76½; Michigan Central, 117; Michigan Southern, 87¾; Illinois Central, 146; Pittsburgh, 82¼ @82¾; Toledo, 105¾@106; Rock Island, 94¼@94¼; Northwestern, 65¾@67¾; do preferred, 76¼@76½; Fort Wayne, 103⅞@ 104; Hartford and Erie, 14¼@14¾; Chicago and Alton preferred, 129; Columbus, 105; Hannibal preferred, 83¾; Missouri, 87⅞; new Tennessees, 66½.

MINING SHARER.

Mining shares dull; Smith Parmalee $2,25; Gregory, $2,75, Receipts at Sub-Treasury, $3,646,378; payments, $3,288,446; balance, $101,566.152.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 4.—Flour unchanged; light sales at $8,87½a11,00 for low grades to choice spring extras. Wheat in fair request; sales of No. 1 at $2,15a2,15½, and $2,08½a2,10 for No. 2, closing quiet at $2,09½ a2,10; this afternoon the market for No. 2 is quiet at $2,10 cash. Corn firm and buoyant and 1½a2c higher; sales of No. 1 at 88½a 90½c; No. 2 at 87½a88c; new at 87½a89c, and rejected at 85a86; closing firm at 90a90½c for No 1, and at 89c for new. Oats active and firm and 2a3c higher; sales at 67a69c; closing firm at 68¾a69c; since change the market is firm at 68½c. Rye dull; sales of No 2 in store at $1,88, and sample lots on track and delivered at $1,75a1,85. Barley inactive and nominally unchanged. Provisions—nothing doing, but holders firmer. Mess Pork held at $29,00. Lard, prime city steam in demand at 19c, but sellers ask 19¼a19½c. Bulk meats of all kinds firm but inactive; live Hogs scarce and firm at Saturday's price. Beef cattle inactive and entirely nominal. Freights steady and quiet. Four for corn to Buffalo; 10 wheat Oswego; receipts last 48 hours, 5,745 flour; 32,790 wheat; 94,558 corn; 22,390 oats; 1,429 live hogs; shipments, 7,799 flour; 3,200 wheat, 211,650 corn; 88,689 oats; 2,635 live hogs.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—Tobacco firm and unchanged. Nothing reported in Cottons. Flour in light demand and small business, but prices are unchanged at $7a8,25 for superfine; $8,25a9 for extra, and $9a11,50 for double extra. Wheat steady and firm at $2,70a2,82 for winter, and $2,05a2,12½ for spring. Corn firm but slow at $1,75a1,80. Barley small sales at $2,50 for spring. Provisions are quiet but very firm. Pork is held at $30,00, which stopped any sales. Bacon shoulders sold at 14¼a14½c, clear rib 17½c; clear sides 18½c. Lard quotes at 19c for tierce and 20c for keg. Whiskey sold at $2,20. Cattle quiet at $4a 8½ for inferior to choice. Sheep range $2,50a2,75 per head. Receipts—flour, 2,300 barrels; wheat, 12,300 bushels; Corn, 17,300 bushels; Oats, 21,600 bushels; Rye 500 bushels. Stock of flour on hand May first was 41,000 barrels; wheat, 118,000; corn, 14,100 bushels; oats, 59,000 bushels; barley 2,500 bushels; tobacco, 1,365 hhds; hemp, 850 bales.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, May 4.—Flour firmer, steady and unchanged; double extra spring $10a12; double extra red winter $12a14; treble extra white $13,50a15,50. Wheat firm and unchanged; No. 1 red winter held at $2,70; No. 2 do at $2,60; No. 1 Milwaukee spring at $2,50. Corn is in fair demand; sales at 98c for No. 1 shelled on the spot, and 92a93c for No. 2. Oats in moderate request but a shade better; sales at 78c for No. 1 State from store. Rye scarce and firm at $1,95 for No. 1. Barley in demand, but none offering. Petroleum firm and active for bonded at 23a24c; free held at 33a 35c; crude $4,35a4,40 per bbl.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, May 4.—Flour, receipts 2,139 barrels: sales Winter Wheat at $11a12,75. Wheat, receipts 850 bushels and 1c lower; sales white Michigan at $2,87, Amber $2,71; Corn, receipts 9,520 bushels; market opened steady but closed ½c. lower; sales No. 1 at 92a92½, seller, June, 93; buyer, June, 95; buyer, May, 93. Oats, receipts 2,400 bushels; prices 1c better; sales No. 1 and Michigan at 72½a73. Rye, receipts 350 bushels; sales Michigan at $1.78. Seeds dull. Lake freights very dull and nominal at 3½ on Corn to Buffalo by steam.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, May 4.—Flour firm; City double extra $9,87a10,25, country do. $9,62a 10, extra $9,00a9,50. Wheat firm, at $2,19 for No. 1 spring; $2,10 for No. 2. Oats firm and higher; at 67½c for No. 2. Corn scarce; 90c for new shelled. Receipts—2,300 bbls flour, 42,000 bush wheat, 7,000 bush oats, 5,000 bush corn. Shipments—3,800 bbls flour, 96,500 bush wheat, 300 bush oats, 1,000 bush corn.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—Flour quiet; Northwestern family, $10,50a12; Ohio, $11,50 a12,75; fancy, $13a15. Wheat—little doing; sales of 20,000 bush at $2,90a2,95. Rye inactive; sales at $2a2,50. Corn in fair demand; sales of 3,000 bush mixed western at $1,18; 10,000 bush do in cars from store at $1,19a1,20. Cloverseed, $5a6. Timothy, $2,50a2,75. Flaxseed, $2,80a2,85.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, May 4.—Leaf tobacco firmer; sales 109 hhds lugs at $5,50a5,75; common to medium leaf, $7a25. Flour—Superfine, $8,75a9; fancy, $12,50a13,25. Corn, 88a90c. Oats, 78a80c. Lard, 19a19¼c. Mess pork, $29. Bacon—Shoulders, 14¼c; clear rib sides, 17½c; clear sides, 18¼c; bulk shoulders, 13¼c; clear sides, 17¼c. Cotton nominal at 30c. Whisky nominal; raw, free, $2,20.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, May 4.—Cotton quiet and ...les; receipts 118 bales; export ...flour dull; superfine 8a8,50. ...con firm; shoulders 14½c, ...3c; clear sides 16½c. Lard ...02. Hay $17. Oats 78a

New York Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 4.—Beeves passably active and rather firmer, though not higher. The offerings to-day were 1,300 head, and the demand was chiefly for good stock. Extras 18¼a19c, prime 17½a18c, fair to good 16¼a17¼, inferior and ordinary 13a16¼c; receipts for the week, 5,517 head. Sheep and Lambs firmer under light receipts and prices ¾c higher; sheared 5a9c, unshorn 6½a10½c; receipts for the week 13,427 head; Lambs coming in slowly. Hogs fairly active and rather firmer; most sales were at 10a10¼c; receipts for the week 17,840.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, May 4.—Flour dull. Wheat dull. Corn active; white $1,13, yellow $1,20. Rye firm at $2,20. Pork—Mess quiet at $2,30. Bacon active; rib sides 16¼ a17c, clear sides 17¾c, shoulders 14¾c, hams 21a22¼c. Lard quiet at 20a20½c.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—Cattle firm and unchanged. Sheep—8,000 head sold at $6a 8, gross. Hogs dull and lower, 3,500 head sold at $1,35a1,50, net.

RIVER NEWS.

The marks last evening indicated eight feet large, and swelling slowly. The weather was unusually pleasant. Trade on the landing was brisk.

The steamer Kate Robinson has changed her sign. She will leave for St. Louis on Tuesday positively. So says Captain Robinson.

The mail line of steamboats on the Monongahela are running regularly to all points on the river. The boats are all first-class, and the officers are proverbially courteous and obliging.

The Bayard, Captain Shepard, is the Parkersburg packet for this day. She leaves at noon.

The Glendale, Captain Hare, left last evening for St. Louis with all the freight she could carry.

The steamer Argosy, Capt. Vandergrift, will be found at the landing. She will return to Cincinnati on Wednesday at noon.

The R. C. Gray, Captain Anderson, is loading for Cincinnati and Louisville. She will receive freight with the privilege of reshipping.

The St. Marys left last evening for Cincinnati with a good trip.

A FURTHER RUN OF COAL.—The following coal has and will leave during the next twenty-four hours:

FOR CINCINNATI.

Towboats.	Barges.	Bushels.
Lioness	9	90,000
Tiger	7	70,000
Wild Cat	7	70,000
Coal City	10	100,000
Tom Farrow	6	60,000
O. H. Ormsby	7	70,000
		460.000

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Star	9	90,000
Mary Ann	9	90,000
Warner	9	90,000
Jas. Gilmore	7	70,000
J. S. Neal	6	60,000
Arrow	3 b'ts & barge.	80,000
Resolute	9	90,000
N. J. Bigley	8	80,000
Little Alps	7	70,000
Sam Roberts	10	100,000
Fred Wilson	7	70,000
		890,000

FOR MEMPHIS.

Diamond	10	100,000

NORTH KENTUCKY RIVER.

V. F. Wilson	9	90,000
Total exports		1,540,000

The St. Louis *Republican* says: There is at present no opposition in the New Orleans trade, the Atlantic line and the outside boats having effected an arrangement by which they load in turns, having a boat every other day. There are six of the Atlantic line and five independent. By this means they are enabled to keep rates up to at least a living rate.

A GOOD RUN.—The Bart Able made the run from New Orleans to Shereveport on her last trip in fifty-eight hours and fifty minues, including landings.

The Minneapolis *Tribune* says: "The eight million feet held in store at Anoka have been sent adrift, and many of them are safe in the ponds, while on both branches of Rum river the drives are progressing finely. A heavy body of snow still remains in the pineries, and melting, fills the small streams and floats the logs out handsomely. It is said to be the best season for driving that the lumbermen have had for years."

A St. Louis dispatch says: The river is still here; stationary at Dubuque, and rising at Keokuk. The Missouri is rising slowly at Randall.

The following boats for Benton have passed that point: Deer Lodge, April 3d; Cora, 8th; Antelope, 21st; Sallie Huntsville and Miner, 24th; Henry Adkins, 25th.

Business is good.

Travel is light. In two or three weeks there will begin the heavy stream of travel northward that always characterizes the season, and which is bound to become larger every year. There will be large nnmbers of persons going to Minnesota by steam.

Business on the Illinois river not justifying the running of four boats, the Beardstown, on her arrival, will go into retirement for the present.

NEW ORLEANS.—The *Bulletin*, of the 26th, says: Business on the landing is running down to nothing, and the prospects are that it will not revive for some time. Freights to all points are dull, and tunnage largely in excess. The receipts of the day embrace 537 bales of cotton and other freight per New Era, from Jefferson; 450 bales cotton per Bart Able, from Shreveport, and full general consignment per Louisville, from Cincinnati;

The line of the Mississippi Valley Telegraph Company is now completed from St. Paul to Lansing, a distance of 269 miles, while the contract is left for building it through to St. Louis, to which place it will be completed by July next.

The Leavenworth *Commercial* says of the Missouri: It is falling, and at the present rate of decline, unless the June rise comes earlier than usual, steamboats will have some trouble about arriving at Leavenworth with that regularity which has heretofore characterized them.

The St. Louis *Democrat* says: The contest on the present trip of the Jasper seems to have been a race—a well contested one—with its concomitants of excitement, betting, etc. One side has it that the Jasper passed her opponent twice under way, and was ahead at Capau-Gris one mile and a half, while a dispatch from the Johnson's agent avers that she passed the Jasper above Clarksville, and arrived at Quincy five miles ahead. We believe that both boats halted at several landings to attend to business, and thus the question of which is the fastest boat remains undecided.

AN IMPORTANT CASE.—A case of some interest to underwriters and the insured was recently decided in the Supreme Court of the United States. In 1860, a Michigan agent of Ætna Insurance Company, being supplied with blank policies, duly signed by the officers of the company, filled up one of them for the sum of $1,733, upon the steamer Ottoca. After delivery of the policy, the owner was requested to sign a printed form of application, upon which was printed memorandum, as follows: "The insurance on this application is to take effect when approved by E. P. Dorr, General Agent of the Ætna Insurance Company at Buffalo, New York." It appears that this paper was immediately sent to Mr. Dorr, who did not approve the risk, and wrote to Webber, the agent in Michigan directing him to return the premium note to the owner of the vessel and cancel the policy. Webber, not satisfied with this action of his principal, appealed to Mr. Bennett, another of the Western general agents of the Ætna, and did not carry out instructions, but retained the premium note and allowed the policy to remain. The owner knew nothing of these subsequent features of the transaction until his vessel was lost and he demanded payment of the policy. This was refused. A suit was, therefore, brought in the United States District Court in Michigan, and resulted in a judgment asserting the responsibility of the company on the policy. This judgment is now affirmed by the Supreme Court.

Rivers and Weather.

LOUISVILLE, May 4.—River rising steadily with 8½ feet in the canal. Weather raining at intervals.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—Weather wet and warm.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD, May 4.—2 butts tobacco, J McConnell; 4 bxs stone, S Fahnestock; 7 do do, Whitmore, Wolf & Duff; 8 bdls hoops, F Simpson; 5 bbls lard oil, J P Scott; 1 bx musical instruments, Hoffman, Hoene & Co; 13 bdls riddles, J Woodwell; 10 setts hoops, W J Meek; 1 bbl casting, Hall & Speer; 6 doz chairs, Knemple & Co: 3 bbls eggs, J M Simmonds; 3 do bacon, 1 cask lard, Walker, Goe & Co; 7 bbls green apples, Graff & Reiter; 3 do eggs, W H Graff; 1 do do, Voight, Mahood & Co; 7 do green apples, S P Shriver & Co; 10 empty boxes, S S Marvin; 1 bag coffee; J S Dilworth; 15 sks scraps, A Hoeveler & Co; 2 bxs tobacco, J Murphy; 4 bbls dried fruit, Voight, Mahood & Co; 2 bxs highwines, J M Tate; 2 bxs frames, H D Brecht & Bro; 1 car staves, H Hasmeyer; 1 do do, Shade & Weigel; 120 bdls graen hides, G N Hoffstott; 20 bbls whisky, A Glockner; 1 car bulk middlings, J Smith; 400 sks flour, Stewart & Langenheim.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, May 4.—2 bbls eggs, S B Floyd & Co; 6 do ash, J B Canfield; 5 do vinegar, Shomaker & Lang; 3 bbls eggs, 12 do butter, W J Steel & Bro; 2 bxs castings, Wood Son & Co; 5 bxs cheese, 1 do coffee, J S Dilworth & Co; 131 sks potatoes, Vangorder & Shepard; 4 do tails, F W C Feld; 20 boxes soap, R E Sellers; 20 do do, M W Rankin; 11 do do, H Riddle; 2 cars lumber, Nanz & Co; 2 do do, J M Seibert & Co; 1 do staves, M P Adams & Bro; 300 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 250 do do, J Gregg; 1 car middlings, Keil & Ritchart; 100 bbls flour, R Robison & Co; 100 do do, Shomaker & Lang; 100 do do, Seghmyer & Voskamp.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, May 4.—3 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 5 do do, Nimick & Co; 14 do do, Cambria Iron Co; 4 do do, Zug & Co; 126 bars iron, F W Smith; 8,000 ft lumber, Jas McMasters; 4 cases lard, J B Sneathen; 50 bxs soap, Wm Hoslage; 1 kg wine, M Gruber; 39 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 101 bbls oil, Wm McCutcheon; 41 sks oats, 27 do potatoes, D L Grove; 10 bgs rye, J & W Fairley; 24 sks do, J McKinney; 13 bdls paper, W S Haven; 5 bbls vinegar, Shomaker & Lang; 127 sks corn, W J Meek; 41 sks oats, 9 do rye, Scott & Gisal; 9 bbls dry apples, 1 do eggs, Voight, Mahood & Co; 2 car lumber. Espy & Son; 1 do do, J M Seibert & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, May 4. 2 cars pig iron, McKnight & Co; 1 do brick, Johnson, Taylor & Co; 2 do pig iron, H Woodsides; 5 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 14 sks rye, W J Meek; 1 bbl glue, A Hooveler; 1 bbl grease, J R Voskamp; 2 do do, H Snyder; 1 bbl eggs, 1 do butter, G Warnhoff; 5 sks rags, 1 bbl butter, Shipton & Wallace; 8 pkgs marketing, owner.

POLITICAL.

☞CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

Gen. J. S. NEGLEY

Is a candidate for nomination before the Union Republican Convention. mh17:d&T

☞CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

THOMAS HOWARD, Esq.,

Is a candidate for nomination, by the Union Republican Congressional Convention. mh31:d&T

☞FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

LEVI BIRD DUFF,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap17:o92-d&T

☞FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Gen. A. L. PEARSON,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh24:n24-d&T

☞FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

WILLIAM C. MORELAND,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh27:n43:d&T

☞ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

JOHN W. RIDDELL

Will be a candidate for Assistant District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap10:d&T

☞ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

J. B. FLACK,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh26:n42-d&T

☞FOR ASSEMBLY.

Col. WILLIAM ESPY,

Of Scott township, subjectto the decision of the Union Republican Convention. my4:p69-d&T

☞COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

PHILIP HOERR,

Of Lower St. Clair township, (late of Co. B. 62d P. V.,) subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap22:o95-d&T

NOTICE.

All persons who are indebted for Paving the following streets, in the Lawrenceville District:

ST. MARY'S AVENUE;

FOSTER, CHURCH, DAVIDSON, BELLEFONTAINE, BOROUGH, EWALT, DRAVO, WAINWRIGHT and ALLEN STREETS; and

LAFAYETTE and HAZLETT ALLEYS,

Are notified to call at the TREASURER'S OFFICE, of the City of Pittsburgh, and pay immediately and save further costs. ap28:

PITT ALLEY.—Notice is hereby given that the viewers report on WIDENING OF PITT ALLEY,

Third ward, Allegheny, has been filed in the District Court, No. 211, April Term, 1868, for confirmation. J. C. McCOMBS, ap25:p12 City Solicitor.

FOR SALE.

500 bush. No. 1 Spring Wheat;
200 " prime Winter Wheat;
150 " prime Rye;
1,000 " Oats;
350 " prime Peach Blow Potatoes;
For sale by HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGERS

At the manufacturers' wholesale and retail prices, at 26 and 28 St. Clair street J. & H. PHILLIPS, ap15 Sole agents for this county.

OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING, quality warranted good, at the lowest rates. J. & H. PHILLIPS, ap15 26 and 28 St. Clair street

SWEET MESSINA ORANGES, of extra quality, in prime order, just received; also prime Lemons, for sale at the Family Grocery of ap2 JNO. A. RENSHAW.

DOTY CLOTHES WASHER, the best in the market; another supply just received by J. & H. PHILLIPS, ap15 Sole agents for this county.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING AND STEAM PACKING, wholesale and retail, at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street. ap15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI.

THURSDAY PACKET—AT 12 M.

The new and splendid side-wheel steamer

J. N. M'CULLOUCH,

G. D. MOORE.....Commander.
D. MOORE.....Clerk.

The above elegant side-wheel steamer will leave regularly as announced, connecting at Cincinnati with Packets and Railroads to Louisville, Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans and St. Louis. Also to the Upper Mississippi and Missouri rivers.

Freight or passengers receipted through either by rail or river.

Especial attention given to Orders and Way Business.

For freight or passage apply on board or to JAS. COLLINS, CHAS. BARNES, } Agents. ap23

GHRIEST & HASLETT,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants, AND GENERAL

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Cor. Market and Water Sts., Pittsburgh.

We are the authorized agents for the "NORTH-WESTERN UNION PACKET COMPANY," between St. Louis and St. Paul; also for the "ST. LOUIS & QUINCY PACKET COMPANY."

Freights RECEIPTED THROUGH by either of the above lines at the LOWEST RATES. Shippers entrusting goods to our care can rely on having them handled with care and delivered with dispatch.

We are also agents for steamers to Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, New Orleans, and all other points on the Western waters. ap23

CINCINNATI

PACKET LINE.

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Gallipolis, Big Sandy, Ironton, Portsmouth, Maysville and Cincinnati.

ST. MARYS.....T. C. SWEENY, Master.

MONDAYS, 5 P. M.

ST. CHARLES.....C. A. DRAVO, Master.

FRIDAYS, 5 P. M.

The above elegant side-wheel steamers will leave regularly as announced, connecting at Cincinnati with Packets and Railroads to Louisville, Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans and St. Louis. Also to the Upper Mississippi and Missouri rivers.

Freight or passengers receipted through either by rail or river.

Especial attention given to Orders and Way Business. BARNES & COLLINS, GHRIEST & HASLETT. Agents.

PITTSBURGH,

WHEELING,

Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharfboat, foot of Wood street, DAILY, at 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS,
J. N. McCULLOUGH.....GEO. D. MOORE, Master.
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BAYARD.....A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by ap6 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

FOR ST. LOUIS.—The steamer KATE ROBINSON.....Capt. Robt. Robinson.

WEDNESDAY, 6th inst.,

Will leave as announced above, giving through receipts to Keokuk, St. Paul and intermediate ports by the N. L. Packet Company. FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, my5 Agents.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The new and elegant passenger packet GLENDALE.....JOHN M. HARE, Master,

Will leave as above, positively, on THIS DAY—4 P. M., positively. For freight or passage apply on board. my1

PITTSBURGH AND ST. LOUIS BARGE CO.—FOR ST. LOUIS.—The WILD DUCK BARGES.....Capt. J. W. ANAWALT.

THIS DAY—4 P. M.

For freight apply on board or to CHAS. BARNES, JAS. COLLINS, } Agents. ap24

REGULAR WEDNESDAY PACKET FOR CINCINNATI.—The fine steamer ARGOSY.....Capt. VANDERGRIFT.

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FOR CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, ST. LOUIS & CAIRO.—The fide steamer KATE ROBINSON.....Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON,

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For freight or passage apply on board or to JOHN FLACK, ap25 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

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NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &c.

Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., whether resident or non-resident in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at the Treasurer's Office of the City of Pittsburgh FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved March 30th, 1860, and and an Ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860.

All Licenses not paid on or before MAY 15, 1868, will be placed in the hands of the Chief of Police for collection, subject to his fee of 50 cents for the collection thereof, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.

The old metal plates of previous years must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or pay 25 cents therefor.

RATES OF LICENSE:

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7 50
Each Two Horse "	12 00
Each Four Horse "	15 00
Each Two Horse Hack	15 00

Omnibuses and Timber Wheels drawn by Two Horses, Eighteen Dollars each. For each additional Horse used in any of the above vehicles, One Dollar. SAMUEL ALLINDER, City Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, February 18, 1868.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, April 1st, 1868.

IN PURSUANCE of the 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny county, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the amendment to said section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I hereby give notice that the Duplicates of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships WILL BE OPEN and I will be prepared to receive the

County, State, Poor, Work-house and Bounty Taxes, for 1868.

On and after the 1st day of May, 1868, said taxes can be paid at this office until the 1st day of August, with a

Deduction of Five Per Cent. Discount

for prompt payment, to any persons paying the WHOLE AMOUNT of their taxes.

There will be no deduction allowed during the month of August. There will be TEN PER CENT. ADDED to all taxes remaining unpaid on the 1st day of September, 1868.

J. F. DENNISTON, mh31:n69 Treasurer of Allegheny County.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY, MEDIUM and LIGHT ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

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Sealer of Weights and Measures,

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PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART.

KEIL & RICHART,

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AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., &c., 340 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, my24:b37

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

ap18:x89

ALEX. M'BANE.....J. B. ANJER.

McBANE & ANJER,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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FETZER & ARMSTRONG,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 16 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh. fe22:u8

SHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil, &c., Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no8:n55

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JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. RIDDLE, No. 183 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., Commission Merchant and Wholesale Dealer in Country Produce, Groceries and Pittsburgh Manufactures. Cash advanced on Consignments, and paid for Produce generally. au23

ROBT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX

R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City ja17:r37

DAV. CRAWFORD, COMMISSION MERCHANT IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS, ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK AND CLAY, &c. Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oc3

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 113 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

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SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:r58

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No. 98 FIFTH STREET,

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OFFICE, NO. 73 PENNA. AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

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CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM.

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JOSEPH M. GAZZAM.....J. R. BUTTERFIELD. G. M. M'MASTER.

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And Solicitors in Bankruptcy,

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DANIEL McMEAL, M. D.,

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OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,

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J. S. FERGUSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 87 Fifth Street,

SECOND FLOOR, FRONT ROOM. ap4:w73

W. A. LEWIS,

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No. 99 Diamond Street,

mh5:u8 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN W. RIDDELL,

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Office, 116 Diamond Street, (Opposite the Court House,)

fe15:t44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. C. MACKRELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

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my24:l25 PITTSBURGH, PA.

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RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH and CONNELLSVILLE R. R.

On and after THURSDAY, March 5th, 1868 trains will arrive at and depart from the Depot, corner of Grant and

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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TUESDAY, MAY 5, 1868.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year,* $1.50; *in clubs of five,* $1,25; *in clubs of ten,* $1,15, *and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE: *Second page: Poetry and Ephemeris. Third page: Financial Affairs in New York, Markets by Telegraph, River News and Coal Shipments. Sixth page: Finance and Trade and Home Markets. Seventh page: Agricultural Department.*

GOLD closed yesterday in New York at 139¾.

THE Blue Noses of Nova Scotia have reconsidered their objections to the Canadian Confederation, adopting a resolution, the other day, by a large majority, confirming the principles upon which the new Dominion has been created.

THERE is no longer any fair room for doubt that Georgia has given ample majorities for the Constitution, for the Republican State ticket, and for a Republican control in both branches of the Legislature. We have no further information as to the Congressional ticket.

THE PRESIDENT'S habitual and illegal assumptions of authority are imitated by his subordinates, one of whom, Secretary WELLES, requires, it is said, that graduates of the Naval Academy shall serve two years before they are promoted above the rank of midshipmen. Of this complaint is made, as it is said by an act of Congress the cadets are entitled to the rank of ensign immediately upon their graduation.

IT IS understood that Mr. JAMES L. GRAHAM will accept a re-nomination for the office of State Senator, but will not canvass to obtain it. So far no competitor has appeared against him for the place, and it is now probable that none will appear. This is a very strong testimonial to the faithfulness with which he has served for six years past, and to the unusual confidence with which he has naturally inspired his constituents.

THE *Revolution* is, of course, a journal without a peer in its special department of social and political agitation. Owned by Mrs. S. B. Anthony and edited by Mrs. E. C. Stanton and Mr. Parker Pillsbury, it assumes to be "the organ of the National Party of New America," which we understand to be the party of Universal Equality, irrespective of race, color or sex. The *Revolution* has undertaken a very large contract, and we shall make it a point to observe its weekly progress, pledging in advance our admiration if not our convictions.

MR. BELMONT and his friends decline to assent to the holding of the Democratic Convention earlier than the day already fixed, July 4th. It is given out that this refusal is prompted by a desire to be acquainted with the Republican nominations and platform. As these are to be made public as early as the 21st or 22nd of May, it is fair to believe that Mr. PENDLETON'S Democratic opponents do not assign in this their real ground of objection. As PENDLETON stock is daily declining, they perhaps hope to defeat his nomination by the largest possible delay. The situation has a bad look for him.

MR. BINGHAM commenced his argument yesterday, for the prosecution, and closing the case. He will probably finish to-day. The Senate then assumes the further control of impeachment, deliberating in secret sessions until its verdict is made up. The pending propositions of Mr. SUMNER and others, relative to restrictions upon the length of debate, will be first settled. It is to be very much desired that the final judgment upon impeachment may not be needlessly delayed, yet it is equally proper that there should an ample latitude given to every Senator for the expression of his views, and such a comparison of opinions as will ensure an united vote upon the main issues.

SOLDIERS DISFRANCHISED.

Having disfranchised the students at the institutions of learning throughout their State, the Ohio Democracy are making their majority in the Legislature available in the renewal of the old warfare upon the soldiers of the Union. Not content with the hostility which the records of the past seven years show that they have steadily entertained against the wearers of the blue, they have revived once more the Confederate policy of attack upon the wounded and disabled veterans. It was a characteristic feature of rebel cruelty, that, in this regard, the humane restrictions which were recognized by the laws of civilized warfare elsewhere, were utterly disregarded in their treatment of the Federal wounded. If one of our hospitals chanced to fall into their hands, its unhappy tenants were systematically exposed to the fullest measure of their ferocious barbarity. The Ohio Copperheads keep alive this sort of tactics, as well as they can, and are now making war upon the crippled veterans who inhabit the National Asylum at Dayton, passing through one branch of their Legislature on Friday a bill to prohibit these soldiers from voting. Our Ohio exchanges regard the passage of the bill by the other branch as certain, and concur in stating that the Democratic Senators who voted for it "are the same fellows who howled all over the State last fall about the constitutional amendment disfranchising draft-sneaks and deserters." To have served the Republic in the days of its great peril is an offence which Copperheadism can never forgive.

A RAILROAD SOUTHWARD.

The western slope of the Appalachian system of mountains is remarkably rich in minerals, and is divided into several parallel valleys. Coal, iron, lime and fire clay constitute its most important mineral productions, while the soil of its beautiful and salubrious valleys is excellent.

Through the most extensive of those valleys which run parallel with the main mountain chain, extending from the neighborhood of Lake Erie in a southward direction far into Virginia, the Allegheny and Monongahela both have their courses. Coming from nearly opposite directions—the one from the north, the other from the south—they meet at Pittsburgh, form the Ohio, and thence, having broken through the swell of land which runs from near the southern shore of Lake Erie along the western border of Pennsylvania, and through West Virginia, where it divides the country drained by the Monongahela from that which sheds its water into the Kanawha, their united waters, no longer obstructed by the successive ranges of the mountain system, pursue their way quietly and gently to the center of the Mississippi basin.

With the Allegheny portion of this great valley, Pittsburgh has now excellent railroad communication; but with that to the south, which is drained by the Monongahela, there is no communication over which the products of the country can be carried except to the limited extent reached by the Monongahela Slackwater, the great success of which attests the native wealth of the valley. The Pennsylvania Railroad puts us in connection with the heart of the mountain system directly east of us, and soon the Connellsville road will open up another avenue in the same direction, but more to the south; neither of these roads, however, gives us access to the southern end—perhaps the best end—of our own great valley, which reaches away down to the borders of North Carolina and into Tennessee.

Pittsburgh is the only great city which possesses a direct natural route for a railroad into that region; and to no city would a connection with it be of such value; for it is a region of iron and coal mines and of vast and almost unbroken forests. Moreover its numerous fertile valleys, with their more southern climate, would add greatly to our market supplies, and give us many vegetables earlier than we can now obtain them.

Two railroads now cross the region of which we are speaking from east to west—the Baltimore and Ohio road, which would be crossed by this proposed line at Grafton, in West Virginia, and the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad at Newbern, a few miles north of the line between Virginia and North Carolina. This Newbern is sometimes confounded with Newbern, North Carolina, but it is more than three hundred miles north-west of that Newbern; yet a road to Newbern, Virginia, would give us a continuous communication by rail with the other Newbern, as well as with all the towns on the Atlantic slope south of the Potomac, and also with the entire system of railways of the south-west south of the Cumberland.

A road up the Monongahela to its head in West Virginia, thence to the Greenbrier, which rises in the same valley and flows in the opposite direction to the Kanawha, and thence up the Kanawha to Newbern would put this city in direct communication with nearly all the South on both sides of the mountains. Newbern is three and a half degrees south and half a degree west of Pittsburgh, and on no part of the line is there any large deflection from a north and south course. No mountain range has to be crossed by climbing; but the Kanawha, above the mouth of the Greenbrier, cuts through one. That is all. The distance from Pittsburgh to Newbern by this route would probably be from two hundred and fifty to three hundred miles, a little less than one-third of which would be within our own State. The line would pass through the entire length of West Virginia, from north to south, not far from the eastern border, and about twenty-five miles into Old Virginia, in the upper end of the valley of the Kanawha. Between the Baltimore and Ohio railroad and Newbern the country is destitute of any communication with the outer world other than common roads; consequently it is sparsely populated, poor and but little improved. Abounding in iron ore, coal and timber, there are no furnaces; and even agriculture is prosecuted under great disadvantages.

With a railroad built on this route, and a slackwater navigation on the Kanawha, to which that river is admirably adapted, at least as far up as the mouth of the Greenbrier, where it would meet this proposed road, nearly the whole of West Virginia could be made to prosper greatly and pour its immense native wealth into Pittsbugh as its natural emporium.

But to make a slackwater on the Kanawha steadily available will require a like improvement on the Ohio. Meanwhile the proposed railroad, if made, will have awakened a new life in the upper part of the valley of that river, and prepared a trade for the slackwater that will make the enter a great success. The two projects are by no means antagonistic.

Nothing can be devised that will so effectually heal the wounds of our common country, and give it peace, unity and prosperity, as such north and south avenues of intercommunication as the one of which we are speaking. We have spoken of the development of the wealth of West Virginia; but important as that is, it is of secondary importance compared with a direct connection, which this road would give us, with thousands of miles of railway already made, but with which we have now no connection whatever. To secure such a connection is worthy of a great effort, and that effort, if made at all, must be made by Pittsburgh. This opportunity is like one of those tides in the affairs of man, which, as Shakspeare says, "if taken at the flood, lead on to fortune." No other city can tap that country so easily, so naturally, as ours, and turn the fat currents of its trade this way; but if our people delay very long we shall see once more what for some years past we saw in the oil regions of Venango—we shall see rival cities, in the face of all their disadvantages, snatching away a great trade which naturally belongs to us. Thanks to the navigation of the Allegheny and to the energy of Col. PHILLIPS that we did not lose all that trade. If Pittsburgh would retain her ascendency she must take care of her own interests and put forth her utmost strength.

HOW TO REPRESS AN IRREPRESSIBLE QUESTION.

The question of Equality of Race appears once more in the church. The deliberations of the General Conference at Chicago on Saturday were vigorously disturbed by it, in the shape of a motion to admit certain Southern Mission Conferences, composed wholly of colored ministers and people, to an equality of representation. As usual, the question was fairly met, by some of the delegates participating in the very earnest discussion which the motion gave rise to, and who advocated the passage upon the substantial merits which they claimed for it. Others, however, evinced the disposition often exhibited in deliberative bodies on this question, to give it the go-by as long as possible, evading direct action by some adroit side-issue. The substantial point involved was really this: Shall Equality of Race be recognized in the Methodist Church polity and discipline? The side-issue, upon which several influential delegates proposed to send it off, was by way of an objection that no "Mission" Conferences, white or colored, were entitled to representation. There are discrepancies between the reports of the discussion as printed in the Chicago papers of Saturday evening and as telegraphed to the press, each apparently supplying the deficiencies of the other. Justice to a prominent delegate from this city, who insisted upon the validity of the "missionary" objection, requires it to be stated that he is officially reported not only as in favor of admitting those Conferences as soon as it could be done properly, but as hoping that "they would be admitted before the Conference finally adjourned." Those delegates who felt prepared to meet at once "the grave questions involved in the matter," were unable to get a direct vote; and upon the suggestion of Dr. DURBIN, of Philadelphia, the whole question was finally laid on the table to await the official report from the Bishops upon organization generally. Undoubtedly, it will be again under consideration before the Conference adjourns, and the spirit already evinced by influential delegates renders a square and triumphant vote upon the principles at issue not unlikely.

The efforts of the friends of Equality in political rights will be entirely unavailing so long as any exclusions, for caste or color, shall be recognized by the leading religious denominations. Until we see the end of this, it is of very little use to agitate for Equal Suffrage, or to combat the social prejudices of the people, or to hope for the slightest practical recognition of any rights for the black race which the white majority is bound to respect. So long as a religious denomination which numbers eight thousand preachers and more than eleven hundred thousand enrolled members—which is second to no sect of the Protestant faith in its influence upon the thought, the politics, the statesmanship of the nation,—which controls the cultivated classes by the learning and the polished oratory of its distinguished divines,—which, combining the Bible, the rifle and the axe, has carried the ministrations of the Gospel along the most advanced frontier of civilization, illustrating Christian duty in the midst of pioneer hardships and perils, and setting up the standard of the Cross in wilderness and mountain-pass where no other Protestant missionary or circuit-rider had ventured in the line of Christian duty—a denomination, which is adorned throughout the world by every Christian grace and which, by its faithful zeal in ministration and by the simple purity of its active faith, has become a recognized power in the land—so long as the Methodist Episcopal Church hesitates to declare for Equality, as a matter of simple and Christian justice, just so long will the hope of its recognition by politicians or legislators prove vain and delusive.

Is it any cause for wonder that the poor, ignorant world's people, the rank and file of political parties, the masses of the Democracy, with a very large proportion of the Republican party, should be unable to see their way clearly upon a question which seems to gravel these learned divines? Are we to be surprised if plain folks, who are confessedly in the habit of deciding the issues before them upon such simple lights as are afforded by their own reasonings, the teachings of their newspapers and the inculcations of such Christian ministers as they weekly listen to, should be controlled by their old-fashioned prejudices, and should be indifferent to the nicer shadings of abstract principle or an elevated morality, when we see that even their clergymen, whose sacred duty it is to confess and declare the truth, listen rather to suggestions of temporary expediency, and diplomatise upon troublesome questions with the cowardly adroitness of small politicians?

The Methodist church has sometimes been denounced as an "Abolition," "Black Republican," incendiary organization. No doubt, a very large portion of its clerical membership sympathizes in the sentiment of loyal patriotism which peculiarly marks one great political party. Unquestionably, the membership of this denomination exercise a powerful influence upon Republican sentiments. It is idle to hope for any decided progress upon this question of justice to the black race, so long as it is discountenanced by so potent a body as the Methodist General Conference. May we not desire that their deliberations will yet result in a conscientious and bold declaration of the faith which is in them? Let us trust that such an exposition of principle will yet be made at Chicago, as will go farther to sustain the policy upon which ten Southern States are now undergoing reconstruction than all the platforms of all the political conventions that may sit this year. Let us have an explicit and bold avowal that shall be a warning as well as an encouragement to other guides of public sentiment. Let the issue be met, considered, decided and then practically maintained in the pulpit as it should be, as a question of simple morality and pure Christian duty as it is, and it will cease to be troublesome to political parties or obnoxious to the popular prejudice which now feeds and grows fat upon the neglects and omissions of our religious teachers.

THE CHARTIERS VALLEY RAILWAY.

We mentioned, one day last week, that a meeting of citizens of the Chartiers valley had been held, at which a Committee was appointed to confer with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company as to the probability of the construction of the Chartiers Valley Railway. In response to the inquiries of that Committee, answer was promptly sent that if the inhabitants along the line would subscribe to the stock of the new company, an adequate sum sufficient to finish paying for the right of way and to complete the road-bed, the superstructure should be put on with as little delay as practicable.

According to the report of the Engineer, who made, during the last summer, an examination into the extent and condition of the work, the sum of about $600,000 will be required to finish the road-bed and liquidate claims for way. This is a very considerable sum for the property holders in the territory between Mansfield and Washington to raise; but the investment would prove remunerative, both as yielding fair dividends and as largely enhancing the value of real estate along the whole line. In discussing the general subject of railroad building we have frequently heretofore urged that only such lines ought to be constructed as will pay, and that in aid of such enterprises property holders and business men who are to be specially benefited, ought to do their full share while invoking help from abroad. The Chartiers valley enterprise falls clearly into this category. The offer made to the Committee seems to be reasonable, and if it shall be accepted by the inhabitants the enterprise will be put into successful operation in the course of a year and a half.

In view of the fresh local interest manifested in the resumption of the work, a meeting of the present owners of the franchises of the Chartiers Valley Railway has been called, to be held at Philadelphia on the 12th inst. It is to be presumed that all propositions submitted by the citizens, through their Committee, will be fully and candidly considered on that occasion. If it shall be found impracticable for the citizens to raise the sum of money requisite to meet the offer already made, it is earnestly to be hoped that some other basis of cooperation may be suggested, satisfactory to all parties concerned, so as to lay a basis for the obtainment of the money essential to finish the line and put it in operation at the earliest possible date.

THE CINCINNATI *Gazette's* Washington correspondent, under date of the 1st, writes very fully upon the probabilities of conviction. Classifying Senators, some as certain to vote aye, and others as resting under some doubt, not so much as to their own opinions as by reason of the imputations which journals in the JOHNSON interest have industriously insinuated against them, the writer devotes a paragraph each to ANTHONY, FESSENDEN, SHERMAN, TRUMBULL, ROSS, GRIMES, VAN WINKLE and FOWLER, and gives substantial reasons for believing that but two of these gentlemen, GRIMES and VAN WINKLE, will vote for acquittal on the main issue. Of the Tennessee Senator, he says:

Mr. Fowler, unless under the shadow of such a combination, would hardly dare to vote against the impeachment which he has so often and so lustily demanded. It was not very long before the beginning of these proceedings that, at the residence of Senator Morgan, in the presence of near twenty Congressmen, who were discussing ways and means of furthering loyal reconstruction at the South, he said: "Gentlemen, your schemes look well enough; but I tell you it will all be unavailing till you begin at the beginning, and put the prime cause of all the trouble, Mr. Johnson, out of office." He has again and again been even more explicit and pointed in his demand for impeachment, and scores of witnesses can be adduced to establish his position. No matrimonial gossip will serve to explain any such change as would be involved in his now voting for acquittal. He stands too deep in volunteered committals to conviction. It is not surprising, therefore, that Colonel Stokes and other East Tennesseeans now say they feel perfectly sure of Mr. Fowler's vote. He is a man of little prominence, however, and of little ability, and glittering prizes sometimes tempt such men sorely.

A WASHINGTON letter speculates upon the vote in impeachment as follows:

I have seen a count of the probable vote on the first, second, third, fifth and some of the specifications of the eleventh article of impeachment, made by one of the leading Republicans of the House. This gives thirty-eight votes for guilty on the first article, thirty-nine on the second, forty on the third and thirty-eight on the fifth and part of the eleventh. Of course this is only the opinion of one man, but his position gives him peculiar opportunities for obtaining information as to the views of the Senators.

A special to the Providence *Journal* says: The arguments of Groesbeck, Evarts and Stanbery, it is believed have not made a convert. Grimes, Van Winkle and Fowler are conceded to be doubtful, but not more so than they were a week ago. The delay in the trial has not weakened the feeling that the President is guilty. The argument on both sides will probably not affect a single vote.

Reconstruction and the Democracy.

According to the accounts received at Washington five of the late rebel States have adopted constitutions, and reconstructed themselves under the new *regime*. It may be put down as a settled fact that Arkansas, South Carolina, North Carolina, Georgia and Louisiana, will be admitted into the Union" as they call it, in time to participate in the Presidential election. It is certain as to them, and probable as to all the remaining States of the South, except, perhaps, Texas. It becomes then, a very important question for the Democratic party to determine what it will do in the premises—whether to accept the situation; recognize the validity of the State governments in the South, and canvass for their electoral votes; or, proceeding upon the idea that these governments are illegal, decline to run any electoral ticket in them. The latter it is needless to say, would be a very foolish policy—yet it will be strongly recommended by the impracticables who so often control the councils of the Democratic party. The election returns show that in some of these States the constitution was adopted by a very small majority. It was no doubt fairly beaten in Arkansas and Georgia, yet there is a pretense that it was adopted in each by a small majority. Well, in a Presidential contest the Democrats will get every vote that was cast against the constitution, to begin with. If they can, in addition to this, divide the negro vote—which they certainly can—they will carry a fair share of the Southern States. Those who think that because the negroes voted for the constitution they will, therefore, adhere to the Radical party, make the mistake of confounding two very different questions. The adoption of the constitution involved the right of the negroes to vote, and it would be very strange indeed if they did not favor their own enfranchisement. How they will vote after this enfranchisement, is another question entirely, and one to be determined by the same influences that determine the votes of ignorant and uneducated men everywhere. The whole history of reconstruction shows that the negro vote will not depend upon the merits of candidates or principles, but upon the success of party leaders in the use of proper means to get it. What other secret explains the nomination of General Scott, an utter stranger, but the head of the Freedmen's Bureau—as Governor of South Carolina. Not the election, but the nomination I refer to. Scott had just come into the State as the head of the Bureau. Yet he was able to get the nomination, and simply because he had it in his power to reward those who gave it to him. So of officers in other States—all goes to show that the negro vote is a marketable commodity. As such it has been successfully treated by the Radicals; as such it will be treated by the Democrats if they are wise.—*Mack. to Cincinnati Commercial.*

The Irish Church Question.

The Cunard steamer Java, which left Liverpool on the 18th instant and Queenstown on the 19th, arrived at New York the 28th.

Much anxiety is felt in England concerning the course of Parliament on the question of the Irish Church. The papers teem with notices of meetings to be held. The London *Times* treats the result of the battle as a foregone conclusion, and is content to offer advice to Mr. Gladstone as to the course he shall take as a victorious general.

Taking it for granted that the resolutions will be carried, the *Times* suggests to Mr. Gladstone that he shall push his conquest no further at present than the mere introduction of a bill. Such a bill would, it is said, require an entire session for its proper digestion and assimilation, and it is necessary to recollect, says the *Times*, that neither party can go to the country until both the Scotch and Irish Reform bills are settled. Archbishop Manning had contradicted the report that he had been requested to forward to Mr. Gladstone the thanks of the Pope for his action with respect to the Irish Church.

Foremost among the demonstrations upon the liberal side of the question was a meeting which was held at St. James' Hall, London, under the presidency of Earl Russell. The noble earl made a long and earnest speech, the keynote of which was that a crisis of great importance in the history of the country had now arrived, and that after a period of three hundred years the people of England had at last determined to do justice to the sister kingdom. He repeated at length the chief arguments in favor of Mr. Gladstone's position.

A counter demonstration was held in the same hall on the following evening, under the auspices of the Protestant Defence Association. The London *Times* says it was poorly attended. Not more than three-fourths of the hall was full. No one of any eminence had been betrayed by antagonism to Popery into joining this demonstration against Mr. Gladstone's proposal.

Mr. Boylan, an Irish Roman Catholic, was amongst those who spoke against the destruction of the Irish Protestant Church. The *Herald* says the attendance was large. A few Gladstonites had obtained an entrance and their expressions from time to time of dissent only rendered the applause and approval of the majority more emphatic.

The Mahoning Railway Accident.

On Saturday morning, at about three o'clock, an oil train on the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad was stopped by obstructions to the track a short distance from Mantua Station. While the track was being put in order a brakeman was sent back with a signal to stop the freight train that was following. He had been gone but a short time when the freight came thundering along, down a heavy grade, the momentum it had obtained rendering it impossible to materially check its speed before it struck the caboose of the train in front, knocking it into a complete wreck and setting it on fire.

The engineer of the freight jumped from his train an instant before it collided with the caboose, and escaped without serious injury. The fireman, James Denham, was killed.

In the caboose there were a number of persons, nearly all of whom were more or less injured, some of them seriously. Geo. Smith, of Newburgh, was asleep in the caboose at the time of the collision, and was instantly killed. His body was afterwards burned, with the wreck.

Those who were uninjured had scarcely escaped from the car when it caught fire, and it was with the utmost exertion that the wounded were rescued from the flames. One man who had become entangled in the wreck had both his arms burned to a crisp before he was released from his place of torture. He cannot live. His name we have not learned.

Sixteen cars loaded with oil then caught fire and were burned. The track and ties for a long distance were destroyed and all trains on Saturday were delayed several hours at that point, the road not bein replaced, and a transfer of passengers and baggage being required, both east and west —*Cleveland Leader.*

—Among the *jeusd' esprits* of the day is a story that Judge Nelson and General Butler fought a duel at the Congressional grave yard; that Nelson was shot through the brains; that Butler was shot through the heart, and that both of them walked back to the Capitol uninjured.

GENERAL NEWS.

—The Indianapolis Rolling Mill Company has entered into contract with Gen. Burnside to furnish 6,000 tons of iron for the Vincennes Railroad. The contract involves a half million dollars.

—The English papers announce the death of Dr. John Elliotson, one of the most distinguished scientific men of the time. He introduced the stethescope in England, discovered the curative properties of quinine and prussic acid, founded the North London Hospital, and was a confirmed believer in mesmerism.

—A revival of religion is in progress in Birmingham, Ct., and apropos of the great interest a correspondent tells of a rope-walker who drew a large crowd about him, so as to block the street during his ascension, but on coming down and proceeding to take up a collection, his whole audience incontinently left for the prayer meeting.

—The Georgia papers give credit to the military authorities throughout the State for the perfect fairness and impartiality of their conduct during the recent election. Beyond their efforts to preserve the peace and secure freedom of voting to citizens of every color,, they took no part in affairs. The same report would be true of every other Southern State.

—The Raleigh (N. C.) *Star* is reasonably philosophical over the ratification of the new Constitution in North Carolina. It recommends everybody to bear in mind that however much they may dislike it, they have got to live under it till they can get a better one, and the sooner they go to work to make the best of their condition, the better for them. This is thoroughly sensible, and if the Southern people generally would adopt it as a basis of their action, they would speedily get out of their troubles.

Simple Directions for Preserving Furs.

Ladies are often anxious about keeping furs free from moths during the summer months. Some one advertises to send the requisite information for one dollar.

Darkness is all that is necessary. The "miller," the eggs from which moths are hatched, only moves in light; the moths themselves work in darkness. Hang the furs in a very dark closet, and keep the door shut; keep it always dark, and you can have no trouble. But, as closet doors are sometimes left open, the better way is to enclose the articles loosely in a paper, put this in a pillow case, or wrap around a cloth, and hang it up in a dark closet. Camphor, spices, or perfumes are of no use. Continual darkness is sufficient. And do not take out the furs in June or July to give them an "airing," for even then cometh the enemy, and it may be that in fifteen minutes after exposure, it has deposited a hundred eggs. If you consider an airing indispensable, give the furs a good switching and put them quickly back.

BANQUET TO MR. BURLINGAME.—A banquet to Anson Burlingame and the Chinese embassy was given at the Lick House, San Francisco, on the 28th ult. Mr. Burlingame, in his remarks, said that this was not the place nor the proper time to enter into any exposition of the purposes of the mission. It came to him unsolicited, and was accepted in the broad interest of civilization, and would not be used in any partial or limited sense. It should be conducted only in the interests of all. The mission was not the result of an accident, nor with any special design, but the legitimate consequence of the events which recently occurred in the capital of China, caused by the West being brought into proper relations with that empire.

—A vein of iron ore has been discovered on the Garret mountain, near Patterson, N. J., about fourteen feet below the surface, extending a mile and quarter to thirty feet in width.

BEWARE

Of that remorseless and insidious destroyer of the human race.

CONSUMPTION.

Check and conquer its advances, lest you fall the victim. When attacked with any of its preliminary symptoms, no matter how slight, be on your guard and promptly use the remedy ere too late.

DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP

Is an old, well tried, certain and standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain or Oppression in the Chest or Lungs, and all Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Its sure and certain efficacy has been fully tested and endorsed for many years by numbers of well-known citizens in our midst, and their certificates are on record. Have you a cough which has gradually increased from a slight one to one of permanent standing? Lose no time, but procure a bottle of DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP, which will surely relieve you of the dangerous premonitory symptoms and effect a permanent cure. Do you spend miserable days and long sleepless nights of torture and pain from attacks of Asthma or Difficulty of Breathing? Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will act promptly, relieve you, and gradually restore you to your freedom of pain, and sound, pleasant sleep. Are your lungs sore and irritated, indicating inflammation? This is one of the most dangerous symptoms, and should be promptly removed. Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will heal the soreness, allay the inflammation, and restore the lungs to their prestine health and vigor. This Cough Syrup is pleasant and agreeable to take, while powerful and sure in its action. For sale by all Druggists in the country.

BITTERS.

The human stomach seems to require a tonic stimulant. From time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary, tonic bitters have been used. Formerly men made their own bitters, and few thought of eating breakfast without first taking their "tansy." Those were days, however, when prohibitory laws were unknown, and, in consequence, liquors were pure. Dealers could then afford to be honest and sell nothing but the unadulterated. Now, however, what with government tax and court fines, poke-berry juice and alcohol must pass muster for "old rye" and "pure bourbon." People have come to fear poisoning more than malarial diseases and dropped their "tansy." Right here is where HOSTETTER & SMITH, of Pittsburgh, have proven benefactors. Years ago they commenced the manufacture of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, laying it down as a rule, that has since been conscientiously followed, to use nothing but the purest liquors, manufactured expressly for them. By strict adherence to this rule they have won public confidence and reaped their reward in a large, profitable and steady business. Their BITTERS is known all over the country. They are the pioneers of the business, and have the largest manufactory in the world. Nor has success in their case, as in too many instances, rendered them careless; their BITTERS is as pure and good to-day as was the first distillation. We heartily recommend them as a tonic.

As a specific for dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, nervousness, general debility, and remittent and intermittent fevers its efficacy has never been questioned.

There are many worthless imitations; we earnestly caution the public against them.

ANOTHER CURE OF DEAFNESS.

I lost my hearing during the last year. Part of the time I was totally deaf. In April of this year I was induced, from an advertisement, to make application to DR. KEYSER, 120 Penn street, Pittsburgh. After having tried various medicines from doctors, without any benefit, I have been under Dr. Keyser's treatment now for nearly two months, and am entirely restored to my hearing, so that I can hear a pin drop. JOHN SCANLAN,

Coal Bluffs, Washington Co., Pa.

ANOTHER CURE.

A man called to-day at Dr. Keyser's office to inform him of a great cure made by his LUNG CURE, or PULMONARY RESTORATIVE. Ilst these cures are made with the Doctor's preparations, he desires it to be distinctly understood that most of his great cures are made in accordance with the established laws that govern the science of medicine, in which he has been engaged for the past twenty-five years. Last week he was also in receipt of a letter from a clergyman in the State of Ohio, detailing another most wonderful cure.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT CONSULTING OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES, No. STREET, FROM 9 A. M. UNTIL 3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAP GUNS FOR THE PEOPLE.—*The GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS have been removed to No. 170 SMITHFIELD STREET, where will always be found the most complete assortment of* **Guns, Pistols, Ammunition and Sporting Material, &c.,** *in the city. All kinds of Guns and Pistols carefully repaired. Cash paid for ARMY RIFLES and REVOLVERS. Send stamp for illustrated Circular. Agents wanted in every town in the United States. Address,* **J. H. JOHNSTON.** *170 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.*

FOR RENT,

The FOUR STORY STORE AND DWELLING HOUSE, No. **91** Federal street, Allegheny, at present occupied by T. H. KLAGES, jeweler. There is plate glass in the store windows, and the Second, Third and Fourth Stories are well adapted for a dwelling; with gas and water throughout the house.
A. WATTLEY & Co.
my5:p86

ROOMS TO LET.

OUR TWO LARGE FRONT ROOMS,

Well furnished, with or without board, suitable for man and wife, or young gentlemen. For further particulars apply at
No. 120 SECOND STREET.
my5:p66

NOTICE.—An application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania for the pardon of
ABEL COHEN,
who was convicted at the March sessions **1868** of secreting property for the purpose of defrauding creditors.
my5:p75-TWF BERTHA COHEN.

LETTERS TESTEMENTARY upon the estate of THOMAS McCOY, dec'd, have been granted to Catharine McCoy. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent will present the same, and all persons indebted will make payment to
CATHARINE McCOY,
Administrator of Thomas McCoy, dec'd,
or to E. A. MONTOOTH,
Attorney-at-Law, **117** Diamond St., Pittsburgh.
my5:p74-T

HORACE GREELEY ON GRANT.
ARE YOU OUT OF EMPLOYMENT?
Send at once and Secure an Agency for HEADLEY'S LIFE AND CAMPAIGNS OF GEN. GRANT, with Introduction by HORACE GREELEY.
*** It is the most complete, most popular and best illustrated, and the most liberal terms given to Agents, and is now ready for delivery.
Every family will desire a copy of the Life and Public Services of the next President. If you want to make money, we advise you to address for further particulars DERBY & MILLER, Publishers, **50** Duane street, New York. my5:p62:wF

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss:—At Pittsburgh, May **2**d, **1868.**
To whom it may concern:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of THOMAS SCANDRETT, of Allegheny City, in the County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District. JAMES W. MURRAY, Assignee,
my5:p71:DT Attorney at Law, **116** Fifth st.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Western District of Pennsylvania, ss., at Pittsburgh, Pa., May **2**d, A. D. **1868.**
To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JEFFERSON VARNEY, of Allegheny City, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.
JAMES W. MURRAY, Assignee,
my5:p70 Attorney-at-Law, **116** Fifth street.

CHEAP BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—100 cheap BUILDING LOTS in the flourishing village of Allentown, adjoining the Birmingham line, ten minutes walk from Carson street or by the Pittsburgh and Brownsville Road; delightful and healthy location. During last year **50** buildings were erected on these grounds, besides a large school building. The above lots are large sizes, and will close them out at very low prices, say from **$200** to **$300**, and only requiring the small sum of **$10** paid down; the balance can be paid at the rate of **$10** per month (if preferred). Call and examine our plots of the ground, at corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets. [my5] B. McLAIN & CO.

A NEW SUMMER RESORT.
THE LAKE HOUSE, Stoneboro, Pa.,
(On the line of Jamestown & Franklin Railroad, one hour's ride from Franklin.) This house is large, new and commodious, well furnished, has billiard rooms, ten-pin alleys and covered promenades. It is on the banks of the most charming Fairy Lake in America, abounding in fish, and admirable for sailing purposes, surrounded with Sulphur springs, romantic scenery, &c. It is the best summer resort in the State. Address,
S. T. KENNEDY, Proprietor.

WARD'S CLOTH LINED PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS. TO BE HAD EVERYWHERE.
Trade supplied in Pittsburgh by T. K. McKNIGHT & BRO., **134** Wood street; PATTERSON & BULLOCK, **117** Wood street; MACRUM & CARLISLE, **19** Fifth street; McCANDLESS, JAMISON & CO., **103** Wood street.
Manufactured by S. W. H. WARD, **387** Broadway, New York. my5:p69

SPRING STOCK
OF
CARPETS!

WE HAVE IN STORE THE most complete assortment of CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS we have ever opened, embracing the newest styles and designs of the best FOREIGN and DOMESTIC MANUFACTURERS, imported and selected with special reference to the Pittsburgh Market. Many of the patterns are confined to our house exclusively for this city. With the advantages of Direct Importation, we are now able to offer early the newest and choicest patterns of BRUSSELS, from the most celebrated English looms, and at prices within the reach of almost every householder. A special but limited importation of ENGLISH INGRAINS, of extra quality, and in rare and beautiful designs, will be found especially choice and desirable for Chambers.

Our Stock of COMMON ALL-WOOL CARPETS, purchased before the Carpet Weavers' strike, will be sold at the same rates as previous to the last advance, and will furnish CARPETS to the multitude at the lowest prices since the war. A good CARPET FOR 25 CENTS A YARD.

N. B.—Those having Parlors or Drawing Rooms to furnish are specially invited to examine the unusually large number of patterns particularly adapted to that purpose, which we offer in WILTON and TAPESTRY VELVETS and BRUSSELS at low prices.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & COMPANY,
No. 23 Fifth Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FIRST-CLASS
Allegheny City Residence
FOR SALE.
THAT FINE MANSION,

Located on the corner of Western Avenue and Bidwell street, lately owned and occupied by J. P. Lyon, Esq., one hundred feet on Western Avenue, by two hundred and twenty-seven feet on Bidwell street.
For location of the ground, as well as the improvements thereon, this Residence is well known
To Rank Among the very First and Most Desirable
in the two cities. Possession immediately.
For particulars, as to description, price, terms, &c., apply to
GEO. H. HOLTZMAN.
my5:p72 **146** WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

GAS FIXTURES
AND
CHANDELIERS.
I have now on hand and receiving the largest and finest assortment of
GAS FIXTURES
Ever opened in either city. Please call, examine and be satisfied.
JOHN M. TATE, Plumber,
227 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
AND
59 Federal Street, Allegheny.
my5:w80:TU-TH&S

LINDEN GROVE.
LINDEN GROVE having been fitted up in the most superb style, with a large and elegant Platform, beautifully shaded, large Dining Room and two excellent bars, is now ready to rent to
PICNICS, PARTIES,
Sunday School Celebrations, &c.,
ON THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.
Parties holding Picnics, &c., will find it to their advantage to secure the Grove.
The Grove is easily accessible, being but a few steps from the Oakland Railway Station, whose cars run regularly every fifteen minutes.
☞ For terms, &c., apply at the
OFFICE OF THE OAKLAND RAILWAY CO.,
OAKLAND STATION.
my4:p64

PUBLIC SALE
IN PHILADELPHIA.
Valuable Broad Street Residences.
On TUESDAY, May **12**, **1868**, at **12** o'clock, noon, will be sold at Public Sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all those **FOUR ELEGANT BROWNSTONE RESIDENCES**, with French roof, east side of Broad street, north of Oxford street, each containing in front **32** feet, (including side yard of **8** feet,) **165** feet deep. Houses finished in superior manner, the lower story mostly in Walnut; also Walnut stairs. These properties are well worthy the attention of persons desirous of purchasing desirable residences, as there is no locality in the city that will compare with North Broad street as a place of residence, and where property is more rapidly appreciating in value.
Broad street is now paved with the celebrated Nicolson pavement.
TERMS—**$14,000** may remain on each property.
M. THOMAS & SON, Auctioneers,
Nos. **139** and **141** South **4**th street, Philadelphia.
my4:p60

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
No. 52 St. Clair Street.
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.
WILL OPEN ON
MONDAY, May 4th,
WITH AN ENTIRE
NEW STOCK OF GOODS,
SELECTED WITH GREAT CARE.
At Prices as Low as can be Found West of the Mountains.
☞ Many kinds, just from Auction, at GREATLY REDUCED RATES from prices one month ago.
my4:

WALL PAPERS!
For HALLS, PARLORS,
CHAMBERS and KITCHENS,
In GREAT VARIETY,
For sale CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST, at
No. 107 Market Street, near Fifth.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
my4

STRAW GOODS!
HATS AND CAPS,
IN GREAT VARIETY,
SELLING LOW, AT
M'CORD & CO.'S,
my4 **131** WOOD STREET.

BLACK SILKS,
FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES, AT
WHITE, ORR & CO.'S,
25 FIFTH STREET.
my2

AT HEADQUARTERS!
New Goods and New Styles of
BOYS' CLOTHING.
VERY LOW PRICES!
GRAT & LOGAN,
No. **47** ST. CLAIR STREET.

IMPORTANT TO FISHERMEN— SEINES! SEINES! SEINES!—I have just received the following Seines, all complete, with bobs, floats and sinkers: **15**, **20**, **30**, **40** and **50** yards in length, one inch mesh, and will receive in a few days **60** and **70** yard Seines. Parties wishing Seines had better call soon, so as to secure any they may need, for it is difficult to get Seines made unless ordered early in the winter. For sale by
JAMES BOWN, **136** Wood street.
ap7:TUF

HOOKS, LINES AND JOINTED RODS.—I have received my Spring stock of Fish Hooks, Lines, Jointed Rods, Fish Baskets, Sinkers, Floats, Flys and Artificial Bait. The followers of Izaak Walton can find a complete assortment of the above goods for sale by
JAMES BOWN, **136** Wood street.
ap7:TUF

7,000 CANE FISHING POLES. —I have just received, direct from the cane brakes in the South, **7,000** Superior Cane Poles, which I will sell at a very low figure. These poles are yet green, cut this winter, and in first rate order. Call and examine at once. For sale by
JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street.
ap7:TUF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETO- fore existing between the undersigned, under the name of
SCHOMAKER & LANG,
Was dissolved by mutual consent, on May **1**st, by the retirement of WILLIAM SCHOMAKER, who has sold his interest in the firm to the remaining partners, who will continue the business at the same place, the name of
WATT, LANG & CO.
WM. SCHOMAKER,
WM. F. LANG,
JOHN WATT.

Having sold my interest in the firm of SCHOMAKER & LANG to my late associates, I cheerfully solicit for them a continuance of the patronage of my old friends and the public generally.
WM. SCHOMAKER.

WATT, LANG & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Groceries, Flour, Grain, Provisions,,
Cheese, Fish, Carbon Oil, Salt, &c.
172 & 174 Wood Street,
my5:p73 PITTSBURGH.

LACE CURTAINS,
DRESS GOODS,
AT
BATES & BELL'S.
my5:TTS&T

GRAND OPENING!
OF
NEW GOODS!
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
STRAW GOODS,
Such as BONNETS, HATS, CORDS and TASSELS, ORNAMENTS, &c.
Ribbons, of all descriptions;
Artificial Flowers,
Bonnet and Hat Frames;
Crapes, Illusions;
Silks and Satins;
Velvets and Laces;
Parasols, Sun Umbrellas.
ALSO, a full line of
White Goods, Embroideries,
Hosiery and Gloves;
French Woven Corsets,
SKIRTS, HANDKERCHIEFS,
LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS, CUFFS, &c.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
ROSENBAUM, STEINHART & CO'S
PHILADELPHIA EMPORIUM,
No. **76** MARKET STREET.
my4:n20

CITY OF PITTSBURGH WATER LOAN.
Proposals for Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars,
Of the "Water Extension Loan Bonds," will be received at the office of the City Controller, Fourth street.
These Bonds will bear SEVEN PER CENT. INTEREST with Coupons attached. The Coupons are payable semi-annually, at the Office of the City Treasury, and the Bonds payable in Twenty-five years. A SINKING FUND FOR THEIR ULTIMATE PAYMENT IS PROVIDED FOR, AND THE COUPONS ARE BY LAW MADE RECEIVABLE FOR WATER RENTS; and the revenue arising from the Water Tax is pledged for the payment of the interest and the retirement of the Bonds at maturity.
The Bonds are, BY ACT OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY, FREED FROM STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION.
It is a well known fact that Bonds issued for water purposes, in all large cities, have proved *safe and very desirable investments.*
No bids under par will be acted upon. The Bonds are to be issued in denominations of **$1,000**, **$500** and **$100**.
By order of the Finance Committee.
ap22:o94 **THOMAS STEEL, Controller.**

168. ..... 168.
NEW GOODS.
NEW ALPACCAS.
NEW MOHAIR.
BLACK SILKS.
HOSIERY and GLOVES.
F. SOUCY,
☞ No. **168** Wylie Street. ☜
168. 168.
[ap30:n40]

NOTICE.
Fifth Street Sidewalk Extension.
IRON CURB AND SIDEWALK.
We desire to call the attention of parties about to widen their sidewalks, according to ordinance, to our Patent Iron Curb and Pavement. The same will be laid in front of the Opera House this week and will speak for itself. The following is an extract from a letter of the City Engineer and Regulator: "I consider it superior to stone, and if laid in Fifth street, will add greatly to its beauty, and I would recommend it to property owners.
"H. J. MOORE, City Engineer."
Address
THE ATLAS WORKS.
THOMAS N. MILLER, President. ap22

MARBLE & SLATE MANTLES,
AT THE
PITTSBURGH ISTEAM MARBLE AND SLATE WORKS.
Office and Warerooom—**319** and **321** LIBERTY STREET. Mantle Wareroom on second floor.
Persons wanting Marble or Slate Mantles will find it to their interest to call. Workmanship not excelled in any place, and prices as low as in Eastern cities. Marble Mantles or Furniture Slabs which have become discolored bu smoke, oils or acids, can be Marbleized and made to look as well as new.
There is no other place in Western Pennsylvania where Slate Mantles are manufactured.
All kinds of Marble Work done in the best manner. Marble Cutters supplied with Sawed Marble at Eastern prices, carriage added.
W. W. WALLACE.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! *Just published in sealed envelope. Price, six cents.* A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physibal Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c., by Robt. J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co., **127** BOWERY, NEW YORK, POSTOFFICE BOX **4586**. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price **25** cents.
my5:D&WT

FOLEY'S GOLD PENS,
WITH OR WITHOUT HOLDERS,
EVERY SIZE, FROM No. **1** UPWARDS,
RANGING IN PRICE FROM
$1.00 TO $9.00.
These Pens ARE WARRANTED, and CAN BE EXCHANGED at any time within a year, if not broken.
FOR SALE BY
MYERS, SCHOYER & CO.,
(POST BUILDING,)
No. 39 Fifth Street.

ESTABLISHED **1849**.....THE LARGEST IN AMERICA.
NORTH AMERICAN
Lightning Rod Manufactory,
BRASS FOUNDRY
AND
IRON GALVANIZING WORKS.
30,000 FEET MANUFACTURED DAILY.
THE CELEBRATED STAR GALVANIZED
LIGHTNING RODS,
Manufactured at these works, and sold to all parts of the continent, are admitted to be superior to any Lightning Rod in use. Great inducements offered to peddlers and all persons buying at wholesale. Also, fine Platina Points, of all kinds and patterns, together with Insulators, Fastenings, Copper and Iron Connection Burs, Braces, etc. Samples, Pamphlets and Circulars sent free.
REYBURN, HUNTER & CO.,
Nos. 488 and 490 St. John St.,
PHILADELPHIA.
ap10:o53-d&F

FOR SALE,
250 bbls. very superior West Va. Oil.
Gravity guaranteed not over **26°**.
BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO.,
No. 3 Perry's Block,
ap30:p26 Cor. Hancock St. & Duquesne Way.

INDIA RUBBER HOSE, from 3-4 to 3 inch calibre, at India Rubber Depot.
ap15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRESH STOCK,
LOW PRICES.
DARK FAST COLORED PRINTS AT 8c.
LIGHT PRINTS AT 12½c.
YARD WIDE BLEACHED MUSLIN AT 12½c.
HEAVY UNBLEACHED MUSLIN AT 12½c.
600 SUNDOWNS at **62½**c, a bargain.
WHITE CORSETS AT **50**c.
COLORED CORSETS AT **50**c
KID GLOVES (Colored) AT **75**c.
COTTON AND LINEN DIAPER.
IRISH LINEN.
SHIRTING CHECK.
SACKING.
CASSIMERES FOR MEN'S WEAR.
CASSIMERES FOR BOYS' WEAR.
LADIES' SACKING CLOTH.
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS.
WOOL DELAINES.
IRISH POPLINS.
GROS GRAIN SILKS.
BONNETS, HATS,
RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c.
A very large and well selected stock at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
AT WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.
my5

OWNERS OF DRAYS, WAGONS, CARTS, HACKS, OMNIBUSES,
And every description of CARRIAGES, are required to call at the OFFICE OF THE CITY TREASURER and TAKE OUT THEIR LICENSES, on or before the **1**st day of May next.
For each and every Wagon, Cart, Car, Dray, Buggy or Carriage, drawn by one horse, the sum of ..... $ 5 00
For each and every one of the above named vehicles, drawn by two horses, the sum of. 8 00
For each and every one of the above named vehicles, drawn by four horses, the sum of 10 00
For each and every Hack drawn by two horses, the sum of 10 00
For each and every Omnibus and Timber Wheels, drawn by two horses, the sum of. 12 00
For each additional horse attached to any of the above named vehicles, the sum of..... 1 00
SEC. **3**. It shall be the duty of all Livery Stable keepers in said city to make a return to the City Treasurer, within twenty days after the passage of this ordinance, and annually thereafter on or before the **1**st day of May of each and every year, of the number of vehicles of every description, owned and used by them in their business, and the kind thereof, and the same return shall be made under oath.
SEC. **4**. All owners of Carts, Drays, Wagons and other vehicles, who shall neglect or refuse to procure a license as aforesaid, shall be subject to a penalty of not less than ten per cent. for every thirty days the same remains unpaid after the **1**st day of May of each year. All Livery Stable keepers failing to make the return required in the **3**d Section of this ordinance, shall, in addition to the foregoing, be subject to a penalty of not exceeding fifty dollars, all of which penalty shall be recovered before the Mayor, or one of the Aldermen of said city, by summary conviction; and it shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to seek out all persons who have failed to comply with any of the provisions of this ordinance and report the same to the City Treasurer, for which service he shall receive the sum of fifty cents in each case, to be taxed and collected as part of the costs, upon conviction as aforesaid.
The penalties for non-compliance with the ordinance will be strictly enforced after the above date.
D. MACFERRON, City Treasurer.
Allegheny City, April **1**st, **1868**. my1:p50

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
Near to the Allegheny River.

SAW MILL, TWO DWELLING HOUSES, TWO BARNS, with good FARM, and about **800** acres timber land. This property will be sold low. Cash **$2,500**—balance on time to suit buyer.
FARM OF **120** ACRES, will be sold for twenty dollars per acre. Improvements comfortable frame house and good barn; **50** acres of the land clear.
FARM OF **180** ACRES, near the line of railroad; very well located for raising stock; improvements are good and substantial; **100** acres of the land in meadow and grain.
CITY PROPERTY.—Will sell a good brick house, containing five rooms, at Sixteen Hundred Dollars, and would rent for the amount in six years.
A LARGE LOT OF GROUND, having a river front, and very convenient of access.
TANNERY, convenient to the city, and having a well established custom or local trade connected therewith; a good dwelling and forty acres of land.
FOUR LOTS in Sharpsburg, near the railroad; would make a good coal yard.
HOTEL FOR SALE.—That fine Hotel property, situated at the Blairsville Junction, containing fourteen rooms and the necessary outbuildings, with three acres of garden and fruit trees. This well located hotel will be sold low, as the proprietor wishes to retire from business.
FOR RENT.
Two new Brick Houses, **8** rooms each.
Two new Brick Houses, **11** rooms each.
One new Frame House, **4** rooms.
Two new Brick Houses, **3** rooms each.
One new Frame House in Wilkinsburg, having six rooms and a large lot, well suited for a garden.
FOR LEASE OR SALE—**3** Lots on Morton street, Ninth Ward; **7** acres can be divided into acre lots.
5 Lots in Oakland.
FOR RENT—**3** large Houses, suitable for Boarding Houses.
WANTED—**3,000** feet of Hazing **3** to **4** inches thick.
TO LOAN---$50,000,
IN SUMS OF **$5,000** AND UPWARD.
APPLY AT
D. P. HATCH'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE,
No. 91 Grant St., Pittsburgh.
ap27:p18

FOR SALE.
A RIVER BOTTOM FARM OF **76** ACRES, **19** miles from the city, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Youghiogheny river, one-half mile from Elrod's Station, on the Connellsville railroad; near churches, schools, stores, &c., in the flourishing villages of Boston and Green Oak. The improvements are a two-story brick house of six rooms, hall and cellar, a good frame bank barn with stabling underneath, and other outbuildings; a well of good standing water at the door, and several standing springs of water on the farm, and an orchard of **700** trees of selected fruits of apples, cherries, pears, peaches, quinces and grapes. This property being located near the line of the railroad, within one hour's ride of the city, makes it very desirable for gardening or a dairy farm; it is also a good and beautiful location for country homes near the city, lying immediately on the river, on the opposite side from the railroad. The West Newton Accommodation and other trains on the railroad afford certain and frequent opportunities of daily communication to and from this city. Will be sold as a whole or in lots of one acre or more, to suit purchasers.
Also, A FARM OF **173** ACRES, situated in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., near the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Houston Station. The improvements are a two-story frame house, with six rooms and good cellar, a frame bank barn **40** by **60** feet, and other outbuildings. There is on the place a young apple and peach orchard; **120** acres cleared land, divided into fields of convenient size, a large portion of which are well set in clover and timothy; the residue of said tract covered with good timber. It is well watered and underlaid with coal and limestone, and is convenient to churches, schools, stores, mills and blacksmith shops. A real good bargain is offered in this excellent farm; and with it will be sold all the personal property on the premises, consisting of horses, cows, stock cattle, hogs and poultry, harness, gears, wagon, plows, farming implements and household and kitchen furniture. Together will be sold very low and on easy terms, to a responsible purchaser.
Also, a desirable and very fertile Tract of Land of **158** ACRES AND **25** PERCHES, in Elizabeth Tp., Allegheny county, Pa., on the line of the Hempfield railroad, and one and one-half miles from the Connellsville railroad at Suter's Station. On this farm are **40** acres of superior white oak timber, which alone is now worth one-half the price asked for the whole tract. The improvements are a log house, frame barn, good fencing, and an apple orchard of good fruit. It is well watered and underlaid with limestone and flag stone of a superior quality, with stone coal for the use of the farm.
Also, The best FARM in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., of **250** ACRES, about six miles south of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad at Bolivar Station. The improvements are two large hewed log dwellings; one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two apple orchards, in good bearing condition; corn crib, wagonshed and other outbuildings. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation; fencing all in first rate order, and the land of the best quality of limestone soil, about **200** acres of which is cleared and the residue of the tract in good timber, such as white oak, rock oak, hickory, walnut and beech. This property will be sold very cheap and on good terms, as the owner wishes to engage in other business. For particulars enquire of
G. H. TOWER, 164 Fourth Street.
ap14:o42

FOR SALE—That very desirable two-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, containing **7** rooms, with finished attic, situate in the Second ward, Allegheny, No. **31** Monterey street. The lot is **20** feet front by **110** feet in depth. Will be sold on favorable terms, to facilitate settlement of the estate of John Chambers, deceased. If not sold before THURSDAY, May **14**th, **1868**, it will be offered at Public Sale on that day.
Enquire of JOHN DEAN, No. **29** Stockton Avenue, Allegheny, or S. B. W. GILL, No. **104** Fifth street, Pittsburgh. ap29:p37

LOTS FOR SALE—SEVERAL BUILDING LOTS on Observatory Hill, Second Ward, Allegheny City, are offered for sale—cheap. The location is a very desirable one, commanding a fine view of both cities, is easy of access, and there is abundance of stone on the ground for building purposes. Apply soon at the paint shop of McCOWAN & SNYDER, Allegheny Diamond, at THIS OFFICE, or on the premises, near the Observatory Building. mh25:n38

FOR SALE.—HORSES.—At HOWARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, one fine FAMILY HORSE (Bay); three DAPPLE GREY HORSES: one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near Monongahela House.
Horses bought and sold on commission.

ONLY $1700 for a NEW FRAME HOUSE of hall and four rooms, and ¾ acres of ground, situate on Coal Hill, in the Borough of South Pittsburgh. Immediate possession.
Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
ap29 Real Estate Agents, **85** Smithfield St.

$3,500 WILL PURCHASE a good two-story Brick House, of hall, five rooms, cellar and finished attic. Also, a Brick House of two rooms and lot of ground, No. **18** Franklin street; both houses rent for **$420** per annum. S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
ap29 **85** Smithfield street.

51. ..... 51.
GROVER & BAKER'S
ELASTIC STITCH
AND
LOCK STITCH
SEWING MACHINES
WITH LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,
At the New and Elegant Sales Rooms
OF THE COMPANY,
51 FIFTH STREET.
Also, NEEDLES, ATTACHMENTS, MACHINE SILKS and COTTONS, THREAD, MACHINE OIL, &c., &c. The citizens of Pittsburgh are respectfully invited to call.
Applications for Agencies solicited. Circulars or samples by mail on application. Correspondence to be addressed to
GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.,
51 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.
mh20:n12

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28.n53

JOHN PECK, Ornamental Hair HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. **92** Fourth street, one door from Wood, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2:n3

SEED POTATOES.
Thirty Barrels Harrison.
For sale by JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH, Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen, **113** Smithfield street.

CORNMEAL.—300 sacks White Unbolted on steamer Havana, to arrive. For sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PEANUTS—107 sacks on steamer Rapidan, to arive, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
my5

NOTICES.

IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, }
May **1**st, **1868**. }

☞ **THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** BANK have this day declared a Dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the **11**th inst., free of U. S. Tax.
my2:p58 J. MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

☞ **PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO.**
STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
A general meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company will be held at their office, in the City of Pittsburgh, on
Friday, the 15th day of May, proximo,
At **11** o'clock A. M., to accept or reject the ordinances lately passed by the Mayor and City Councils of Baltimore, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. By order of the Board,
JNO. H. PAGE, Jr., Secretary.
Pittsburgh, April **28**th, **1868**. ap29:p40-WFM

WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS,
To travel through Ohio, Michigan, West Virginia, and Western Pennsylvania, for the sale of SOLAR LIGHT, a regularly inspected article, and cannot be exploded. A liberal commission will be paid. We will sell any of the above States or parts thereof, and furnish the Light at cost. For particulars call on us or send for circular. DAVIS BROS. & CO., Office No. **8**, Cleveland Ins. Buildings, Cleveland, O. my4:p24

WANTED—To employ, a few GOOD MEN, to sell, by sample, the combined PLUMB, LEVEL AND BEVEL. Nothing like it in use. Will pay from **$75** to **$150** per month and all expenses; or will give a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. Also want Traveling Agents for Ashbaugh's WONDER OF THE WORLD.
J. C. TILTON,
ap29:p38 No. **10½** St. Clair street.

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN GARDNER. A sober, industrious married man, with a small family, to take charge of and live on a garden farm within nineteen miles of the city. There is a good brick house of six rooms, kitchen, hall and cellar, for the gardener to occupy, and to whom liberal wages will be paid, for one that is competent and trustworthy. For particulars inquire of
G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,
ap8:o16 No. **164** Fourth St., Pittsburgh.

AGENTS WANTED.
GRANT;
THE LIFE OF.—A new and standard work, by Hon. J. T. HEADLEY, the popular Historian. Send for Circular and see our terms.
Address or apply to A. L. TALCOTT & CO.,
ap20:o87 **60** Market street Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT.

TO LET,
ROOMS, with Steam Power.
Enquire at GROVE & OLNHAUSEN'S,
ap29:p35 **833** Penn Street.

AUCTION SALES.

BY SMITHSON, VANHOOK & M'CLELLAND.

FURNITURE, PIANOS,
CARPETS AND GROCERIES.
AT AUCTION.
On THURSDAY, May **7**th, at **10** A. M. and **2** P. M., at MASONIC HALL AUCTION ROOMS, **55** and **57** Fifth street, will be sold new and second hand Furniture, embracing Dressing and Plain Bureaus, Wardrobes, Washstands, Parlor Dining Room and Wood Chairs and Rockers, several Extension Tables, High and Low Post, Cottage and French Bedsteads, Hair, Cotton and Husk Mattrasses, Card, Side, Breakfast and Dining Tables, Tete-a-Tetes, new Secretary Desks, Sewing Machines, Queensware, Kitchen Utensils, Parlor and Cook Stoves.
GROCERIES, &c., at **11** A. M.—**5** half-Chests Teas—boxes Ground Coffee: **1** Case good Indigo, **10** thousand Cigars, in quantities to suit.
CARPETS AND WINDOW SHADES—At **2** P. M., large lines of new Carpets, without reserve: Fancy Window Shades, with Trimmings.
Housekeepers and Grocers should attend this sale, as bargains can be had—the goods being sold without reserve.
At a private sale two large French Plate Gilt Frame Mirrors, at one-third their value.
SMITHSON, VANHOOK & M'CLELLAND.
my5 AUCTIONEERS.

BY PALMER & PHILLIPS.
PALMER & PHILLIPS,
AUCTIONEERS
And Commission Merchants,
OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,
No. 60 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
BOOTS, SHOES, CARPETS,
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.
Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns.

BY A. M'ILWAINE.
KEYSTONE SAVINGS BANK, BOATMEN'S INSURANCE, MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION CO., &c.—TUESDAY EVENING, May 8th at **7½** o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, **106** Smithfield street:
15 shares Keystone Savings Bank.
4 shares Second National Bank.
50 shares Boatmen's Insurance Co.
40 shares Monongahela Navigation Co.
my4 A. M'ILWAINE, Auc'r.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,
No. 65 Fourth Street.
CHARTERED IN 1855.
ASSETS ..... $2,161,720 19.
Open daily from **9** to **2** o'clock; also on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May **1**st to November **1**st, from **7** to **9** o'clock, and from November **1**st to May **1**st, from **6** to **8** o'clock.
Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.
Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the **1**st days of June and December, compounding twice a year without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.
Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.
PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.
VICE PRESIDENTS:
John G. Backofen, A. M. Pollock, M. D.,
Benj. L. Fahnestock, Robert Robb,
James Herdman, John H. Shoenberger,
James McAuley, James Shidle,
James B. D. Meeds, Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock, Christian Yeager.
TRUSTEES:
Wm. J. Anderson, Robert C. Loomis,
Calvin Adams, Henry J. Lynch,
John C. Bindley, Peter A. Madeira,
George Black, John Marshall,
Hill Burgwin, Walter P. Marshall,
Alonzo A. Carrier, John B. McFadden,
Charles A. Colton, Ormsby Phillips,
John Evans, Henry L. Ringwalt,
John J. Gillespie, Wm. E. Schmertz,
William S. Haven, Alexander Tindle,
Peter H. Hunker, William Van Kirk,
Richard Hays, Isaac Whittier,
James D. Kelly, Wm. P. Weyman,
A. COLTON.
TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAMES B. D. MEEDS.

SILVER MINES.—We shall, in a few days, send an agent to Silver Mountain, Colorado, to develope ten different Lodes of Silver Ore, discovered and located by experienced miners and situated in an unusually rich mining district. It is intended to have them fully developed before going to the expense of erecting buildings, machinery, &c. For this development the Company have determined to sell a limited amount of the stock at a rate which will place purchasers on the same footing as the proprietors themselves. For full particulars apply to B. McLAIN & CO.,
mh26 **122** Fourth street.

FISH! FISH!
50 bbls. No. **1** Mackerel;
50 " " **2** do;
50 " " **3** do;
200 hf. do. Nos. **1**, **2** and **3** Mackerel;
45 kitts No. **1** Mackerel;
500 half bbls. Lake Herring;
180 do. White Fish;
In store, for sale by SCHOMAKER & LANG,
mh30 **172** and **174** Wood street

WHITE LIME.
250 BARRELS WHITE LIME,
Warranted equal to any in market, in store and for sale by
HUGH KNOX,
mh12:m56 No. **333** Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

IRON WORKS.

AS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Rods;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, P.

u29:e26

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.

LLOYD & BLACK,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Common, Refined, Charcoal AND JUNIATA BLOOM IRON.

MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON.
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
BOILER PLATE and SHEET IRON.
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER and GUARD or FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 20 and 16 lbs. to the yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES for same.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk.
COAL SCREEN IRON.
NAILS AND SPIKES.

Warehouse and Office at the Works, GREENOUGH STREET, (a continuation of First street,) adjoining the City Gas Works, Pittsburgh.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, PITTSBURGH.

ap24:d6

STEEL WORKS.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 88 Water and 100 First Sts.

ap16:o67

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES, BOYD & CO.,)

Manufacturers of the

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,

SQUARE, FLAT and OCTAGON, of all sizes; SAW PLATES, HOE, FORK and SHEET CAST STEEL; CAST STEEL for

Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Axles, Circulars, &c., &c.

Cast and Common Plow & Spring Steel.

Office—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STREETS, two blocks above the Monongahela House.

oc23:d9

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, | REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

HARDWARE.

NEW HARDWARE HOUSE.

LINDSEY, STERRIT & EUWER,

Manufacturers and Importers of

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

337 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF WAYNE,

One Square Below Union Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

Agents for FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

F. MUSSMANN,

FIFTH ST., bet. Tunnel & Chatham Sts.,

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Rdpairing done carefully on short notice. je2:d50

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 2 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
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no9:n69

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CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

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I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

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A. BRADLEY & CO.,

Manufacture every variety of

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Among which are the celebrated EUREKA, TROPIC and TALISMAN (Coal Stoves); POMANA, VETERAN and IRONSIDES (Wood Stoves). Also manufacture

GRATES, GRATE FRONTS, &c.

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ap21:r59

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OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
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REPAIRING promptly done. jy4:b2

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FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

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PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
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CHEAPEST PLACE in the city

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WESLEY WILSON & CO.,

NATURAL LUBRICATING OIL,

Settled in tank, and prepared expressly for RAILROADS, and ALL CLASSES OF MACHINERY.

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JACOB WEAVER, Jr. & CO.,

Oil Commission Jobbers,

No. 3 DUQUESNE WAY, will buy and sell Crude and Refined Oils, Lubricating, Tar, Benzine and Cooperage. Our long experience in the Petroleum trade enables us to offer unusual facilities and inducements to operators. As heretofore, we are determined to make it the interest of buyers and sellers to give us a call. Parties having Oils for sale are cordially invited to bring their samples.

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H. M. LONG & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,

Brand—"LUCIFER."

Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

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SOHO OIL WORKS.

Manufacture and have for sale all kinds of

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INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

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HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

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(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

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And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

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57 Market Street,

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

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Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

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No. 59 Fourth Street.

CHARTERED 1866.

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DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK, WITHOUT INTEREST.

Discounts Daily at 12 o'clock.

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ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

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DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

7 3-10s Converted Into 5-20.

STOCKS AND GOLD

Bought and sold on commission, here and in New York. TIME PAPER NEGOTIATED.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY. Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on favorable terms.
ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE AT MARKET RATES.

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CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. ap16:x96

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I HAVE REMOVED MY

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Corner of Fifth and Wood Streets,

Formerly occupied by the NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.

PH. R. MERTZ.

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Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

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BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

7-30's CONVERTED

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NEW 5-20 COUPON BOND.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

MONED LOANED ON GOVERNMENT BONDS, and other approved collateral, at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, May 4, 1868.

More than one-third of the gold interest due May the first has already been paid out, with scarcely any effect on the market; the closing quotations on Saturday were 139¼, and at the opening of business this morning quotations remained the some; towards noon the market was firm at 139½, and closed with some activity at 139⅝. The amount of bonds held abroad was generally estimated as being between three and four hundred millions, but the few coupons coming in of the old Five Twenties is a good proof that at least two-thirds of the 1862 bonds, and about one-half of 1865, old issue, are held by foreign capitalists. To make up the payments or rather remittances for this interest nearly all the shipments of coin have been required during the last fortnight, the quotations for bonds being too high for investment. Taking all these facts into consideration, there is a probability that gold will advance later in the season, when the effect of the present payment has died away. On the other hand, it should not be overlooked that our imports are comparing very favorably with former years, being less than seventy-five per cent. from the largest amount.

Governments were rather weak and dull, there is no inquiry for any other kind than the Consols, which were selling at ⅛ per cent. below those of 1867, and therefore, are more in favor.

Stocks are quiet; the western roads sustain their quotations, and are rather better except Michigan Southern; eastern shares are very lightly dealt in. Money is easier at from 9 to 10 per cent. for first-class paper. Trade is fairly active, but there is a sharp competition for business.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 139¾; 1881 bonds, 113; 1862 5-20s, 108; 1864 do, 106½; 1865 do, 106¾; Consols, 109; 10-40s, 103; 7-30s, 107¼.

Railroads—Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 82; Fort Wayne, 104; North Western, common 65¼; North Western—preferred, 76¼; New York Central, 128; Erie, 70; Old Southern, 83¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 31; Merchants Union Express, 31; Western Union Telegraph, 36¾. Mining Shares—Corydon, 28; Quartz Hill, 1,05; Quicksilver, 28.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold	139⅜
U. S. 6's, 1881	113
" 5-20's, 1862	108
" 5-20's, 1864	106½
" 5-20's, 1865	106¾
" 10-40's	103
" 5-20's, Jan. and July, '65	108⅞
" " " " '67	109¼
" June 7-30's	107¼
" July 7-30's	107¼
May Comp., 1865	118½

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, May 4, 1868.

CRUDE—The market continues excited, and prices are advancing. Holders of spot oil are asking 12c, but there were no transactions of which we could hear. We can report 1,000 bbls for June and July, seller's option, at 12c; a "line" of 3,000 bbls for May, June and July, at 12c; 1,000 bbls May, June and July, seller's option, at 12c; 1.000 bbls for June, seller's option, 11¾c; 5,000 bbls, buyer's option, for all 1868, prices withheld—probably 15c, as holders were asking that figure.

REFINED—The bonded oil market is equally as excited as crude, and prices have still further advanced We are advised of the following transactions: A "line" of 1,500 bbls, Philadelphia delivery, for June, July and August, first half each month, at 30½c; 1,500 bbls May, June and July at 30c; 2,000 bbls for May at 30c; 500 bbls last half July at 30½c; 1,000 bbls for May at 30c; 1,000 last half of June and July at 30c. All the year, buyer's option, we still quote nominally at 33c. Offers were made for each month during the year at 31c, but there were no sellers at that price.

Dispatches from Oil City during the afternoon report the price of oil on the creek at $2 per barrel. Sales of oil were made at $4,25 on broad gauge cars, and same dealers were asking $4,50. For oil delivered on Allegheny Valley Railroad cars higher figures were being asked.

ARRIVALS—The following are the arrivals of oil:

Montzheimer & Co. 240 | Lockhart & Co. 880
Total 1,120

OIL SHIPMENTS PER A. V. R. R.

Clark & Sumner, 56 bbls refined to P. Wright & Sons, Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 313 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co., 250 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 250 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 170 do benzole to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

O. B. Jones, 100 do ref. to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Johnson & Paine, 98 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.

Buffum, Kehew & Co., 55 do to W. P. Logan, Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPMENTS FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

H. M. Long & Co., 198 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Hutchinson Oil Co., 165 do do. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

G. W. Holdship, 30 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, May 4, 1868.

Since our last we have no material change change to notice in our markets, Trade to-day was fair. The demand for Flour and Provisions continue large, and at current quotations holders exhibit much firmness. Groceries were in fair request. The weather is fine for out-door transactions, and the country people are busily engaged in farming operations. In a trip up some thirtv miles on the Connellsville Railroad since Saturday last, we observed Corn aud Potato planting going on finely. On the line of that road the gardens are in a forward state of cultivation, and the friut trees are blooming as well as we have seen them for years, and we heard of no complaint of any of the buds being injured as yet, by frost. There is some Wheat left in this part of the country, but it is not large, and farmers will not part with a bushel until they see how the coming crops will turn out. That cannot be told as yet, for some time, and the Wheat required to supply our mills has to be brought from the western markets, where there is more of a surplus than here, but mostly held on there also by farmers until they see further into the future crops. It is not likely that there will be any drop whatever in Wheat or Flour in this market for some time, and indeed, prices may advance at no distant day. Corn is coming in more freely to meet the late advance. We quote current rates as follows:

GRAIN—There is a fair demand for Grain of nearly all descriptions, with but light receipts. Corn is coming in better. Pure White Corn sold in depot this morning at $1,06, and mixed at $1,05. In elevator there were three car loads sold at $1,08. A considerable sale of oats was made from depot at 80c; on wharf at 78 to 80c. Rye continues scarce and in demand at $1,95 to $2. Barley is quoted nominally at $2,50, with none of any consequence in market. There is no Wheat coming in for sale. Millers rely on the Western markets for such amounts as are required to run their mills; quote nominally Red Winter at $2,65 to $2,70; White Wheat, $2,70 to $2,75, and No. 1 Spring at $2,50 per bushel.

FLOUR—There is a continued active demand, but prices are without change. Holders are very firm at the following prices: Dayton Snow Flake, White Winter, $13; White River, (Red Winter) $12 to $12,25; Jenkin's Lilly Mills, $12; Crossett's, $11,75; Emerald, $11,25 to $11,50; Ford's choice, $11,25, and medium brands, $10,50 to $11 per barrel. Rye Flour has advanced to $10 per barrel.

CORN MEAL—From store we quote at $1,10 to $1,15 per bushel.

PROVISIONS—The market is firm and and still advancing. We quote Sugar Cured Hams, 19¾ to 20c; do Canvassed, 20¾ to 21c; Shoulders, 14½ to 14¾c; Ribbed Sides, 17¼c; Clear Sides, 19c; choice Dried Beef, 24c, and Lard, 19¼c per pound. Mess Pork firm at $30,50 per bbl.

LARD OIL—The market is active and we quote an advance in Extra No. 1 to $1,55. No. 2 is quoted at $1,25 for gallon.

BUTTER—Choice Roll sold at 40 to 42c. A fair article can be bought for 35 to 38c per lb.

EGGS—Sold at 21 to 22c—prices drooping.

HAY—On the wharf baled Hay sold at $22. At the Allegheny scales there were 6 car loads Timothy sold at $28 to $30; and at the city scales 11 loads do sold at $24 to $28 per ton.

POTATOES—Firm with regular sales at $4 to $4,50 per bbl, for Peach Blows and Buckeyes.

CHEESE—Choice Cheese is in demand. We quote Goshen at 19 to 20c; Factory at 18c; and Western Reserve at 17c.

SALT—Sales of small jobbing lots from store at $2 per barrel.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 4.—Cotton very firm, but not very active; sales 1,900 bales at 32½ a33c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts 18,682 bbls at $8,75a9,25 for superfine state and western, $12,10a13,50 for white wheat extra, $10a14 for round hoop Ohio, $11a11,-25 for extra St. Louis, $12,50a16,00 for good to choice do, closing dull. California lower; sales 3,100 sacks at $12,15a13,85. Rye Flour steady; sales 4,000 bbls at $8,25a12,00—latter an extreme. Corn Meal quiet. Whisky nominally unchanged. Wheat; receipts 214,426 bush; 1a2c lower; more active; sales 156,000 bush at $2,51a2,52 for No 1 spring, $2,40a2,42 for No 2 do, $2,45 for No 1 and 2 do mixed, $2,35 for No 2 and 3 do mixed, $2,90¾ for amber state, $2,65 for amber Green Bay spring, $3 for white Canada, and $3,20 for white California. Rye dull and heavy at $1,87½a1,90 for state. Barley heavy and easier; sales—16,000 bush; Canada West at $2,25a2,30; nearly all sales at inside figures. Barley malt quit; sales—1,500 bush. Peas $1,45a1,50, in boad. Corn; receipts—58,601 bush; sales—56,000 bush; $1,14a1,16 for new mixed western; do afloat at $1,15a1,16; old do afloat and in store at $1,14a1,15; common white southern at $1,20. Oats a shade firmer; receipts—70,568 bush; sales 38,000 bush at 85½ for western at railroad depot; do afloat at 86. Rice dull at 9a 10; Rangoon at 10¼a11½. Coffee dull and heavy. Sugar very firm; sales—500 hhds at 10½a12 for Cuba; Porto Rico at 11¼. Molasses quiet. Hops quiet. Petroleum firm at 14½ for crude; 29½a30 for refined bonded. Pork firm and quiet; sales—23,500 bbls at $29,37a29,50; new mess closing at $29,50 for regular; $28a28,25 for old do; closing at $23,75a24,12; chiefly at $24,00; $25,25a26 for prime mess. Beef is steady, with sales of 455 bbls at $15a20,50 for new plain mess; $20,50a24,55 for new extra mess; also 1,250 tierces at $36a39 for prime mess, and $40a43 for India mess. Beef hams are quiet and small sales were made at $36a37. Cut meats are quiet; sales of 280 pkgs at 13½a13¾c for shoulders, 17½a18¼c for hams; middles are quiet and firmly held. Lard is firm; sales of 1,420 bbls at 18½a18⅞c, and small lots at 19a19¼c. Butter is heavy at 20a43c for Ohio; 47a49c for State. Cheese is quiet and steady at 21a27½c. Freights to Liverpool are lower, with engagements of 5,200 bushels whoat at 4d. per sail, and 5d. per steam; also 2,000 bbls flour at 1s. 6d. per steam.

LATEST.—Flour closed quiet and a shade easier on medium and lower grades. Wheat, fair export demand, $2,40 for No. 2, and $2,50a2,75 for No. 1 spring. Rye dull and heavy, $1,85a1,87. Oats quiet and steady at 86c for western afloat. Corn dull at $1,14 a1,16 for new and old mixed western afloat and in store. Pork quiet and steady at $29,37½a29,50 for new mess, cash, and regular, and $29,45a30,00 buyers in June. Beef quiet and steady; cut meats firm and with limited business doing; Bacon quiet and steady. Lard firm at 19½a19¾c for good to prime. Eggs steady at 23a23½c.

Cincinnati Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, May 4.—Flour dull and unchanged; family $11a11,25. Wheat dull and held at $2,60a3,65; these rates are 2a3c above the views of buyers. Corn dull at 94c for ear, but no demand for shelled. Oats dull at 80c, and no demand. Rye selling at $2a 2,05 for No. 1 and choice. Barley unchanged and quiet. Tobacco in good demand at full prices. Cotton unchanged and quiet; middling is held at 31c. Provisions firm. Mess pork in good demand at $28,50, but held at $28,50a29. Bulk meats are firm but quiet; shoulders 13c, and sides 15½c; shoulders sold at 13½c, buyer all this month. Racon is firm; 14c for shoulders, and 17½c and 18c for clear rib and clear sides. Lard is in demand and prices are higher, with sales at 19c, but it is now held at 19½c. Butter is scarce and firm at 40a45c. Eggs have declined to 18c and are dull. Gold is selling at 1.39.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 4.—Weather fine yet trade as dull as ever, but prices are unchanged.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FARM, GARDEN AND KITCHEN.

Raising Clover Seed.

[From the Evening Post.]

Clover seed has been raised successfully for more than twenty years in a southern Herkimer county, N. Y. It has brought fortunes to the farmers and is still raised. The soil is a variety of yellow loam on the hills, and alluvial deposit in the valleys.

Clover is raised abundantly here on all soils. Seed does better on the uplands and better on the south side of the hills, plaster always being used. This (the use of plaster) is considered a necessity to a good crop, and seems more particularly favorable to land most exposed to the rays of the sun. A steep North declivity yields abundantly of straw, but little of seed.

The mode here to successfully raise clover seed is to sow in the spring on spring grain or (earlier and better) on winter wheat and rye. This seldom fails with us. Sown on the late spring snows, is successful with us, and probably preferable to any other way. This will cover the field in the fall with a thick, rich growth, and if the ground is well drained may defy the frost.

The next year cattle are turned on as soon as pasture is afforded, which is early, especially with June clover. The field is cropped close—the closer the better. This is important, as it makes the crop even, causing a simultaneous ripening at the right time—for there is but a short space in which clover fills well as the years run. That time is between the extreme heat and the early frost. The heat will burn and hurt the seed, and frequently spoils a whole crop. Much moist weather is also a damage. Cool, dry weather is best at the "filling" time, which is in the latter part of August and the fore part of September, the ripening following immediately after, and the cutting and harvesting in October. The harvesting is sometimes difficult on account of moist weather, extending the work into November, and in some cases till the snow whitens the ground. I have on more than one occasion gathered a good crop after the field had been whitened with snow. Cold, crisp weather is favorable to good drying. But the sun in mid-October is best, and this is the time to gather the crop.

After the field is thoroughly shorn by the cattle, sheep, &c., sheep being best, the stones are picked, and plaster is sown, ranging from half a bushel to a bushel per acre. The cattle are turned out on the 15th of June. The time is the important point in the raising of clover seed. If taken out earlier the sun will be apt to injure the crop; if later, the frost will reach it. Experience has demonstrated that the 15th of June is the successful point. This year two weeks earlier, or even three or four, would have been the time, this on account of the cool weather in August and September, and the early frost. But this year is an exception. On the 15th of June the field is expected to look like a common, as barren as can be. It is a remark that pasturing clover for seed is starving cattle, and it is often difficult to get sufficient stock to dress it down. After this, nothing more need be done till the scythe enters the field.

Clover seed is in high demand, and proportionally pays as well as ever. It is, however, not so reliable a crop as corn or wheat, though on the whole it pays as well, but it requires proper management.

The second crop of seed is never taken from the same field without breaking up the soil and reseeding. The root dies or is lifted during the winter and spring by the frost. The treatment, therefore, is to sow timothy with the clover, which is kept down the first year (by the clover) and the second appears. This usually forms our best hay, being a proportion of one-third clover to two-thirds timothy. Sometimes there is more clover, especially when the fall is a favorable one and starts new shoots, and the soil is dry. Even in such case there will be more or less timothy, and the clover will be less coarse. The third year finds the timothy to predominate; but the crop is less heavy than the second year. Timothy will run out unless well protected. This protection is afforded by the aftermath, a full growth of which will protect and manure the crop. In this way timothy is continued for many years. We know fields thus treated that have afforded heavy crops of pure timothy for eight years in succession. But the math covers your ankles if you walk through it. This heavy coat affords a good deal of manure, and of the right kind exactly. The frost cannot reach the tender roots sufficientiy to hurt them; and the result is the finest crop of timothy I have ever seen.

HINTS FOR HOP CULTURE.

Hop culture is beginning to attract considerable attention among the farmers in this section of the country, and is worthy of experiment. The manufacture of malt liquors is largely on the increase. The statistics of 1850 put the number of barrels manufactured at 3,230,545, those of 1866 at 7,916,575 barrels, and the number for the present year is estimated at 10,000,000, an increase of 300 per cent. since 1860.

Hop vines will grow upon almost any soil, but in order to insure the "filling out" of the fruit, a high, dry ground, with medium loam soil is the best. In low, moist grounds they are exposed to frost, mildew, and are liable to rust. The ground is prepared with care, nearly as one would prepare for a corn crop. The hills should be at least eight feet apart, in all directions. It is necessary that there should be a free passage of air through the yard. Seed roots are cut into pieces containing two sets of "eyes" each and these are planted, the latter towards the surface. Two good roots in a hill are sufficient, but in order to insure success against worms or disease, three or four are placed together. It is very important that the vineyard be laid off in exact squares, for one set of vines lasts for years. The hops are divided into sexss, the male bearing no fruit, but being necessary to a proper bearing in the female. In every tenth hill of every tenth row, small plants are placed. The method of planting is as follows: Take a stick an inch and a half in diameter, sharpened at the end, and make a hole large and deep enough to receive the roots, in a bunch, eyes up, upper ends even, and an inch or an inch and a half below the surface. It is necessary to pack the dirt carefully around the roots, their entire length, otherwise there will be a dead air cell left, which is often fatal to them. Then place a stake for them to climb upon.

Hops do not yield until the second season after planting, and the first season the ground can be made to yield an income by planting corn, potatoes, beans or some other things between the hills. The mode of cultivation is nearly the same as that of corn. It is necessary to go through the field three or four times with a cultivator, and to remove all weeds from around the vines with a hoe.

PLANTING CUTTINGS.

We are constantly hearing people say that they have no luck in making grape or other cuttings grow—just as if luck had anything to do with it. They fail in not giving due attention to the matter; in other words, the cause is neglect and indifference. The old adage should never be forgotten, apply it wherescever we may—"A thing that is worth doing at all is worth doing well."

There [illegible] to properly two eyes to every cutting; then dig a trench—set the cuttings at an angle of 45°, (at least six inches apart) so that the upper eye shall be an inch above the ground—and press the earth around the wood firmly with the foot. It is well to mulch them with grass or straw; and if need be water them occasionally in the dryest weather. This is of course for the farmer and the amateur. The nurseryman propagates from a single eye, stuck together as closely as possible.

Some varieties of the grape are propagated much more freely than others. For instance the Concord, Maxatawny, Hartford, Prolific, Telegraph, Clinton, Cassiday, &c., take root readily; while the Delaware and Diana are difficult to propagate in open culture unless great care is paid to them, and a good portion of wood is used.

We all know how easily currants and gooseberries are thus grown. We have had both the latter to bear the year after setting out. Currants and gooseberries should be set out just where they are wished to stand permanently. If you prefer a tree, cut out all the eyes beneath the surface of the ground; if a bush, let the eyes remain. These cuttings ought to be planted at least eight inches deep, and the earth pressed firmly around them.

A large proportion of flowering shrubs can also be propagated by cuttings—and this should be known by all who have "luck" in multiplying their stock in this way.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

ABOUT FENCES.

The cry "down with the fences," is daily becoming louder. One eminent English agriculturist has removed three and a half miles of what he regards as unnecessary fence from a farm of less than 200 acres.

It is estimated that Great Britain might dispense with 500,000 miles of fencing now in existence. If we suppose this fence to occupy a width of nine feet, which is a very moderate estimate for the wide live fences of England, this would be an addition to the arable land of 589,280 acres.

Our common worm fence usually occupies a width of 4½ feet—the rails being fourteen feet long. A fence made with longer rails occupies more space. If the rails are shorter, the space occupied is less. To this it is safe to add eighteen inches for land that is not cultivated. This gives a width of two yards appropriated to fence. Every 22,40 yards of such fence occupies an acre. An acre of land in a form nearly square, and consequently in the most economical shape as regards fencing, is 220 feet by 198 feet. To fence this requires 278 yards of fencing, which occupies just about one-eighth of an acre—that is one-eighth of the whole. Such a fence surrounding a ten acre lot of the comparatively economical shape of 242 yards by 200 yards, would occupy 1,768 yards, or considerably less than ⅛ of an acre. This would be less than 1-30 of the whole amount—a striking illustration of the advantage of large lots over small ones.—*Country Gentleman.*

In New Jersey, the cranberry culture is rapidly becoming a leading industry, and it is said that the people of Ocean county are this spring going into the cranberry business with a vigor that surpasses all previous efforts in that line. Large swamps are being cleared, and the prospects are that thousands of acres of new land will this year be planted with the cranberry.

ILLINOIS FRUIT CROP.

Sandoval, Ill., April. From the report of express companies at this station we find that there were shipped from here during the past season 107,472 boxes of peaches, which yielded the shippers the handsome profit of $1,65 per box, making $188,076 brought into circulation as net proceeds of our peaches. Pretty good, is it not? M. B.

TO MAKE PAPER TRANSPARENT.

Dissolve some resin in spirits of wine. Dip into it a camel's hair brush, and with it go over as much of the paper as you wish to make transparent, doing it on both sides. A colored drawing or engraving may be made by this application transparent in those parts where moonlight or fire-light is intended to be very bright. Afterwards, they can only be seen to advantage with a light behind them. The same application is used for transparencies painted on linen or thick muslin stretched on a frame.

CINNAMON CAKES.

Beat up six eggs with three tablespoonsful of rose water, put to it a pound of sifted sugar, a desert spoonful of powdered cinnamon, and enough flour to form it into a paste; roll it out thin, and cut it into any shape you please, place them on paper and bake them. Remove them from the paper when done, and keep dry.

HOW TO MAKE EGG BALLS.

Boil four eggs hard, take out the olks and pound them, add to them a few bread crumbs and pepper and salt, and the yolk of one raw egg; mix them all well together, take them out, and with flour on your hands roll them into balls; boil them for two minutes.

POTATO PUDDING.

One pound of potatoes boiled and well mashed, quarter pound butter stirred in whilst warm, two ounces sugar, the rind of half a lemon chopped fine, wish the juice, a teacupful of milk, butter a tin, put in the mixture, and bake in a moderate oven for half an hour. An addition of two eggs can be made if desired.

SARATOGA, OR FRENCH ROLLS.

Boil one pint milk, cut up two ounces of butter into it, add a little salt; when tepid, sift in one pound of flour, one egg beaten, one tablespoonful of yeast; beat these well together; when risen, form into roll, with as little handling as possible, and bake in a brisk oven.

GOOD BISCUIT.

Two teaspoonfuls of cream tartar, one of soda, half teaspoonful salt, rubbed fine and well mixed with one quart of flour. Rub in a piece of butter the size of an egg, mix up soft with thick sour milk or butter milk, and bake quickly.

VIRGINIA CORN DODGERS.

Take three pints of unsifted yellow corn meal, one tablespoonful of lard, and one pint of milk; work all well together, and bake in cakes the size of the hand, and an inch thick. To be eaten hot, with butter, molasses, or both, as may be preferred.

CREAM PIE.

Half pound of butter, four eggs, sugar, salt and nutmeg to your taste, and two table-spoonfuls of arrow root wet, pour on it a quart of boiling milk, and stir the whole together. To be baked in deep dishes.

HOW TO KEEP KETTLES FROM CRUSTING INSIDE.

Keep an oyster shell in your tea kettle, and it will prevent the formation of a crust on the inside of it, by attracting the stony particles to itself. Try it.

TO TAKE RUST OUT OF STEEL.

Cover the steel with oil well rubbed on. In forty-eight hours rub with finely powdered unslacked lime until the rust disappears.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *Black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ap8:1y

☞ MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

—An Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the Disease and Abuses which create impediments to Marriage, with safe means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Penn's. jan8 1m*

REGISTER'S OFFICE,

Pittsburgh, May 1st, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following Accounts of Executors, Administrators, Guardians, &c., have been duly passed in the Register's Office, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, June 1st, 1868:

No. 1. Account of Samuel Dickson, Executor of John Dickson, dec'd. Filed Feb. 3d, 1868.

No. 2. Final account of John Hickman, Executor of John Morgan, dec'd. Filed Feb. 4th, 1868.

No. 3. Final account of Michael Wagner, Administrator of John Wagner, dec'd. Filed Feb. 4th, 1868.

No. 4. First and final account of John Watson, Administrator of James Watson, dec'd. Filed Feb. 5th, 1868.

No. 5. Final account of Krisinda Waldoogle, Administratrix of Andreas Waldoogle, dec'd. Filed Feb. 8th, 1868.

No. 6. Final account of A. B. Stevenson, Administrator of George Welgand, dec'd. Filed Feb. 11th, 1868.

No. 7. Account of March Hummings, Administrator of W. W. Dickson, dec'd. Filed Feb. 12th, 1868.

No. 8. First and partial account of Oliver B. Jones, Administrator of George B. Jones, dec'd. Filed Sept. 7th, 1867.

No. 9. Account of Geo. B. Neely and Jeremiah Meek, Executors of Nathaniel Neely, dec'd. Filed Feb. 19th, 1868.

No. 10. Account of Eliza G. Wallingford, Administratrix of Alexander M. Wallingford, dec'd. Filed Feb. 20th, 1868.

No. 11. Account of Mrs. A. M. Derkhiem, Administratrix of James B. Irwin, dec'd. Filed Feb. 20th, 1868.

No. 12. First and final account of Hugh M. Scott, Administrator of Joseph Scott, dec'd. Filed Feb. 21st, 1868.

No. 13. Final account of James H. Vanvoorhis, Trustee of David Wilson, dec'd. Filed Feb. 22d, 1868.

No. 14. Final account of William Thaw, Guardian of Eliza, William, Benjamin, Mary and Alexander B. Thaw, minor children of Eliza Thaw, dec'd. Filed Feb. 27th, 1868.

No. 15. Account of Julia Ann Schoeffin, Executor of Charles Schoeffin, dec'd. Filed Feb. 27th, 1868.

No. 16. Account of G. O. Fawcett, Administrator of Dennis Clark, dec'd. Filed Feb. 29th, 1868.

No. 17. Account of Thomas McKee, Guardian of George Mates, minor son of Mary Mates, dec'd. Filed March 4th, 1868.

No. 18. Final account of Thomas McGahey, Guardian of James B. Linhart, minor son of Abraham Linhart, dec'd. Filed March 5th, 1868.

No. 19. Final account of Thomas McGahey, Guardian of Alex. M. Linhart, minor son of Abraham Linhart, dec'd. Filed March 5th, 1868.

No. 20. Account of Joseph Ross and Isaac Mills, Executors of Letitia Denniston, dec'd. Filed March 6th, 1868.

No. 21. Account of Jacob Stouffer, Administrator of Mary Stoffer, dec'd. Filed March 6th, 1868.

No. 22. First Account of Otis Brown, Administrator of Edward H. Adams, dec'd. Filed March 6th, 1868.

No. 23. Account of Robert H. Marshall, Guardian of Henry S., Abbott L., Marshall H. and Frank G. McGeary, minor heirs of Henry McGeary, dec'd. Filed March 7th, 1868.

No. 24. First and partial account of John F. Devlin, Administrator of Peter D. Devlin, dec'd. Filed March 7th, 1868.

No. 25. First and final account of David Brubaek, Executor of G. Paul Dietrich, dec'd. Filed March 9th, 1868.

No. 26. Account of Robert Grierson, Administrator of Isabella Meikle, dec'd. Filed March 10th, 1868.

No. 39. Account of William Means, acting Executor of Samuel Means, dec'd. Filed March 13th, 1868.

No. 28. Final account of Samuel Scott and J. J. McCurdy, Executors of Priscilla Phillips, dec'd. Filed March 14th, 1868.

No. 29. Account of Joseph Siebert and Christian Siebert, Administrators of Charles Siebert, dec'd. Filed March 14th, 1868.

No. 30. Final account of Henry R. Chalfant, Guardian of Stewart Sampson, minor son of David Sampson, dec'd., Filed March 14th, 1868.

No. 31. Account of John Torrence, Executor of David Torrence, dec'd. Filed March 18th, 1868.

No. 32. Final account of John Conrad, Jr., Guardian of Mary E. Kim, minor child of Anthony Kim, dec'd. Filed March 20th, 1868.

No. 33. Account of Matthew McGregor, Administrator of James McGregor, dec'd. Filed April 3d, 1868.

No. 34. First and final account of D. S. Campbell, Guardian of David B Morrison. Filed March 24th, 1868.

No. 35. Final account of C. W. Robb, Esq., and Joseph O'Brine, Executors of Emma S. McGowin, dec'd. Filed March 24th, 1868.

No. 36. Final account of Robert Clugston and W. W. Ward, Executors of Sarah Simpson, dec'd. Filed March 25th, 1868.

No. 37. First and final account of Annie Glyde, Administrator of John Glyde, dec'd. Filed March 26th, 1868.

No. 38. Final account of Joseph H. Hill, Guardian of Robert C. and John A. Moore, minor children of Robert Moore, dec'd. Filed March 26th, 1868.

No. 39. Final account of Samuel Scott, Administrator of John Manown, dec'd. Filed March 26th, 1868.

No. 40. First and Final account of Francis G. Bailey, Administrator of Mary Ann Bailey, dec'd. Filed March 30th, 1868.

No. 41. Account of William and Hugh McCutcheon, Administrators of James McCutcheon, dec'd. Filed March 30, 1868.

No. 42. First and final account of John Ewer and Isabella Duff, Administrators of Hugh Duff, dec'd. Filed March 31st, 1868.

No. 43. First and final account of Mary Hennon, Administratrix of James Hennon, dec'd. Filed March 31, 1868.

No. 44. Final account of John J. Herrmann, Administrator of James Heaney, dec d. Filed April 2d, 1868.

No. 45. Account of John Brown and A. Clendening, Executors of Andrew Hare, dec'd. Filed April 2d, 1868.

No. 46. Fourth accobnt of N. B. Hogg, Executors of Elizabeth E. H. Bissell, dec'd. Filed April 4th, 1868.

No. 47. Final account of Moses L. Curry, Guardian of Joseph E. Mehaffey, minor son of Joseph Mehaffey, dec'd. Filed April 6th, 1868.

No. 48. Account of Stephen Applegate, Guardian of the minor children of Gideon Wall, dec'd. Filed April 7th, 1868.

No. 49. Account of Zavier Wollinger, Guardian of Catharine, Carl, John and Anna Steadman, minor heirs of Hermia Steadman, dec'd. Filed April 7th, 1868.

No. 50. Second and final account of George McCague, Administrator of Robert Dunlap, dec'd. Filed April 8th, 1868.

No. 51. Final account of Wm. K. Nesbitt and J. H. McCabe, Executors of Eliza Nesbitt, dec'd. Filed April 8th, 1868.

No. 52. Final account of Emmanuel Haug, Administrator of Christian Schmidt, dec'd. Filed April 9th, 1868.

No. 53. Account of William Clayton, Executor of Eliza Brown, dec'd. Filed April 9th, 1868.

No. 54. Account of James Montooth, Guardian of Francis O'Hara, minor child of John McFarland, dec'd. Filed April 11th, 1868.

No. 55. Account of Adam Hess and George Hess, Administrators of William Hess, dec'd. Filed April 13th, 1868.

No. 56. First and partial account of A. B. Cook and John K. Cook, Administrator of John Cook, dec'd. Filed April 15th, 1868.

No. 57. Account of Christian Dillenbach, Administrator of Gottleib Mashey, dec'd. Filed April 15th, 1868.

No. 58. Second and final account of Macolm Hay, Esq., Administrator of Michael O'Hare, dec'd. Filed April 15th, 1868.

No. 59. Account of Clement B. Warren and Brisben Wall, Executors of Wm. Shrader, dec'd. Filed April 17th, 1868.

No. 60. Second account of Robert and Thomas Wightman, Executor of James Wightman, dec'd. Filed April 17th, 1868.

No. 61. Account of George Gross, Administrator of Charles Bozler, dec'd. Filed April 22d, 1868.

No. 62. First and final account of John Haworth, Administrator of Robert Morris, dec'd. Filed April 22d, 1868.

No. 63. Final account of John Martincourt, Guardian of Catharine Allen, minor child of John Welty, dec'd. Filed April 23d, 1868.

No. 64. Account of Samuel Dempter, Guardian of Julia and Nancy Vaughn, minor heirs of John Vaughn, dec'd. Filed April 23d, 1868.

No. 65. Account of James Robinson, Administrator of Wilkins H. Robinson, dec'd. Filed March 23d, 1868.

No. 66. Account of Thomas Varner, Executor of Dorcas McFadden, dec'd. Filed April 24th, 1868.

No. 67. Account of William J. Moorhead, Executor of Eliza A. Black, dec'd. Filed April 25th, 1868.

No. 68. Final account of Thomas McCance, Guardian of James and Daniel Dempsey, minor heirs of Daniel Dempsey, dec'd. Filed April 27th, 1868.

No. 69. Supplementary account of John F. Logan, Administrator *de bonis non cum testamento annexo* of Thomas Hartford, dec'd. Filed April 27th, 1868.

No. 70. Account of D. Thomas, Administrator of James M. Gallagher, dec'd. Filed April 28th, 1868.

No. 71. Final account of V. K. McElheny and John A. McElheny, executors of John McElheny, dec'd. Filed April 28th, 1868.

No. 72. Account of William Galbreath, surviving Executor of Samuel Galbreath, dec'd. Filed April 29th, 1868.

No. 73. Final account of William Shaum, Administrator of Lewis Shaum, dec'd. Filed April 29th, 1868.

No. 74. Final account of William Shaum, Administrator of Mary B. Shaum, dec'd. Filed April 29th, 1868.

No. 75. Final account of Thomas Rourke, Guardian of Daniel and Mary Ferris. Filed April 29th, 1868.

No. 76. Account of John Stewart, Guardian of George Bradley, minor son of Charles Bradley, dec'd. Filed April 29th, 1868.

No. 77. Account of John Stewart, Guardian of Charles Bradley, dec'd. Filed April 29th, 1868.

No. 78. Account of John Stewart, Guardian of Isabella Bradley, minor heir of Charles Bradley, dec'd. Filed April 29th, 1868.

No. 79. First and final account of Jackson Duncan, Administrator of Robert Hazlett, dec'd. Filed April 29th, 1868.

No. 80. Final account of Samuel Carnahan, Administrator of William Tomlinson, dec'd. Filed April 30th, 1868.

No. 81. Account of Zerah Hayden, Jr., and Nathan McGrew, Administrators of Zerah Hayden, Sr., dec'd. Filed April 30th, 1868.

No. 82. FOnal account of Daniel McGurk, Administrator of Rosanna McGurk, dec'd. Filed April 30th, 1868.

No. 83. Account of Henry T. Eggers, Administrator of F. Walther, dec'd. Filed April 30th, 1868.

No. 84. Account of J. A. Lippert, Administrator of Jacob Feurer, dec'd. Filed May 1st, 1868.

No. 85. First and final account of Rosina Deimling and Leonard Walter, Executors of George Deimling, dec'd. Filed May 1st, 1868.

No. 86. Final account of A. G. McQuade, Guardian of Anna, Mary, Catharine, Maggie, Peter, John, Albert, and Andrew Soellner, minor children of John Soellner, dec'd. Filed May 1st, 1868.

No. 87. First and final account of John A. McKee, Administrator of Andrew McKee, dec'd. Filed May 1st, 1868.

No. 88. Account of James McKelvy, Guardian of Charles Snowden, minor child of Samuel Snowden, dec'd. Filed May 1st, 1868.

No. 89. Final account of George Miller, Administrator of John Kisick, dec'd. Filed May 1st, 1868.

No. 90. Account of William A. Shaw, Executor of Martha Shaw, dec'd. Filed May 1st, 1868.

No. 91. Account of M. Nelson, Esq., Trustee in the estate of Uriah Stewart, dec'd. Filed May 2d, 1868.

No. 92. Partial account of John G. Creese, Administrator *de bonis non cum testamento annexo* of John Creese, dec'd. Filed May 2d, 1868.

JOSEPH M. GRAY,
Register.

may4—d 11—W2t 20

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

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STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS

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FOR SALE & TO LET.--Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire

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Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street, and 49, 51 and 53 Lacock Street, Allegheny.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENNSYLVANIA, ss. At Pittsburgh, Pa., April 11th, A. D. 1868.

To whom it may concern. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JOHN SPEAR, of Allegheny City, in the County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

JAMES W. MURRAY, Assignee,
ap14:o&b-TU Attorney-at-Law, 116 Fifth street.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss.: At Pittsburgh, Pa. April 13th, A. D. 1868.

To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of GEORGE MEHAFFEY and JOHN GILBREATH, of Allegheny City, in the County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who have been adjudged Bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said District.

JAMES W. MURRAY, Assignee,
ap13:o&f:TU Attorney at Law, 116 Fifth st.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss: At Pittsburgh, Pa., April 11th, A. D. 1868.

To Whom it may Concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of William Rhodes, of the Borough of Sharpsburg, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

JAMES W. MURRAY, Assignee,
ap14:Tu:o&8 Attorney at Law, 116 Fifth street.

LEGAL.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the Estate of LANCE APPLEBY, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons being indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will please make known their demands immediately.

CATHARINE APPLEBY,
ap28:p27-TU Administratrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration to the Estate of WILLIAM L. HARPER, late of Allegheny City, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated for settlement, to

JOSEPH LOVE,
ap28:p31-TU No. 289 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.

NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed executor and executrix under the last will and testament of BENJAMIN F. PETTIT, dec'd, would hereby give notice to all persons indebted to the said estate to make payment of the same to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against said estate will present the same for payment at the office of SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO., No. 315 Liberty street.

SPRINGER HARBAUGH, Executor,
ap13:o&b-TU MARGARET C. PETTIT, Executrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the Estate of JOHN S. FELL, deceased, late of the City of Pittsburgh, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will present them, duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted said estate will make payment in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pa.

DAVID DINES,
ap13:o28-TU Recorder's Office.

INSURANCE.

BEN FRANKLIN

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

Office in Franklin Savings Bank Buildings,

No. 43 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN.....President.
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Henry Irwin,	D. L. Patterson,	Henry Gerwig,
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Simon Drum,	J. B. Smith,	Jacob Rush,
W. M. Stewart,	Ch. P. Whiston,	Joseph Craig,
Jos. Lautner,	H. J. Zinkand,	Jeremiah Kohen.

ap10:o35

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,

OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Office, in ALLEGHENY TRUST COMPANY'S BUILDING.

FIRE INSURANCE ONLY.

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Jas. L. Graham,	Robt. Lea,	C. C. Boyle,
Jno. Brown, Jr.	Geo. Gerst,	Jacob Kopp.

mh25:n34

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.

Office, 82 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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Andrew Ackleu,	Phillip Reymer,
David M. Long,	Wm. Morrison,
D. Ihmsen.	no27

PENNSYLVANIA

INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH

OFFICE, 21 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

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ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
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INDEMNITY

AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA.

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CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
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W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*

J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mb29:w15

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

OFFICE, No. 37 EIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
JOHN D. McCORD, Vice President.
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DIRECTORS:

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A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks

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COAL AND COKE.

BEST FAMILY COAL

ALWAYS ON HAND

And Delivered Promptly to Order,

AT LOWEST MARKET RATES, BY

OSCAR F. LAMM & CO.,

Corner Sandusky Street and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.

ALLEGHENY CITY,

ANTHRACITE COAL FURNISHED AT THE LOWEST RATES. je6:

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND ELOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly. my25:b23

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

YOUGHIOGLENY AND CONNELLSVILLE COAL,

And Manufacturers of

COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.

Office and Yard—CORNER OF BUTLER AND MORTON STREETS. First yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth Ward, and on Second street, near Lock No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates. Orders left at any of their offices will receive prompt attention.

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Successors to
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MINERS, SHIPPERS AND DEALERS, BY RAILROAD AND RIVER, of superior Youghiogheny

GAS AND FAMILY COAL.

Office and Yard—FOOT OF TRY STREET, near the Gas Works.

SUPERIOR COAL.

C. CHERRY & CO.,

Miners and Shippers of PITTSBURGH GAS, FORGE and FAMILY COAL, NUT COAL and SLACK.

Coal delivered promptly to all parts of the cities at the lowest market rates.

Office and Yard—CORNER FOURTH

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE FREYVOGLE CASE.

Coroner's Inquest—The Mystery Connected With His Death Still Unexplained—The Inquest Continued.

The jury impannelled by Coroner Clawson to inquire into the manner and cause of the death of Anthony Freyvogle, whose body was found Friday afternoon, an account of which we published in the GAZETTE of yesterday, met at the Mayor's office yesterday at ten o'clock A. M. to perform that duty, when the following testimony was adduced:

Jacob Lashell sworn—On Friday afternoon at about four o'clock, John Hughes was pumping a barge at my landing. My son and myself were planting potatoes near by, and Hughes called to us that a drowned man was floating in the water, and we came down. The body landed by the barges. We got a pole and pulled him ashore; got a line and tied him up. Came across to Sewickley depot, and wrote to the Mayor to send the Coroner down. The Coroner came on Saturday morning. The body was not moved or turned over, or anything taken from it until the Coroner came. No pocket-book was found upon him. All that was found was those things reported. (He then enumerated the articles mentioned yesterday and a gold ring found on a finger of deceased; witness identified the articles mentioned.)

Dr. A. C. Murdock, sworn—Made a post mortem examination of the head of the deceased and found no injuries to the skull. The wound in the flesh were probably made by contact with hard substances in the water. Found no injuries on the head or body that would have caused death, or that indicated that death was caused by anything else than drowning. The marks were probably made after death and after decomposition had commenced. Had they been made before death they would not have caused death.

Xavier Walz, sworn—Saw Mr. Freyvogle on the evening of January 21, at about six o'clock, in my house. He came in company with Casper Lutey, a milkman. Casper left the house in about ten minutes. Freyvogle sat about three-quarters of an hour, when he came to the bar and said he "had better go home." I said "I had better go with you. For the first time in my life I [illegible] and way used to let I did. I went out with him and he walked first rate. He was pretty drunk, but he only took a half a glass of beer in my house. Watched him walk away towards home. Did not see Lutey again that night. Never saw Freyvogle afterwards. Never saw him as drunk before, and he walked all right that time. Did not see anybody afterwards who had seen him.

Frederick Schaum, sworn.—Had a slight acquaintance with Mr. Freyvogle. On the 21st of January he came to our house, the Live Oak Hotel, No. 62 Fourth street, late in the afternoon, and staid until supper time. He was with Casper Lutey, and they went out together. I gathered from what they said that Lutey owed Freyvogle some money. They drank some in my house, but I saw no effects on Freyvogle. He walked all right. Did not notice anything peculiar about him. He did not seem to be drunk. They left a little before six. Did not see Freyvogle afterwards at all. Did not see Lutey again that night. Afterward he told me that he had left Freyvogle at Waltz's. He wanted to go home with him but he would not let him. Lutey said he staid at Ben. Trimble's that night.

Nathan Bernhardt, sworn—Was acquainted with deceased. Saw him last at the Live Oak Hotel, on the night mentioned. He was with Lutey. Lutey said he owed Freyvogle some money, and borrowed five or six dollars, which he paid Mr. F. Mr. Freyvogle then called for the drinks, which were furnished. Did not see whether Freyvogle put the money in a pocket-book or not. Did not notice anything peculiar about Freyvogle except that he was intoxicated. Never saw him so before. Thought I saw him afterwards at the Live Oak, after the performance of "Undine," but am not positive. This was before the eleven o'clock car started. Thought afterwards that he had gone to McKeesport with Lutey.

Wm. Neelis, sworn—Was not acquainted with the deceased. Between eight and nine o'clock of the night mentioned I was going through Pipetown, and on passing the Birmingham bridge I heard a man hallo in a suppressed voice. Listened, and heard it again. Heard it three times. The calls were like groans—long drawn out. Then I thought I heard a splash in the water, but am not sure. Did not go down, for I was alone and was afraid. The sound appeared to be on the shore and came from near a flat boat up the river. Did not see anybody. Could not tell whether there was any struggle or not; went by there the next morning, but saw only tracks in the snow. There was no ice outside the barge. Told the affair to some parties the next day before I heard that Freyvogle was missing.

Henry A. Freyvogle, sworn—Two men named Hay and Willard came to me pretending to be detectives, and offered to bring Freyvogle to me if they were paid $500; afterwards said they would bring him alive. I assured them they should have the money when they brought him. They went away and came back in about a week, and stated that a dispatch had been received which left them in doubt. They went away again and in about ten days came back, and stated that they knew he was alive; as one of their agents had talked with him. They demanded of me an article of agreement to pay them $500 if they would bring him alive. The article was made out and given to them. They said they would want about thirty days to bring him. They also wanted me to have a warrant issued for his arrest, as he might not want to come home. Since then I have never seen them. They stated that they had business relations with Allen Pinkerton, and had opened a private detective office here.

At this point the jury adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock this morning at the same place. There is nothing in the testimony so far that gives any explanation of his sudden and mysterious disappearance from his home and friends. We will give to-day's proceedings in our next.

State Sunday School Convention.

The Fourth Annual Convention of the Sabbath Schools of Pennsylvania will be held in connection with the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association, in the Second Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, June 2d, 3d and 4th, the opening exercises being on Tuesday, (2d,) at 11 o'clock a. m.

"It is earnestly desired that the schools throughout the State shall be well represented. Entertainment will be provided for all who will attend. Within the last year the Sunday School work in the State has assumed decidedly new features, and a marked improvement is visible in its conduct. County Conventions and Institutes have been held in greater numbers and with greater efficiency than before, and the indications for the coming year promise better results than have yet been attained. Let us come prepared to carry on the work on a scale worthy of its importance. Let us place the State Association in a condition to carry its work into every county, and increase its efficiency by organizing county associations and holding institutes in all parts of the State which it has not yet been able to reach.

Let each Sunday School in the State send one delegate. Delegates will please to report by mail to Oliver McClintock, Esq., Pittsburgh, Chairman of the Committee on Entertainment, not later than May 25th, in order to insure being furnished with accommodations.

S. F. Scovel, President; John Douglas, D. D., Corresponding Secretary; William H. Locke, Recording Secretary of Allegheny S. S. Association.

Matthew Newkirk, President; Alfred Taylor, Secretary of Pennsylvania S. S. Association."

THE COURTS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

The May Term of this Court commenced on Monday forenoon at eleven o'clock. The names of the grand jurors were called over and some fourteen answered. There being no quorum present those in attendance were discharged until Tuesday morning, when, if sixteen or more respond, the Court will deliver the usual charge. Of the traverse jurors summoned thirty-two answered.

G. W. Gillespie, James Richardson, William Shore, James Sharp and William Logan were appointed tipstaves.

The following cases were fixed for trial at Williamsport: United States vs. Thirty-six barrels of whisky, claimed by Jessie B. Rank et al. United States vs. Distillery of Barber & Henderson. United States vs. Barber, Rank & Henderson.

The following were fixed for trial at Erie in July: United States vs. Forty-three barrels of whisky et al., owned by Ira G. Hatch. United States vs. 192 barrels of oil et alia, owned by M. R. Parsons & Co.

In the bankruptcy branch a petition was filed by Bently, Burton & Co., et al., of New York, against Messrs. Bryan & McGivern, of Erie, asking that they be adjudged bankrupts. The petitioners aver that the respondents are indebted to them in the sum of $1,726 50, for goods sold and delivered, and that said respondents have committed acts of bankruptcy in confessing judgments to different parties doing business in Erie, with a view of giving them preference over other creditors; and further that they suffered their property to be taken on legal process with the same intent. A rule to show cause why the petition should not be granted was allowed, and made returnable on the 19th instant.

Petitions for final discharge were filed by Reuben Fugley, of Northumberland county, Ephraim J. Hall, of Union county, and Jasper Slaymaker, of Juniata county.

In the case of Adam Coffel vs. Lippincott (No. 350), on motion of General R. Biddle Roberts, the petitioner was granted leave to withdraw petition on payment of costs.

Court then adjourned until Tuesday morning at ten o'clock.

BEFORE U. S. COMMISSIONER GAMBLE.

Paul Blaisi was before U. S. Commissioner Gamble on a charge of being engaged in the illicit distilling of whisky. The information was made some time since, it being alleged that the accused was member of the firm of Fugli & Co., whose establishment, at Second street and Madison avenue, Third ward, Allegheny, was seized by the Collector of the Twenty-third District. A still was found on the premises occupied by the defendant in Ross township, and evidence was adduced to show that whisky was first distilled by Caspar Fugli and afterwards by Henry Fugli, a relative of the former. The whisky distilled in Ross township was hauled to the vinegar establishment of Fugli & Co., and at that time Blaisi admitted he was in partnership with Caspar Fugli. It was also shown that the men engaged at the distillery boarded at Blaisi's house. The defendant was held to bail for trial in the sum of two thousand dollars.

Geo. Ute, a resident of Indiana township, also had a hearing before the Commissioner on a similar charge. The information was made by the Revenue Inspector of the Twenty-third district. The defendant admitted that he had a still in the cellar under his dwelling house, but asserts that he distilled exclusively for his own use. He was required to give bail in the sum of one thousand dollars for his appearance to answer at Court.

Common Pleas—Judge Stowe.

Frederick Elk vs. Bobert Ireland and John Turner. This was an action to recover eight hundred dollars, alleged to be due from defendants in consequence of non-fulfillment of a contract made by parties to finish a house, and for whom defendants were sureties. Verdict for defendant.

A non-suit was entered in the case of Frazier & Bro. vs. Wesley Coulter and J. R. Anderson.

Also, in the case of A. McClelland, for use of J. L. Brown vs. Joseph Moore, at instance of plaintiff.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record, before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, May 2d, 1868:

Joseph Phillips to John Gibson, May 2, 1868, the undivided 5ths of a tract of land in Robinson township, containing 29 acres and 15-8 perches.....$3,162
Joseph Phillips, guardian of Amanda Phillips, May 2, 1868, the remaining 5th of the above tract of land.....$487
Joseph S. Morrison to Joseph B. Dorrington, April 27, 1868, tract of land in Allegheny City (late Reserve township,) 120 by 325 feet.....$2,500
Edwin Wassel et al. to Benjamin Crowther, April 30, 1868, four lots in McClure township, on Ohio avenue, Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6.....$2,500
Joseph McDermott to Edwin Wright Askin, April 27, 1868; lot No. 71 in Irwin's plan in Pitt township, on Grove street, 24 by 94 feet.....$250
Mansfield B. Brown to Joseph Kirkpatrick, Oct. 20, 1865, the undivided 5th of the East Liberty Mills, with the lot of ground on which they are situated, on Plum street, 74 by 135 feet.....$2,200
M. K. Moorhead to Wm. J. Moorhead, April 30, 1868, lot on Overhill street, 7th ward, Pittsburgh, 23 by 100 feet, with buildings.....$12,000
Sophia E. Way to Samuel Neely, Oct. 1, 1867, lot in Sewickley township, on Broad street, containing 1 acre and 22 perches.....$2,000
John C. Risher to William Giles, Nov. 5, 1867, tract of land in Mifflin township, containing 1 acre and 104 perches.....$412
John McGeyer to Lizzie McGeyer, April 22, 1868; lot on the Frankstown Road, East Liberty, 20 by 80 feet.....$500
Ann C. Arthurs to S. H. Hartman, April 23, 1868, lot on South Common to Middle alley, Allegheny, 30 by 100 feet, with buildings.....$12,000
George Breed's Executors to Joseph A. Hammel, October 3, 1864; lot on John street, Allegheny, 24 by 107 feet.....$500
George Breed to Joseph A. Hammel, January 13, 1865; lot on John street, Allegheny City, 24 by 145 feet.....$225
Wm. Smith to City of Pittsburgh, April 30, 1868; lot corner Bo rough street and Locust alley, Lawrenceville, 40 by 100 feet.....$2,500
George Breed's Executors to Joseph A. Hammel, October 7, 1865; irregular lot on John street, Allegheny.....$800
George Breed to Joseph A. Hammel, Oct. 8, 1862, irregular lot on John street, Allegheny.....$425
John Taggart to Sarah A. Hopkins, April 25, 1868; lot on Federal street, Allegheny, 21 by 96 feet.....$500
Alfred Harrison to Samuel P. Harper, April 15, 1868; lot in Liberty township, on Harrison street, 53 by 142 feet.....$650
James Irwin to Wm. H. Irwin, April 4, 1868; tract of land in Mifflin township, containing 7 acres and 130 perches.....$100
John C. Klein to Henry Kremmel, April 18, 1868; lot No. 35 in Brown's plan in Lower St. Clair township, 20 by 150 feet.....$300
Dr. J. W. McClabe to Wm. Kirk, April 25, 1868; tract of ground on Morton's Island, Neville township, containing 9 acres and 121 perches.....$2,926
Joseph Laurent, Trustee, to Michael Shade, April 16, 1868; lot No. 146 in the plan of "East Liberty Bauverin," on Run street, 23 feet front.....$150

City Missions.

The Board of City Missions of the Episcopal Church met on the 27th inst., Bishop Kerfoot in the chair. An interesting report was submitted by the Missionary, exhibiting in a flattering light the operations of the past six months in west Allegheny and Temperanceville. A lot has been secured for the erection of a church edifice in the Sixth ward, with partial subscriptions to pay for the building, which is intended to be completed only for present use, leaving the work of building a more elaborate structure to such time as the denomination may be able to meet the expense of it. The work of the Board is reported to be generally in a prosperous condition.

Still They Come.

The old saying that "misfortunes never come singly" is, it appears, being verified in the case of Charles Roesher. A few days since Charles was brought back from St. Louis, on a charge of larceny by bailee, to where, it appears, he fled with a quantity of his employers tobacco and cigars, the facts of which have been previously published. Before he returned an information was made before the Mayor charging him with defrauding his creditors, and yesterday another of the same nature was made before Alderman McMasters, and a commitment lodged against him.

The National Convention opposed to Secret Societies will meet this evening at Lafayette Hall. Distinguished speakers will be in attendance.

EDUCATIONAL.

Pittsburgh Church Guild—What it has Accomplished, &c.—Report of the Educational Committee of the Pittsburgh Church Guild.

The last regular report of this Committee was presented last November, just after the formation of the classes, for session of 1867-'68. This report will give the result of that session, just now closed.

It was decided by the Committee that the sessions should be six months in length, commencing October 1st, but owing to delay in preparing the new rooms the classes last winter did not begin until November 1st. From that time until April 1st, however, they have continued without cessation.

The following classes were formed for evening instructions by entirely competent gentlemen, who volunteered their services:

Arithmetic, Physical Science, Mechanical Drawing, Algebra, German, Descriptive Geometry, Commercial Forms, Anatomy and Physiology.

These classes, commencing at 7½ o'clock and closing at 9 o'clock, were free to all over fifteen years of age. The class in arithmetic became so large that it was found necessary to divide it into two classes, and J. H. Bailey, Esq., and Mr. F. D. Turner were added to the list of teachers. The particular method of instruction pursued in each class was modified by the age and advancement of the pupils, and by the character of the study taught. In some classes the text book was closely followed; in others, the instruction was communicated orally. "Davies' School Arithmetic," "Davies' Bourdon," "Warren's Descriptive Geometry," Wells' National Philosophy," and "Cutter's Anatomy and Physiology" were the text books used.

The number of pupils who have entered their names in the class books is two hundred and fifty (250); a far greater number than the Committee had dared to hope for. Of these one hundred and fifty-three remained until the close of the term. This is a greater percentage than the Committee has been able to find in any other institution of a similar character. In the report of the Cooper Institute, of New York, for 1864, the percentage of those who remained to the close of the term was 56 5-10, while the percentage in our case is 61 2-10.

The Cooper Institute, formed by the liberality of the philanthropist whose name it bears, is a beautiful structure in the very heart of the city, well arranged with convenient class rooms, gallery of art, laboratory, collection of models, cabinet of natural history, and abundance of apparatus for illustration, with well paid teachers of learning and experience. The Pittsburgh Church Guild is a poor institution, with teachers who receive nothing for their services, with no illustrations and no appliances of any kind, and very much cramped for room; surely it speaks well for the laboring class in Pittsburgh, when one hundred and fifty-three of their number have been sufficiently interested to attend courses of instruction for five months, notwithstanding the great disadvantages under which we labor.

Accompanying this report will be found several tables of statistics completed with care. Here is recorded the name of every one who has entered this department, his age, occupation and residence, as well as the studies he pursued. These statistics show that many of those attending came from Birmingham, Manchester, Saw Mill Run, Lawrenceville and East Liberty, and that, too, after their daily labors were ended. There are recorded forty-two occupations, as follows: Machinists, carpenters, pattern-makers, clerks, carriage-makers, blacksmiths, bricklayers, moulders, printers, painters, saddlers, jewelers, catchers, engineers, tenders, salesmen, cabinet-makers, glassblowers, telegraphers, millrights, boilermakers, draughtsmen, furnace men, druggists, oil gaugers, paper carriers, nailcutters, storekeepers, coffin-makers, stair-builders, laborers, steel-workers, plasterers, butchers, brass-finishers, bill-posters, grocers, messengers, coopers, soap and candle-makers—while five are in feed stores, and a dozen are still attending school. The oldest pupil is 49 years, the youngest 16. The average age being 20 years and 4 months. There are 102 under 21 years of age; 62 between 20 and 30; 5 between 30 and 40, and 2 between 40 and 50; 121 are pursuing one study only; 37 have two studies; 7 have three; 5 have four, and three have five. The committee desire to testify to the universal good order and respectful deportment of the pupils at all times, as well as the evident desire to profit by the instructions received.

The success of the educational department shown by the statistics, seems proof positive that a wide, and, ast yet, unoccupied field of philanthrophic labor is open to the Guild.

The last session has witnessed the young, the middle aged, and, I might almost add, the old men, flocking to our doors, after a day of toil to obtain instruction in those branches, which from their occupation or particular circumstances, they may consider the most important.

These persons studying in our class rooms and reading our papers and periodicals, will be placed under moral and religious influences, tending to develop their higher and noble nature, making them better and more intelligent workmen, citizens and christians.

Respectfully submitted,
B. C. JILLSON, Chairman.

We are informed that a fine Dispensary has been opened under the auspices of this society, and the first floor of the Guild building, 265 Penn street, is used for that purpose. The Reading Room, on the second floor, is free to all, and has been well patronized during the past year.

Good Templars—Officers Installed.

At a regular meeting of Arsenal Lodge No. 291, I. O. of G. T., held at their hall in Lawrenceville, on Friday evening, May 1st, the following officers were installed to serve the ensuing term:

W. C. T., W. G. Turney; W. V. T., Miss Lizzie Metcalf; W. S., James M. Bleakney; W. A. S., Miss Jennie M. Bleakney; W. T., Wm. Bauer; W. F. S., George Zeigler; W. M., Isaac Lindsey; W. D. M., Miss Willa Stroud; W. J. G., Miss Maggie Coulter; W. O. G., J. P. Stroud; W. R. H. S., Miss E. M. Mould; W. L. H. S., Miss Kate David; W. C., Isaac A. Willis; P. W. C. T., A. L. Stroud.

Thomas D. Keller was elected Lodge Deputy, and D. C. Bleakney Representative to the Grand Lodge. This lodge is in a flourishing condition, numbering at the present time one hundred and fifty members and increasing rapidly.

A Runaway.—A runaway horse attached to a bread wagon, owned by Patrick Clark, 66 Seventh stract, was brought to a very sudden stand yesterday morning just as he had got rightly under way for a fine run. The horse was being driven up Liberty street, and when opposite the St. James Hotel he took fright at a locomotive, and started up the street at a lively pace. He did not proceed far, however, until the boy who was driving succeeded in turning him, but it appeared could not get him checked. He then came down the street about the same rate of speed he had gone up it, until he arrived at the starting point when, in endeavoring to pass a team, the wagon struck a lamp post. The harness being strong he was brought to a halt. The wagon was slightly damaged.

Dissolution.—The old and reliable grocery and produce firm of Schomaker & Lang, was dissolved by mutual agreement on the 1st instant, Mr. William Schomaker retiring, having disposed of his interest to his partners, Messrs. John Watt and William F. Lang. The business will be conducted hereafter at the same place, under the firm name of Watt, Lang & Co. Mr. Schomaker is followed into retiracy by our best wishes, while we trust the remaining partners will receive full continuance of the generous share of patronage always conferred on this sterling representative house.

A New Firm in an Old House.

We are pleased to note the advent of young men into active business life, and especially where they give promise of infusing fresh life into certain lines of trade, and have the energy and capacity to go right straight ahead in their enterprise.

Yesterday we were agreeably surprised on finding two worthy and energetic young friends established in one of the oldest houses of the city—Messrs. Burns & Caughey, successors to Charles H. Super, retail druggists and perfumers, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets. Both of these gentlemen have had long and liberal business experience, and are in every way worthy the confidence of the community. Mr. Burns we regard as one of the most thorough and accurate druggists in this city, having graduated after long and creditable service from the representative house of Mr. Joseph Fleming, and as he will have charge of the drug details, patrons can depend upon finding at all times a fine stock on hand. The storeroom, one of the handsomest and best located in the city, has been elegantly refitted, and presents a model appearance. The firm have secured the services of thoroughly experienced clerks, who are well versed in the mysteries of pharmacology, and who will be in attendance day and night to attend to the careful filling and compounding of prescriptions. The drugs have all been purchased fresh from first hands in the Eastern markets, and embrace everything required for medicinal or other purposes. The firm deal in all the standard first class perfumes, colognes, toilet articles, fine soaps, leading patent medicines, &c. All of Burnett's standard goods will be found on their shelves. Our notice would not be complete did we fail to refer to the ice-cold soda water fount which has been placed in the store. It is one of the most complete and elegant in the city, and nowhere else can a more delicious draught of cold crystal sparkling soda water be obtained to quench the thirst and cool the blood. The syrups are all pressed from the fruit and are pure and delicious. We commend this new firm to the patronage of our readers and bespeak for them a full share of public patronage.

Killed on the Railroad.

An accident occurred on the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad at Braddock's Fields, about half-past one o'clock yesterday, which resulted in the death of Robert Sloss, a brakeman on the Pittsburgh coal train of Hagerman, Snyder & Co. The train passed Braddock's Station at 1:25 P. M., and a few minutes afterwards the body of the deceased, who had been on it, was found lying on the track horribly mutilated. The left arm was severed from the body at the shoulder, and the left side and leg were terribly lacerated, the flesh being torn from the bones. The body was removed to Mrs. McIntyre's boarding house, in the Second ward, where the deceased formerly boarded. The Coroner having been notified of the accident, went to Braddock's Fields to hold an inquest on the body, which, however, had been removed before he arrived there. An inquest will be held at 2 P. M. to-day. The deceased was a native of Ireland, 23 years of age and unmarried.

Bar Room Fight—One Man Seriously Injured.

Between eight and nine o'clock last night a difficulty occurred in Trimble's bar room, on Penn street, during which a man named Dean, from the Third ward, was seriously injured. He was struck several times on the head with a "handy billy," by a man whose name we were unable to learn. Officer McCandless arrested the man who struck him, but before he could get him out of the house, he alleges that Jacob Kennedy interfered and rescued the prisoner, who made his escape. Kennedy was arrested and taken to the lock-up for interfering with the officer, but depositing thirty dollars as security for his appearance this morning, he was released.

"Poor Married Man."

If there is one man in this great city more miserable than all others, that man must be David Watkins. We know nothing of David's character, but from undisputable facts, we might say "self-evident" facts, he is a mild, easy, good-natured creature (?), who would not harm anybody, or anybody's dog. David is in trouble, and it appears that his wife is the cause thereof. He came before Alderman Thomas yesterday, stated his grievances, and made information against his wife, Ellen, for surety of the peace. He alleges that Ellen threatened to take his life, burn his property and to do various other evil things. A warrant was issued for Mrs. Watkins.

Trimmings, and Where to Buy Them.

We call the attention of the public to the fresh stock of goods in Dresses, Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Embroideries, Laces, Gauze Merino and Silk Undergarments, for ladies and gents. Also a well selected stock of furnishing goods, Parasols, Sun Shades and Sun Umbrellas, and many other desirable goods, now opened by C. Wattley & Co., Allegheny. The public will find good goods at very low prices at the corner of Federal street and Stockton avenue.

Trover and Conversion.—Meritz Graffeller, a boy about fifteen years of age, has for some time past been in the employ of Fred. Ditman, a locksmith in Allegheny who, he alleges, used him badly, in consequence of which he left him. Ditman, he says, retained possession of his clothes, and refused to give them to him. He brought an action of trover and conversion against Ditman, who was brought to Alderman Taylor's office, where the proceedings were instituted, when the matter was compromised and the case dismissed.

False Pretence.—J. F. Higby made information before Alderman Thomas, yesterday, charging John King with obtaining coal under false pretence. He alleges that the accused obtained fifty bushels of coal valued at two dollars and fifty cents, from him, representing that it was for John Rowly, which he afterwards ascertained was false. King was arrested and held to bail for his appearance at court.

Ladies' Underclothing.—Bates & Bell, No. 21 Fifth street, dry goods dealers, make a speciality of ladies' underclothing of all styles and descriptions. These goods are in the cloak room, and in the exclusive charge of the ladies in keeping of that department. The firm have on hand a very fine assortment of general dry goods, to which they invite attention.

Concert.—The scholars of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church Sabbath School of Allegheny City will give at Excelsior Hall, on next Thursday and Friday evenings, a concert under the direction of Profs. Horner and Darling. The entertainment promises to prove very attractive.

Committed.—H. B. Lane, charged before Alderman McMasters, on oath of Rachel E. Lane, with abandonment, which we reported yesterday, had a hearing last evening, after which he was committed to jail in default of the required bail for his appearance at Court.

Lost.—A "note book," in the pocket of which were passes on the Pittsburgh & Birmingham and Citizen's Passenger Railways, and several other articles, of value to the owner only. Any person finding the same will confer a favor by leaving it at this office.

Held for Trial.—Samuel Glenn, charged on oath of Anna Young with larceny by bailee, had a hearing before Alderman McMasters yesterday, and was held to bail for trial, in default of which he was committed to jail.

Boots, Shoes and Carpets.

Messrs. Smithson, Vanhook & McClelland, of the mammoth auction house salesrooms, Nos. 55 and 57 Fifth street, have in store a very large stock of boots, shoes and gaiters of all the latest and most fashionable styles, which they offer at prices regardless of cost to wholesale and retail purchasers. These goods are superior, having been manufactured by the leading shoe houses of the country, and never were made to be sold at such sacrificing prices. The firm have also on hand a full supply of ingrain, hemp and rag carpets, which they also will dispose of at private sale at very reasonable prices. Their stock of dry goods is likewise inviting, and like the carpets and boots and shoes, will be sold regardless of cost. Readers need not be assured that the announcements of this house are *bona fide*, as the firm enjoys too high a reputation as business men to make any false reputation to induce public patronage.

Railway Accident Incident.

It is an actual fact that on a train of cars recently wrecked the only thing saved from damage and destruction was a large Saratoga trunk which, on close inspection, proved to contain the wardrobe of a newly married bride on her bridal tour. This trunk was examined closely, and need we say that it turned out to be one of Liebler's—everybody knows Joseph Liebler, the proprietor of the premium trunk factory, No. 104 Wood street—manufacture. It was made to stand rough handling, and it effectually accomplished that purpose. Liebler manufactures out of the best material, employs the best workmen and sells at the cheapest prices. He deals in all sorts of trunks, carpet sacks, valises, &c., &c. Give him a call for anything in his line.

At Wm. Semple's, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.
Dark Fast Colored Prints at 8c.
Light Prints at 12½c.
Yard wide Bleach Muslin at 12½c.
Heavy Unbleached Muslin at 12½c.
600 Sundowns at 62½c—a bargain.
Colored Kid Gloves at 75c.
White Corsets at 50c.
Colored Corsts at 50c.
At Wm. Sempie's, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

Choice Groceries.—The Diamond Front Grocery store of Messrs. McBride & George, Federal street, Allegheny, has recently been supplied with a very large and judiciously assorted stock of choice groceries, embracing teas, coffees, sugars, syrups, spices, canned and dried fruits, and all table and housekeeping goods. Wholesale dealers will find that they can purchase to decided advantage at this well managed house, while retail patrons are supplied with groceries at very reasonable prices. Call in and be convinced.

Trix for the breath,
The best breath perfume,
It is very fashionable,
All druggists sell Trix,
Try Trix, Buy Trix.
Wholesale agents for Trix: B. A. Fahnestock & Co., R. E. Sellers & Co., George A. Kelly, Reymer & Bros., Pittsburgh. R. A. Snodgrass, Allegheny.

Tender-lines.

Go to Holtzheimer's for a good meal.
The best restaurant in the city.
The most orderly and cleanly.
Meals served at all hours.
Green peas, green onions, green salad.
All the novelties of the market.
All the games and fish in season.
The bar supplied with best wines.
Best ales and beers always on tap.
Patronize Holtzheimer's Continenal.
Fifth street, next door Postoffice.

Parasols and Sun Umbrellas. An immense stock, all prices,
At Barker's.

Burnett'e Standard Cooking Extracts are carefully prepared from fruits and spices of the best quality, and challenge competition. Their universal success is based upon their merit. Reference is made to the principal Purveyors, Confectionaries and Hotels in the United States. TTS.

Aromatic Coffees.—At the old established tea mart of Joseph A. Robinson, No. 20 Fifth street, there has just been opened a very fine lot of freshly imported coffees of delicious aromatic brands, which housekeepers can obtain at very reasonable prices.

Fresh Teas.—Housekeepers will find at Joseph A. Robinson's old established tea mart, No. 20 Fifth street, a fresh and inviting stock of fresh teas of spring importation, warranted pure and free from any adulteration. The prices are very reasonable.

For any and everything in the line of trimmings, notions, straw goods, laces, embroideries and general furnishing goods, go to Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street, where a very excellent collection is offered at most reasonable prices.

Pure spices and groceries, syrups, sugars, canned fruits, table sauces and condiments, toilet soaps, dried fruits, &c., at very reasonable prices, at the old established tea mart of Joseph A. Robinson, No. 20 Fifth street.

All the novelties in straw goods, bonnets, frames, flowers and trimmings at W. W. Moorhead's No 81 Market street, at reasonable prices.

New Spring and Summer Shawls,
Just opened,
At Barker's.

Elegant laces and embroideries at W. W. Moorhead's fashionable retail trimming store, No. 81 Market street, at reasonable prices.

Real Balbriggan Hosiery,
At Barker's.

Patent Force Pumps put down anywhere ordered, at reasonable prices by T. T. Ewens, No. 165 Wood street.

The Great Sale of Dress goods, at Barker's.

Plumbing work of all description attended to promptly by T. T. Ewens, No. 165 Wood street.

The Great Sale of Dress Goods, at Barker's.

Gas Fitting of all kinds attended to promptly at reasonable prices by T. T. Ewens, No. 165 Wood street.

Patent Beer and Ale Pumps on hand at T. T. Ewens, No. 165 Wood street.

Steam Fitting properly and promptly attended to by T. T. Ewens, No. 165 Wood street.

The Great Sale of Dress Goods, at Barker's.

New designs in ribbons at W. W. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street, at reasonable prices.

Dress trimmings and novelties, new styles, received daily at W. W. Moorhead's fashionable trimming notion house, No. 81 Market street, at reasonable prices.

Ladies' furnishing goods at W. W Moorhead's No. 81 Market street, embracing all the latest styles at very reasonable prices.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at D. R. Ecker's, 167 First street.

Marble and Slate Mantles and Encaustic Tile for floors and halls, at D. R. Ecker's, 167 First street.

Gentlemen's furnishing goods of all the latest styles, at W. W. Moorheads, No. 81 Market street, at reasonable prices.

A Splendid Residence For Sale.—The elegant residence in Allegheny city, corner of Western avenue and Bidwell street (lately owned and occupied by J. P. Lyon, Esq.,) is offered for sale in our advertising columns. Of the many fine mansions in Allegheny, this is one of the choicest, and we doubt not will be eagerly sought for.

Apply to Geo. H. Holtzman, 146 Wood street, for terms, &c.

Corsets,
French and American,
At Barker's.

AN old gentleman, some weeks ago, on a Western railroad, had two ladies, sisters, for companions. The younger, an invalid, soon fell asleep, and the old gentleman expressed his regret at seeing so charming a young lady in ill health. "Ah! yes, indeed," sighed the elder sister, "a disease of the heart." "Dear me," was the sympathetic response, "at her age! Ossification, perhaps?" "Oh, no, sir—an ossifer, a lieutenant!"

Foreign Markets by Cable.

LIVERPOOL, May 4.—*Evening.*—Cotton firm; sales of 15,000 bales, with a brisk business to arrive; last sales at 13d for Middling Uplands; closing quotations on spot, Uplands, 12⅝s.; Orleans, 12⅞s. Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Corn, 37s. 6d. Wheat, 16s. 1d. for California white, and 14s. 5d for No 2 red western. Barley, 5s. 1d. Oats, 4s. 1d. Peas, 48s. 6d. Flour, 37s. Provisions dull but steady. Beef, 115s. Pork, 83s. Lard firm at 68s. Cheese, 52s. Bacon, 50s. Produce—Tallow, 45s. Cloverseed, 44s. for American. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 1d. Spirits do, 9d.

LONDON, May 4.—*Evening.*—Sugar, 27s. Linseed Oil, 36s. Linseed Cakes, 10 pounds, 10s.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, May 4.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull; sales 4 cars No 1 Milwaukee club at $2,39. Corn firm; sales 35,000 bush at 97a98c. Oats advanced; sales 63,000 buh western at 75a75½c; also sales 25,000 bush do to arrive at 77a78c at the close. Barley dull. Seeds very dull and unchanged. Mess Pork and Lard unchanged. Freights quiet at 12c for corn to New York. Receipts—wheat, 23,000 bush; corn, 40,000 bush; flour, 1,000 bbls. In store—wheat, 72,000 bush; oats, 6,000 bush; barley, 4,000 bush.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, May 2.—Sugar and Molasses nominally unchanged. Flour firm and unchanged. Corn firm at $1,03a1,07½. Oats firm, 75a78c. Hay firm and unchanged. Bacon quiet, Shoulders 14½c; Clear Sides at 18½c. Lard held at 20c for tierce and 21c keg. Pork active, at $29,75a30,00. Cotton firmer, holders ask an advance on Middling to 31½c; sales 1,200; receipts, 1,070; exports, 1,407. New York Bank Exchange ½ per cent premium; Sterling Bank Exchange, $1,54a1,54½; Gold, 39¾a40c.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, May 4.—Cotton firm and more active; middling 31½a32c; sales of 2,500 bales; receipts 802; exports 110.

DIED:

FUHRER—On the 3d inst., at 7 o'clock A. M., FRANCIS FUHRER, in the 17th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his mother, Ewalt street, Lawrenceville, on TUESDAY MORNING, May 5th, at 8½ o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SCHWARTZ—On Sunday evening, May 3d, 1868, JACOB L. SCHWARTZ, in the 52d year of his age.

Notice of funeral in *Chronicle* of Tuesday evening.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Waluut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, and No. 80 DIAMOND SQUARE, (by John Wilson & Bros.,) keeps always on hands the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnut and imitation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Coffins $20 upwards, all other Coffins in proportion. Carriages and Hearses furnished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Plate and Engraving furnished gratis. Office open day and night.

SPECTACLES,
WARRANTED TO
IMPROVE THE SIGHT,
AT
DUNSEATH & HASLETT'S,
JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,
65 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

NEW SPRING GOODS,
Adapted to a FIRST CLASS MERCHANT TAILORING TRADE,
JUST OPENED, AT
HENRY G. HALE'S,
Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets.
ONLY $10,
**FOR A GOOD SET OF TE